



ARAB REPUBLIC OF EGYPT
Ministry of Finance

The Financial Monthly

THE MONTHLY STATISTICAL PUBLICATION OF THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE

Prepared by:
Hany Kadry Dimian
First Deputy Minister

Sara Eid
Senior Economist - Chief Editor

Loujaina El-Sayed	Economist
Nadine Fahmy	Economist
Hazem Mahmoud	Economist
Karam Rasmy	Layout
Mahmoud Soliman	Layout

Ministry of Finance Towers
Extension of Ramsis Street
Cairo, Egypt

TO SUBSCRIBE:

Please send attached leaflet to address or fax number below, or download form from our website at **www.mof.gov.eg** and click send. For questions and information please send a **FAX** to **+(202) 26861561-**, or **E-MAIL** to **FM@mof.gov.eg**

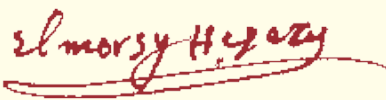
FOREWORD

Egypt is undergoing a critical transition phase, one that is unprecedented in its recent history. Undoubtedly, tremendous changes are taking place on all political, economic and social facets in this country. With this change comes along great aspirations for a modern democratic state, founded on greater public freedoms, active citizen's participation in the decision making process.

Indeed, setting up such an interactive decision making process essentially hinges on robust disclosure and transparency framework, where everyone is entitled to timely and reliable information that enables informed participation and accountability. It is from this perspective that the Ministry of Finance continues on its leading role to bring at the disposal of the different political, economic, social circles in the society a coherent set of economic data and indicators on the Egyptian economy to help enhance a broader, a better informed participation in the decision making process.

Finally, it is my pleasure to receive your feedback and suggestions on the email address indicated in this report.

Minister of Finance



El-Morsy El-Sayed Hegazy

TABLE OF CONTENTS

List of Tables	vii-viii
List of Figures	ix
Acronyms	x
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	XI - XIII
<hr/>	
SECTION I GENERAL ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL OUTLOOK	1 -7
<hr/>	
SECTION 2 REAL SECTOR INDICATORS	11 -13
<hr/>	
SECTION 3 DOMESTIC PRICES	17 -21
<hr/>	
SECTION 4 FISCAL SECTOR	25 -32
<hr/>	
SECTION 5 GOVERNMENT DEBT & DEBT PROFILE	35 -42
<hr/>	
SECTION 6 MONETARY SECTOR	45 -52
<hr/>	
SECTION 7 FINANCIAL SECTOR AND INVESTMENTS	55 -61
<hr/>	
SECTION 8 EXTERNAL SECTOR	65 -73
<hr/>	
SECTION 9 COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS	77 - 79

LIST OF TABLES

SECTION 1: GENERAL ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL OUTLOOK	I -7
A. Real Sector (Current Prices)	1
B. Real Sector Indicators and Sources of Growth	1
C. Population and Employment	2
D. Domestic Prices (Period averages)	2
E. Fiscal Sector	3
F. Summary of Public Domestic Debt (in US\$ million, End of Period stock)	4
G. Gross External Debt (in US \$ million, End of Period stock)	4
H. Government Debt Service (LE million, Flows)	4
I. Monetary Sector (end of period)	5
J. Investment and Financial Sector	6
K. External Sector	7
SECTION 2: REAL SECTOR INDICATORS	11 -13
Table (1) Gross Domestic Product at Market Prices (Current Prices)	11
Table (2) Gross Domestic Product by Sector at Factor Cost (Current Prices)	12
Table (3) Distribution of Total Investments by Economic Agents and Production Indices for Main Economic Sectors	13
SECTION 3: DOMESTIC PRICES	17 -21
Table (4) Annual Inflation In Domestic Price Indices (Summary Profile)	17
Table (5) Inflation in Consumer Prices (Percent Change)	18
Table (6) Inflation in Producer Prices According to Economic Activity Classification (Percent Change)	19
Table (7) Inflation in Producer Prices According to End use Classification	20
Table (8) Inflation in Producer Prices According to Stage of Processing Classification	20
Table (9) Exchange Rates	21
SECTION 4: FISCAL SECTOR	25 -32
Table (10) Summary of Government Fiscal Operations	25
Table (11) Budget Sector: Summary of Main Budget Operations	26 -27
Table (12-a): Revenues Breakdown (Main Tax Revenues)	28
Table (12-b): Revenues Breakdown (Non-Tax Revenues)	29
Table (13) Receipts by Customs Authority	30
Table (14) Expenditures Breakdown	31 - 32
SECTION 5: GOVERNMENT DEBT & DEBT PROFILE	35 -42
Table (15) Summary of Public Domestic Debt	35
Table (16) Budget Sector Domestic Debt	36
Table (17) General Government Domestic Debt	37
Table (18) Domestic Public Debt	38
Table (19) Gross External Debt	39
Table (20) Debt Service Profile	40
Table (21) Government Securities Issuances	41
Table (22) Government Securities Quarterly Issuances Calendar	41
Table (23) Yield to Maturity (YTM) on Government Bonds	42

LIST OF TABLES (CONTINUED)

SECTION 6: MONETARY SECTOR	45- 52
Table (24) Developments in Main Monetary Aggregates	45
Table (25) Monetary Survey	46 -47
Table (26) Central Bank Reserve Money	48
Table (27) Deposits With Banks	49
Table (28) Credit Provided By Banks	50
Table (29) Domestic Interest Rates	51
Table (30) Average Interbank Rates	52
SECTION 7: FINANCIAL SECTOR & INVESTMENT	55 -61
Table (31) Capital Market Main Indicators	55
Table (32) Recent Acquisitions in the Egyptian Market	56
Table (33) Main Privatized and - or Liquidated Companies	57
Table (33- continued) Privatization Proceeds	57
Table (34) Performance of Emerging Markets IFCG Indices	58
Table (35) Distribution of Outstanding Treasury Bills by Holder	59
Table (36) Securities Held by Banks	60
Table (37) Net Foreign Direct Investments By Countries	61
SECTION 8: EXTERNAL SECTOR	65 -73
Table (38) Balance of Payments - Current Account (Annual Profile)	65
Table (39) Balance of Payments (cont'd) - Capital Account (Annual Profile)	66
Table (40) Balance of Payments - Current Account (Quarterly Profile)	67
Table (41) Balance of Payments (cont'd) - Capital Account (Quarterly Profile)	68
Table (42) External Sector Indicators	69
Table (43) International Trade Data :Trade Balance (United Nations Classification)	70
Table (44) International Trade Data : Exports (United Nations Classification)	71
Table (45) International Trade Data : Imports (United Nations Classification)	72
Table (46) Oil Exports Breakdown	73
Table (47) Tourism Indicators	73
Table (48) Suez Canal Indicators	73
Table (49) Exports by Geographical Distribution	73
SECTION 9: COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS	77 -79
Table (50) Comparative Analysis with Peer Country Groups	77 -78
Table (51) Comparative Performance of the Egyption Stock Market	79

LIST OF FIGURES

SECTION 1: GENERAL ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL OUTLOOK

Fig (1) Annual GDP and Sectoral Sources of Growth	1
Fig (2) Domestic Inflation and Contributing Factors (end of period)	2
Fig (3) Budget Section Main Fiscal Indicators (percent of GDP)	3
Fig (4) Total Government Debt (Domestic and External)	4
Fig (5) Liquidity Growth (Annual Percent Change)	5

SECTION 2: REAL SECTOR INDICATORS

Fig (6) GDP Real Growth	11
-------------------------	----

SECTION 3: DOMESTIC PRICES

Fig (7) Annual Inflation Rates	17
Fig (8) Developments in LE/ US\$ Exchange Rate	21

SECTION 4: FISCAL SECTOR INDICATORS

Fig (9) Selected Budget Analysis Indicators	26
Fig (10) Debt Service Indicators – Budget Sector (percent of GDP)	27
Fig (11) Breakdown of Tax Revenue	28
Fig (12) Customs Revenues Analysis	31
Fig (13) Functional Classification of Public Expenditures	32

SECTION 5: GOVERNMENT DEBT & DEBT PROFILE

Fig (14) Return on Government Securities	42
---	----

SECTION 6: MONETARY SECTOR

Fig (15) Selected Monetary Indicators	45
Fig (16) Money and Quasi Money	47
Fig (17) Dollarization Ratios	49
Fig (18) Sectoral Distribution of Non-Government Credit Facilities	50
Fig (19) Developments in Lending and Deposits Rates	51
Fig (20) Developments in Interbank and T-Bills Rates	52

SECTION 7: FINANCIAL SECTOR AND INVESTMENTS

Fig (21) Market Capitalization By Sector	55
Fig (22) FDI Inflows To Egypt	61

SECTION 8: EXTERNAL SECTOR

Fig (23) Distribution of Current Account Receipts	65
Fig (24) External Sector Selected Indicators (percent of GDP)	66

ACRONYMS

BOP	Balance of Payments
CAPMAS	Central Agency for Public Mobilization and Statistics
CBE	Central Bank of Egypt
CIF	Cost Insurance and Freight
CMA	Capital Market Authority
CPI	Consumer Price Index
ESE	Egyptian Stock Exchange
FDI	Foreign Direct Investment
FOB	Free On Board
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
GDR	Global Depository Receipts
IFC	International Finance Corporation
IFCGI	International Finance Corporation Global Index
LE	Egyptian Pounds
MI	Reserve Money
M2	Total Liquidity
MOF	Ministry of Finance
MOI	Ministry of Investment
MOP	Ministry of Planning
NIR	Net International Reserves
REER	Real Effective Exchange Rate
US\$	US Dollars
WPI	Wholesale Price Index
PPI	Producer Price Index

Executive summary

Egypt has been undergoing significant changes on its political front since January 25th 2011. Such developments are expected to make fundamental improvements in the transparency and efficiency of the economic policy setting that will invariably impact the lives of all Egyptians. Although the Egyptian economy was able to economically survive and grow during two consecutive global crises over the past five years, the current unfavorable global and domestic circumstances are causing temporary disruption to the macroeconomic scene, keeping growth below potential.

Recent updates:

- **Real GDP** at market prices continues its gradual -yet slow- recovery during the second quarter of FY 2012/13 recording **2.2 percent**, compared to **2.6** in the previous quarter and **0.4 percent** during the same quarter last year. Meanwhile, real growth during the first half of FY 2012/13 recorded a **growth rate of 2.4 percent compared to 0.3 percent** during the same period last year, where public and private consumption remain the major contributors to the realized growth. In addition, the base effect that started to evolve since the third quarter of FY 2010/2011 continues to play a role in fostering the positive real growth.
- **Budget deficit to GDP increased to 10.1 percent** during the period **July- March 2012/2013** recording **LE 175.9 billion**, compared to **LE 113 billion** during **July- March 2011/2012**.
- **Domestic budget sector debt** increased to **74.6 percent** of GDP as of end **December 2012** to record **LE 1293.9 billion** compared to **LE 1058.4 billion** as of end of December last year.
- **External debt stock increased by 15.2 percent – for the first time since March 2008– leveling at 14.1 percent of GDP in December 2012 (US\$ 38.8 billion)** compared to **13.2 percent** of GDP (US\$ 33.7 billion) as of end of December 2011. This notable increase is attributed to the **US\$ 4 billion** deposited in CBE during the second quarter of the fiscal year 2012/2013, as part of a Qatari financial assistance pledge.
- **M2 annual growth continued to rise as of end January 2013 recording 14.8 percent compared to 12.3 percent in December 2012 - stimulated by the increase in domestic credit, mainly in net claims on government and GASC and claims on private sector - and compared to 7.6 percent recorded in January 2012.** (It is noteworthy that detailed data for February 2013 are not yet available)
- **CPI annual Urban Inflation slowed down during March 2013 to 7.6 percent compared to 8.2 percent during the previous month. Meanwhile, annual core inflation decelerated slightly during March 2013 registering 7 percent compared to 7.7 percent during February 2013.**
- During the **Monetary Policy Committee meeting held on the 21st of March, 2013**, CBE has decided to **raise the overnight deposit rate and overnight lending rate by 50 basis points to 9.75 percent and 10.75 percent respectively, and raise the rate of the CBE's main operation¹ by 50 basis points to 10.25 percent.** Moreover, the **discount rate was raised** by 75 basis points to **10.25 percent**.
- **BOP recorded an overall deficit of only US\$ 0.6 billion during the first half of the year 2012/2013 compared to a deficit of US\$ 8 billion during the same period last year.** This could be explained in light of the **decline in current account deficit** recording **US\$ 3 billion** compared to **US\$ 4.1 billion** (attributed basically to the notable increase in workers' remittances; and the noticeable improvement in the services surplus). Meanwhile, the **capital and financial account** recorded a **net inflow** of **US\$ 4.2 billion** compared to a **net outflow** of **US\$ 2.4 billion**.

¹ The CBE main operations would be Repos or Deposit Auctions depending on the prevailing market liquidity conditions.

I. Real GDP Growth

GDP at market prices **continued to show positive signs, growing by 2.2 percent** during the second quarter of FY 2012/13 (compared to 0.4 percent during the corresponding quarter of 2011/2012). **In the meantime, growth rates for the first half of 2012/2013 recorded 2.4 percent; remarkably higher** than 0.3 percent during the corresponding period in 2011/2012. The realized growth during the first half of the year was backed by **private and public consumption growth**. Comprising about 93.5 percent of total GDP, private and public consumption grew by 3.6 percent and 4.2 percent respectively. It is worth noting that the contribution of both public and private consumption to real growth has declined to 3.3 percent when compared to 4.3 percent during the first half of the previous year.

However, growth remains below potential; as the real economy is still greatly impacted by the consequences of the January 25th Revolution. This was directly reflected in the performance of investment spending during the period under study, which was the major factor that subdued GDP growth, albeit of a lesser extent. Investment spending recorded a negative growth rate of 3.6 percent during the first half of FY 2012/13 compared to a higher decline of 5.3 percent during the same period of last year. Although investment has started to show some signs of improvement, it is still contributing negatively to GDP growth by -0.5 percent.

Exports recorded a positive growth of 1.3 percent during the first half of 2012/2013, (as opposed to a decline of 4.7 percent in the first half of 2011/12). Moreover, **Imports of goods and services increased by only 2.7 percent** during the first half of the fiscal year 2012/2013 (compared to a higher increase of 6 percent during the same period of the previous year). It is worth noting that **GDP (at market prices)** for the period July - December in 2012/2013 **constant prices** stands at **LE 814.6 billion** (LE 883.5 billion in current prices), compared to a fixed value of **LE 795.8 billion** the period **July-December of FY 2011/12** (as FY 2011/2012 became the new base year).

Real GDP at factor cost² recorded a growth rate of 2.3 percent during the first half of 2012/2013. This was profoundly supported by the improvement in key sectors that contribute the most to GDP growth, including agriculture (2.9 percent growth; 15.6 percent of GDP), wholesale and retail (2.6 percent growth; 12.1 percent of GDP), and construction (4.5 percent growth; 4.4 percent of GDP). Other sectors witnessed a significant shift in their growth trends, yet their performance is still below potential, including the manufacturing industries (2.4 percent growth as opposed to 3.1 percent decline last year; 15.5 percent of GDP) and the tourism sector (6.8 percent growth as opposed to 8.6 percent decline during the same period of last year; 3.3 percent of GDP). On the other hand, the growth was faded by the continuous, yet of lesser extent, deterioration of other sectors, including Suez Canal (-3.6 percent growth; 2 percent of GDP), and the extractive industry sectors (-0.7 percent growth; 16.5 percent of GDP).

Table (1): Contribution of Key Sectors to Real GDP Growth

	Jul - Dec 2011/12	Jul - Dec 2012/13
Total GDP (at Factor cost)	0.3%	2.3%
Total Commodity Sector, of Which	0.2%-	1.0%
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	0.4%	0.5%
Petroleum	0.0%	0.0%
Natural Gas	0.1%-	0.1%-
Manufacturing Industry	0.5%-	0.4%
Construction and Building	0.1%-	0.2%
Total Production Services, of which	0.1%	0.9%
Transport and Warehousing	0.0%	0.1%
Telecommunications	0.2%	0.1%
Suez Canal	0.2%	0.1%-
Wholesale and Retail Trade	0.0%	0.3%
Financial Intermediation	0.0%	0.1%
Tourism (Hotels and Restaurants)	0.4%-	0.2%
Social Services	0.4%	0.4%

² Real GDP growth rates are calculated using 2011/12 as a base year.

II. Fiscal Performance

According to FY 2011/2012 actual budget³ outcomes, the overall budget deficit to GDP ratio increased to 10.8 percent, reaching LE 166.7 billion, compared to LE 134.5 billion during FY 2010/2011. This comes as fiscal expenditures increased at a higher rate than the growth in fiscal revenues. It is noteworthy that the recorded increase in expenditures comes mainly due to the increase in three main chapters; First, an increase in Compensation of Employees chapter due to a 50.3 percent increase in rewards and employees incentives. Second, an increase in Interest Chapter due to the increase in interest on treasury bills by LE 10.1 billion up to LE 36.3 billion during FY 2011/2012, in addition to increase in interest on treasury bonds by LE 5.3 billion up to LE 25 billion during the year of study. Third, an increase in Subsidies Grants and Social benefits Chapter due to an increase in petroleum subsidies by LE 27.9 billion to LE 95.5 billion, and an increase in social insurance pensions and contributions in pension funds by LE 2.8 billion. In addition, the primary deficit to GDP increased during the year of study to 4 percent compared to 3.6 percent during FY 2010/11.

From the revenues side, total revenues increased by 14.5 percent during the year of study, registering almost LE 303.6 billion compared to LE 265.3 billion during FY 2010/2011. The recorded increase is principally due to the 31.4 percent increase in non-tax revenues, in addition to a 8 percent increase in tax revenues.

On a more detailed level, the increase in tax revenues comes with the increase in all Tax Chapters; mainly the Property Taxes chapter by 38.5 percent to LE 13.1 billion compared to LE 9.5 billion during FY 2010/2011. In addition to the notable increase in Taxes on goods and services chapter by 11.2 percent to LE 84.6 billion compared to LE 76.1 billion during FY 2010/2011. Revenues from «Property Tax» chapter increased mainly due to the increase in proceeds from tax on T-bills and bonds payable interest by 47.6 percent to almost LE 9.9 billion compared to LE 6.7 billion during FY 2010/2011. Meanwhile, both «Taxes on International Trade» and «Other Taxes» increased by 6.7 percent and 19.1 percent to LE 14.8 billion and LE 3.7 billion during FY 2011/2012 compared to LE 13.9 and LE 3.1 respectively. Additionally, Revenues from Income Tax increased due to the increase in proceeds from tax on income from employment by 19.5 percent reaching LE 16 billion during FY 2011/2012 compared to LE 13.4 billion during FY 2010/2011; in addition to the increase in proceeds from taxes from Suez Canal by 8.3 percent reaching LE 11.8 billion during FY 2011/2012, compared to LE 10.9 billion during last FY year.

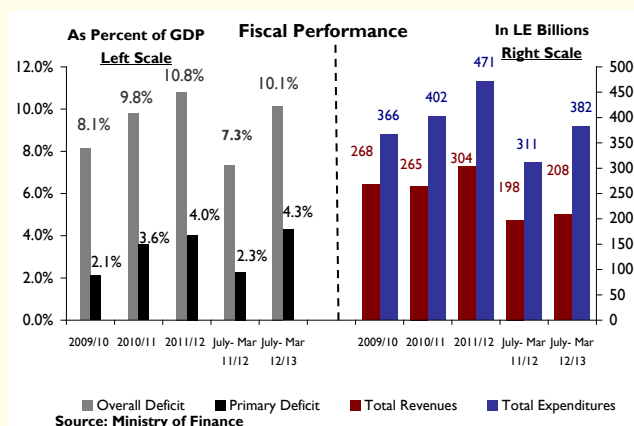
Moreover, Non- Tax Revenues increased by 31.4 percent during FY 2011/2012 mainly due to the increase in proceeds from most non-tax revenues chapters specially the step up in grants recording LE 10.1 billion compared to LE 2.3 billion during FY 2010/2011, due to the notable increase in grants from foreign governments (includes two grants; US\$ 500 million from Qatar and US\$ 500 million from Saudi Arabia). Additionally, revenues from Property Income increased by 35.9 percent to almost LE 56 billion during FY 2011/2012, compared to LE 41.2 billion during last fiscal year. Moreover, proceeds from Sales of Goods and Services increased by 2.4 percent to almost LE 17.8 billion during FY 2011/2012, compared to LE 17.4 billion last year; which offset the decrease in most other chapters in Other Revenues.

On the other hand, total expenditures increased notably during FY 2011/2012 by 17.2 percent, recording LE 471 billion compared to LE 401.9 billion during last year. The recorded increase comes with the expansion growth in most spending chapters except for other expenditures and purchases of non financial assets. Compensation of employees increased notably by 27.6 percent to LE 122.8 billion compared to LE 96.3 billion during FY 2010/2011, which could be explained in light of the significant increase in rewards by LE 17.6 billion to 52.7 billion.

Moreover, Interest payments (which represent almost 22.2 percent of total Expenditures) have increased by 22.8 percent recording almost LE 104.4 billion during FY 2011/2012 compared to LE 85.1 billion during last FY year, mainly due to the increase in interests on treasury bills by LE 10.1 billion to LE 36.3 billion. In addition interest on treasury bonds increased by LE 5.3 billion to LE 25 billion. Subsidies, grants and social benefits (which represent almost 31.9 percent of total Expenditures) have increased by 22 percent to LE 150.2 billion compared to almost LE 123 billion during last FY year. The recorded increase in Subsidies, grants and social benefits chapter could be explained in light of the increase in petroleum subsidies by LE 27.9 billion and social insurance pensions by LE 0.5 billion, in addition to the increase in contributions in pension funds by LE 2.8 billion.

On the other hand, both of other expenditure and purchases of non-financial assets chapters declined by 1.8 percent and 10 percent to LE 30.8 billion, and LE 35.9 billion during FY 2011/2012 compared to LE 31.4 billion and LE 39.9 billion respectively during last year. It is worth mentioning that the decrease in Other Expenditures Chapter could be explained in light of the decrease in Current Miscellaneous Expenditures by 10.1 percent to LE 3 billion during the period of study compared to LE 3.4 billion during last FY. While, the decrease

in Purchase of non financial assets could be explained in light of the 12.9 percent decline in fixed assets reaching LE 29 billion compared to LE 33.3 billion during last FY year.



Recent data for the period July- March of the fiscal year 2012/2013 showed that the overall budget deficit to GDP ratio increased to 10.1 percent, reaching LE 175.9 billion, compared to LE 113 billion during the period July- March 2011/2012. This could be explained in light of the increase in fiscal expenditures at much higher rate than the growth in fiscal revenues during the period of study. Moreover, the primary deficit to GDP increased to 4.3 percent during July- March 2012/2013, compared to 2.3 percent during the period July- March 2011/2012.

From the revenues side, total revenues increased only by 5.4 percent during the period of study, registering LE 208.2 billion compared to almost LE 197.5 billion during same period last year 2011/2012. The recorded increase is principally due to the 17.9 percent increase in tax revenues, which overcame the notable decrease in non-tax revenues by 20 percent.

On a more detailed level, the rise in tax revenues comes with the increase in all Tax Chapters mainly the increase in Income Tax and Taxes on Goods and Services by 15.9 percent and 19.1 percent reaching almost LE 63 billion and LE 66 billion during the period of study compared to LE 54.3 billion and LE 55.3 billion respectively during July- March 2011/2012. Also Property Taxes Chapter and Taxes on International Trade increased by 22.9 percent and 12.2 percent recording LE 11.9 billion and LE 12 billion during July- March 2012/2013 compared to LE 9.7 billion and LE 10.8 billion respectively during the same period last year.

It is noteworthy that the increase in revenues from Income Tax comes with the increase in proceeds from tax on income from employment by 25.2 percent reaching LE 14.4 billion during July- March 2012/2013 compared to LE 11.5 billion during July- March 2011/2012. Moreover, Taxes on corporate profit witnessed a notable increase mainly due to the increase in Proceeds from Other Companies and Suez Canal by 19.8 percent and 8.5 percent reaching LE 12 billion and LE 8.9 billion compared to LE 10 billion and LE 8.2 billion respectively during the same period last year. In addition, revenues from Property Tax chapter increased due to the significant increase in proceeds from tax on T-bills and bonds' payable interest by 28.6 percent to almost LE 9.5 billion compared to LE 7.4 billion during July- March 2011/2012.

Meanwhile, Non- Tax Revenues decreased notably by 20 percent during the period July- March 2012/2013 mainly due to the decrease in proceeds from Grants and Other Revenues by 64 percent and 13.2 percent reaching LE 3.2 billion and LE 49 billion compared to LE 8.8 billion and LE 56.4 billion respectively during the same period last year. The mentioned decrease in Other Revenues could be explained in light of the decrease in proceeds from Property Income by 31.3 percent reaching LE 29 billion during the period of study compared to LE 42.4 billion during July- March 2011/2012, mainly due to the decrease in Dividends from EGPC and Economic Authorities by 46 percent and 12.6 percent reaching LE 7.6 billion and LE 1.4 billion during July- March 2012/2013, compared to LE 14 billion and LE 1.6 billion respectively during July- March 2011/2012. In addition to the decrease in Dividends from Public Enterprise Companies by 84.9 percent reaching LE 0.4 billion during July-March 2012/2013 compared to LE 2.6 billion during the same period last year.

On the other hand, total expenditures increased significantly during July- March 2012/2013 by 23 percent, recording LE 382.5 billion compared to LE 310.8 billion during the same period last year. The recorded increase comes with the expansion growth in all spending

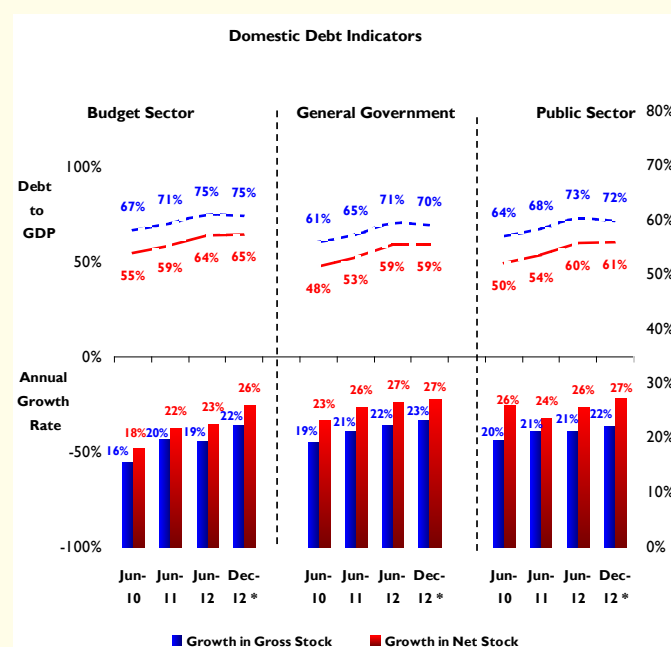
³ Includes central administration, municipalities, and services authorities (education, health, etc).

chapters; on the top of which, Subsidies, grants and social benefits (which represent almost 30.5 percent of total Expenditures and 56.1 percent of total Revenues) increasing by 22.3 percent to LE 116.7 billion compared to almost LE 95.4 billion during July- March last year. Also, Interest payments (which represent almost 26.5 percent of total Expenditures and 48.8 percent of total Revenues) have increased by 30 percent recording almost LE 101.5 billion during July- March 2012/2013 compared to LE 78 billion during the same period last year.

In addition, compensation of employees has increased notably by 23.9 percent to LE 102.7 billion compared to LE 82.9 billion during July-March 2011/2012, mainly due to the significant increase of Salaries and Wages in Cash and in kind by LE 17.1 billion during the period of study. The above-mentioned increase in "Salaries and Wages" could be explained in light of the increase in "Rewards" by almost LE 9.2 billion, and "Permanent Staff" (basic Pay) by LE 2.7 billion, and the increase in "Specific Allowances" by LE 4.4 billion. Moreover, Other Expenditures and Purchases of Goods and Services increased by 12.7 percent and 12.2 percent to LE 24.4 billion and LE 16 billion during July- March 2012/2013, compared to LE 21.6 billion and LE 14.3 billion respectively during the same period last year. Also, Purchases of Non Financial Assets increased by 13.9 percent recording LE 21 billion during July- March 2012/2013, compared to LE 18.5 billion during the same period of the last year.

III. Domestic Debt Profile

As for domestic debt figures, statistics issued by the Ministry of Finance depict consolidated debt stocks⁴ at three different levels of compilation; the Budget Sector, General Government, and the Public Sector⁵.



Recent statistics show that domestic budget sector debt increased to 74.6 percent of GDP as of end of December 2012 to some LE 1293.9 billion compared to LE 1058.4 billion as of end December 2011 (68.6 percent of GDP). As for net domestic budget sector debt, it reached LE 1126.8 billion (64.9 percent of GDP) compared to LE 894.6 billion (58 percent of GDP) as of end December last year. Accumulated budget sector debt at end of December 2012 was mainly attained via increasing issuances of T-bills and T-bonds; outstanding stocks of T-bills and T-bonds at end of December 2012 amount to LE 432.6 billion and LE 312.3 billion respectively versus LE 371.2 billion and LE 231.6 billion at end of December last year reflecting government's growing borrowing needs.

Gross domestic debt of the general government amounts to LE 1207.2 billion (69.6 percent of GDP) at end of December 2012, compared to some LE 981.5 billion (63.6 percent of GDP) at end

4 Consolidated debt stocks exclude interrelated debt between entities at each level of compilation.

5 The Budget sector debt stock encompasses outstanding stocks of Central Government, Local Governments, and Public Service Authorities. The General Government debt stock includes the consolidated debt stocks of the Budget sector, the NIB, and SIF. The Public sector debt stock corresponds to the consolidated debt of the General Government and Economic Authorities.

of December last year. Also, net domestic debt of the general government reached some LE 1031.6 billion (59.5 percent of GDP) compared to LE 811.2 billion (52.6 percent of GDP) at end of December 2011. The increase in general government debt at end of December 2012 was driven by the increase in consolidated budget sector debt, in addition to the increase in consolidated debt of the National Investment Bank by nearly LE 11.1 billion amounting to almost LE 191.1 billion at end of December 2012.

Finally, gross domestic public debt reached LE 1246.9 billion (71.9 percent of GDP) at end of December 2012, compared to LE 1019.6 billion at end of December last year (66.1 percent of GDP). At the same time, net domestic public debt reached LE 1051.6 billion (60.6 percent of GDP) compared to LE 829.7 billion (53.8 percent of GDP) at end of December 2011. It is noteworthy that the realized increase in domestic public debt at end of December 2012 was due to an increase in accumulated debt of the General government by 225.7 billion to reach 1207.2 billion; in addition to an increase in Economic Authorities Domestic Debt by 1.8 billion to reach 104.1 billion at end December 2012.

Meanwhile, domestic debt service increased by almost 63 percent to reach LE 83 billion at end of December 2012, compared to LE 51 billion during the same period last year.

The average life to maturity of outstanding T-bonds and T-bills increased to 1.4 years at end of December 2012 compared to 1.3 at end of December 2011. Meanwhile, average interest rates on outstanding stock of T-bills and T-bonds increased to 13.46 percent at end of December 2012 compared to 12.17 percent at end of December 2011.

Egypt External Debt indicators exhibited relative deterioration

External debt recorded US\$ 38.8 billion in December 2012, increasing by 15.2 percent (the highest growth since March 2008) compared to US\$ 33.7 billion at end of December a year earlier. Moreover, the ratio of external debt to GDP increased from 13.2 percent of GDP at end December 2011 to 14.1 percent of GDP at end December 2012. It is worthy to note that this exceptional increase in external debt comes as a result of a Qatari deposit in CBE amounting to US\$ 4 billion as part of a financial assistance pledge. Meanwhile, government external debt increased slightly by 1.8 percent to reach US\$ 26.2 billion (67.5 percent of total external debt) as of end of December 2012 compared to US\$ 25.7 billion (76.3 percent of total external debt) at end of December 2011⁶.

IV. Monetary Developments

(It is noteworthy that detailed data for February 2013 are not yet available)

On the monetary side, total liquidity recorded a notable monthly growth of 2.7 percent – one of the highest growth rates since June 2012 – to register LE 1198 billion in January 2013, compared to LE 1167.2 billion in December 2012. Additionally, annual growth in total liquidity continued to pick up in January 2013 recording 14.8 percent compared to 12.3 percent in the previous month, and 7.6 percent recorded in January 2012. The increase in domestic credit – in particular the pick-up in credit to the private sector as well as the continuous increase in net claims on government – is the main driver behind growth in total liquidity from the assets side.

As for the liabilities side, the mentioned increase in total liquidity could be explained in light of the increase in quasi money annual growth rate at end of January 2013 reaching 13.8 percent to LE 893.6 billion compared to 12.2 percent in the previous month. Moreover, annual growth in money (M1) increased significantly at end of the month of study reaching 17.6 percent recording LE 304.5 billion, compared to a growth of 12.7 percent at end of the previous month.

On a more detailed level, net foreign assets continued to shrink on annual basis, recording a contraction of 23.2 percent during January 2013, reaching LE 138 billion. Central Bank's net foreign assets continued its decelerating path that began with the eruption of political unrest, recording annual decline of 51.5 percent (compared to a peak of 55.5 percent in January 2012, highest rate of decline since July 2002) reaching LE 41.8 billion at end of January 2013. On the contrary, Bank's net foreign assets growth has been more favorable, recording an overall increase at 2.9 percent on annual basis – the first time since February 2012 – to register LE 96.2 billion at the end of January 2013, compared to an annual decline of 9.7 percent last month.

Meanwhile, annual growth in net domestic assets of the banking sector rose during January 2013 to 22.7 percent reaching LE 1060 billion, compared to growth of 21.8 percent in the previous month. The growth in net domestic

6 The CBE revised basis for foreign debt classification as of September 2008. Accordingly, Government debt statistics reflect an increase of US\$ 4.3 billion primarily due to the reclassification of on lent loans as part of Central and Local Government debt instead of "Other Sectors" debt. It is noteworthy that such reclassification has not had any impact on the total outstanding foreign debt; which however may have changed due to the net flows of debt repayments and borrowings from abroad. So far, CBE has not released any figures for modified historical data.

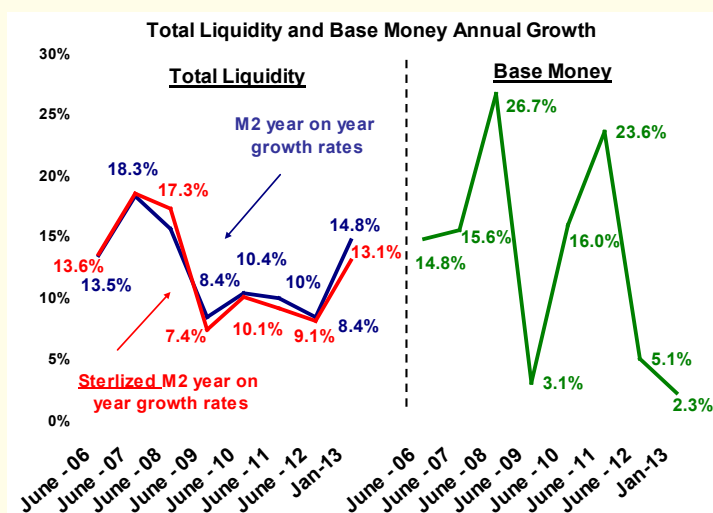
assets of the banking sector is mainly supported by 30.9 percent growth in net claims on government and GASC, compared to 31.5 percent in December 2012. It is worth noting that growth in net claims on government and GASC amounted to almost 107.5 percent of annual liquidity growth at end of January 2013 reaching LE 701.8 billion.

Annual growth in the **credit to the private sector** continued to pick up during January 2013 reaching 8.9 percent – mainly due to the notable increase in the annual growth rate of credit to the household sector to 13 percent – compared to 5.4 percent at end of January 2012 and compared to an average growth rate of 6.6 percent during the previous twelve months. This has brought the stock of outstanding credit to the private sector to LE 474.2 billion. It is worth noting that “**net claims on the public business sector**” grew at 14.6 percent on annual basis to LE 44.5 billion, higher than the annual increase of 13.1 percent registered last month.

CBE net international reserves (NIR) stood at US\$ 13.4 billion at end of March 2013. The month of March witnessed a monthly decrease by merely 0.6 percent, shrinking by only US\$ 84 million over the previous month, and recording an annual decline of 11 percent. The relative stabilization in NIR during the month of study was mainly in light of the absence of debt repayments, import controls by government and CBE, and the controlled use of foreign exchange by CBE, maintaining enough supply to meet crucial private sector and government needs. It is important to highlight that NIR declined from a peak of US\$ 36 billion in December 2010, to US\$ 26.6 billion in June 2011 and further to US\$ 15.5 billion in June 2012. The month of March 2013 posted an overall decline of 62.8 percent since its peak at end of December 2010.

Annual growth in total deposits with the banking sector (excluding CBE) increased notably at the end of January 2013 recording 12.3 percent registering LE 1114 billion, compared to 10.3 percent in previous month and compared to 5 percent recorded in January 2012. Out of total deposits, 88.8 percent belonged to the non-government sector at end of January 2013.

On the other hand, annual growth rate in total lending by banking sector (excluding CBE) increased during the year ending January 2013 by 7.3 percent, compared to 5.5 percent last month and 5.8 percent recorded a year earlier. This brings total loans to almost LE 528 billion at end of January 2013. On a more detailed level, annual growth in total lending to non-government sector registered 8 percent to reach some LE 491.7 billion at end of January 2013, while annual growth in total lending to government sector continued to decline – yet by a lesser extent – recording -1.6 percent to register LE 36.3 billion. As for the loans-to-deposits ratios, local currency loans-to-deposits decreased at end of January 2013 registering 44.8 percent, compared to 46.1 percent in January 2012. In addition, loans-to-deposits ratio in foreign currencies posted a more pronounced decrease on annual basis registering 55.2 percent at the end of January 2013, compared to 60.6 percent in January 2012.



Moreover, dollarization in total liquidity increased during January 2013 recording 18.2 percent compared to 17.6 percent last month and 17.7 percent in January 2012. In addition, dollarization in total deposits increased during January 2013 recording 25.2 percent, compared to 24.4 percent last month and 24 percent at end of January 2012. This could be explained in light of the pick-up in foreign currency deposits along with the notable increase in currency in circulation outside banks during the month of study.

V. Prices

Concerning domestic consumer prices, annual CPI inflation⁷ in urban areas slowed down during March 2013 recording 7.6 percent compared to 8.2 percent recorded during the previous month, and compared to 9 percent in March 2012. **(As for overall Egypt, it also declined recording 8.2 percent in March 2013** compared to 8.7 percent during the previous month, and compared to 9.5 percent in March 2012). The decline in annual inflation could be explained in light of the decrease in the prices of «Food and Beverages», and «Housing, Water, Electricity», and «Clothing and Footwear» and «Transportation» groups, while price levels stabilized for most of the groups. This can be partially attributed to the Central Bank's policy of restricting the importation of luxury goods; to maintain enough Foreign exchange supply to meet crucial private sector and government needs. This has led to a noticeable decrease in imports, which controlled the adverse impact of depreciation on domestic prices.

On a more detailed level, annual inflation rate of «Fruit» and «Meat» -among «Food and Beverages» group- decreased recording 14.7 percent, and 9.1 percent during March 2013, compared to 17.8 percent and 10.2 percent during the previous month. Meanwhile, the annual inflation rate of «Housing, Water, Electricity» group decreased during the month of study: specifically the sub item «Maintenance and Repair of the Dwelling», recording 7.3 percent compared to 11.9 percent during the previous month. Moreover, the annual inflation rate of «Clothing and Footwear» group declined reaching 3.3 percent, compared to 4.1 percent during the previous month, in addition to the decline of the annual inflation rate of «Transportation» group recording 1.9 percent during the month of study, compared to 4 percent during the previous month.

Furthermore, monthly inflation rate decreased significantly recording 0.6 percent during March 2013 compared to 2.5 percent during last month, and compared to 1.2 percent recorded during March 2012.

According to CBE inflation report, annual core inflation⁸ decelerated slightly during March 2013 to 7 percent compared to 7.7 percent during the previous month, and compared to 8.7 percent recorded during the same month a year earlier.

As for producer prices, year-on-year PPI inflation continued to decelerate – for the fourth month in a row- recording -0.9 percent during February 2013 compared to -0.5 percent recorded during previous month, and compared to an increase of 8.8 percent recorded in February 2012. However, monthly PPI inflation increased recording 2.2 percent during February 2012 compared to 0.5 percent during previous month.

Nevertheless, detailed data for February 2013 are not yet available. It is noteworthy that annual PPI inflation rate decreased recording -0.5 percent during January 2013 compared to -0.4 percent during December 2012. The decrease in PPI rate is mainly due to the notable decline in the annual inflation rate of both «Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing», and «Accommodation and Food Service Activities» groups recording -5.2 percent and 5.8 percent during January 2013 compared to -8.1 percent and 34.8 percent respectively during the previous month; in addition to the decrease in the Producer Prices annual inflation rate of the «Mining and Quarrying» group recording 1.1 percent during January 2013 compared to 2.2 percent during the previous month. Meanwhile, the above mentioned decrease in Producer Prices inflation rates was counter partied by the increase in «Electricity, Steam, Gas and Air Conditioning Supply» group, and the «Manufacturing» group recording 10.6 percent and 1.9 percent during January 2013 compared to 9.9 percent and 1.6 percent respectively during the previous month.

During the **Monetary Policy Committee meeting held on the 21th of March, 2013**, CBE decided to **raise the overnight deposit rate and overnight lending rate by 50 basis points to 9.75 percent and 10.75 percent respectively**, and **raise the rate of the CBE's main operation⁹ by 50 basis points to 10.25 percent. Moreover, the discount rate was raised by 75 basis points to 10.25 percent.**

The committee justified the abovementioned increase in light of the upward pressures on inflation. During February 2013, both CPI and 7 CPI inflation based on new CAPMAS series with January 2010 as base value for the index.

⁸ The Core Index excludes items characterized by inherent price volatility specifically «fruits and vegetables» (6.9 percent of headline CPI basket), and those with managed prices «regulated items» (18.7 percent of headline CPI basket). It is important to note that Core CPI is merely an analytical tool that compliments the Headline Index and does not replace it.

⁹ The CBE main operations would be Repos or Deposit Auctions depending on the prevailing market liquidity conditions.

Core Inflation recorded the highest levels since August 2010 on the back of the depreciation of the Egyptian pound and the distortions in the local distribution channels, especially bottlenecks in diesel distribution. Meanwhile the recorded GDP Growth during the first half of 2012/2013 remains partly subdued by the weak performance in the Manufacturing sector, although both construction and tourism sectors showed some signs of recovery. To that end, the upside risks to the inflation outlook due to the inefficiencies in local supply and distribution channels, is overcoming the present downside risks to growth posed by the ongoing political transition. Therefore, an increase in CBE rates was required.

VI. External Sector

Balance of payments (BOP) statistics- published by the Central Bank- for the period July–December 2012/2013 registered a **deficit of only US\$ 0.6 billion in the overall balance**, decreasing by 93 percent over the period July – December 2011/2012 deficit of US\$ 8 billion. The recorded decrease in the overall deficit comes as a result of the 25 percent drop in the current account deficit (attributed basically to the notable increase in workers' remittances; and the noticeable improvement in the services surplus). Meanwhile, the capital and financial account recorded a net inflow of US\$ 4.2 billion, compared to a net outflow of US\$ 2.4 billion. Net errors and omissions recorded a net outflow of US\$ 1.8 billion.

Table (2): Main BOP Indicators

(US \$ Million)			
	Jul- Dec 2011/2012*	Jul- Dec 2012/2013*	Percent Change
Trade Balance	-15,598	-16,789	8%
Export Proceeds	13,589	13,447	-1.0%
Petroleum	6,739	6,433	-5%
Non-Oil Exports	6,850	7,015	2%
Import Payments	-29,187	-30,236	4%
Services (net)	3,122	3,940	26%
Receipts	10,632	11,759	11%
Payments	7,510	7,819	4%
Current Account Receipts	32,643	35,011	7%
Current Payments	36,697	38,055	4%
Current Account	-4,054	-3,044	-25%
Capital and Financial Account	-2,412	4,246	276%
Capital Account	-32	-55	72%
Financial Account	-2,379	4,301	281%
FDI	-418	301	172%
Portfolio Investment in Egypt	-3,309	-260	-92%
Overall Balance	-8,005	-552	-93%

The trade deficit increased by 8 percent to register a deficit of US\$ 16.8 billion during July–December 2012/2013, compared to a deficit of US\$ 15.6 billion in the same period last year. This could be attributed to the 4 percent increase in import payments to record US\$ 30.2 billion; in addition to the slight decrease in export proceeds reaching US\$ 13.4 billion, compared to US\$ 13.6 billion during the same period last year. On a more detailed level, petroleum imports increased notably by 24 percent to reach US\$ 6.7 billion, while non-oil imports slightly decreased reaching US\$ 23.5 billion, compared to US\$ 23.8 billion during the first half of 2011/2012. As for total commodity exports, the decreased witnessed in the period of study is due to the 5 percent decrease in petroleum exports to US\$ 6.4 billion; while non-oil exports increased by only 2 percent to US\$ 7 billion.

Moreover, the services balance has accumulated a higher surplus of US\$ 3.9 billion (1.4 percent of GDP) during July-December 2012/2013 compared to a surplus of US\$ 3.1 billion during the same period last year. Total services

receipts rose to US\$ 11.8 billion mainly as a result of the increase in tourism receipts by 10 percent to record US\$ 5.6 billion during the period of study compared to US\$ 5.1 during the same period last year. A more detailed analysis reveals that tourists nights increased by 8.4 percent to 77.3 million nights during the period July-December 2012/2013 compared to 71.3 million nights during the same period last year.

Furthermore, transportation receipts increased by 7 percent to reach US\$ 4.6 billion, compared to US\$ 4.3 billion for the same period last year. (It is worthy to note that Suez Canal revenue declined by 2 percent during the period of study to record US\$ 2.6 billion). Moreover, government services receipts increased during the study period to record US\$ 216 million compared to US\$ 61 million during the period July-December 2011/2012. Other receipts also increased during the period of study by 17 percent to record US\$ 1.3 billion.

On the other hand, services payments increased during the period July-December 2012/2013 by 4 percent to record US\$ 7.8 billion compared to US\$ 7.5 billion in the same period last year. This comes due to the increase in transportation and tourism payments by 47 percent and 9 percent respectively to record US\$ 879 million and US\$ 1.4 billion. In addition, other payments increased by 21 percent during the period of study to record US\$ 2.1 billion compared to US\$ 1.8 billion during the same period last year. Meanwhile, investment income payments and government payments decreased by 6 percent and 41 percent respectively to record US\$3 billion and US\$ 372 million.

Private transfers witnessed a notable increase of 16 percent to record US\$9.2 billion during the first half of the fiscal year 2012/2013 compared to US\$ 8 billion during the same period last year. It is worth mentioning that private transfers have shown to be the most important source of foreign currency during the period of study, amounting to 26.2 percent of total current account receipts. Moreover, public transfers increased during July-December 2012/2013 to reach US\$ 0.6 billion compared to US\$ 0.5 billion during the same period last year. Consequently, current account receipts increased by 7.3 percent to US\$ 35 billion, while current account payments increased by only 3.7 percent to US\$ 38 billion, bringing the ratio of current receipts to current payments (including official transfers) up to 92 percent compared to 89 percent during the same period last year.

As a result of the factors mentioned above, the current account deficit decreased by 25 percent, recording US\$ 3 billion during the period July-December 2012/2013, compared to a deficit of US\$ 4.1 billion during the same period in the previous year.

On the other hand, the capital and financial account reported a net inflow of US\$ 4.2 billion (1.5 percent of GDP) during the period July-December 2012/13; versus an outflow of US\$ 2.4 billion (0.9 percent of GDP) during July-December 2011/2012. This comes as **other investments** recorded a net inflow of US\$ 4.3 billion, compared to a net inflow of US\$ 1.6 billion during July-December 2011/2012. The increase in net inflow of other investments was due to the notable increase in CBE's liabilities, with a net inflow of US\$ 4 billion representing an amount of US\$ 4 billion received as deposits from Qatar. Moreover, **net foreign direct investments** in Egypt recorded a net inflow of US\$ 0.3 billion (0.1 percent of GDP) compared to a net outflow of US\$ 0.4 billion (0.2 percent of GDP) during July- December 2011/12. Finally, **portfolio investments** outflows decelerated notably by 92 percent to record US\$ 0.3 billion (0.1 percent of GDP) during July-December 2012/2013 compared to US\$ 3.3 billion (1.3 percent of GDP) during July-December 2011/2012. This could be explained in light of the decline in foreigners' sales of their holding of securities, especially T-Bills (reaching only US\$ 3 million, in comparison with US\$ 2.8 billion in the same period of the previous year).

Finally, net errors and omissions recorded a net outflow of US\$ 1.8 billion during the period July-December 2012/13, compared to a net outflow of US\$ 1.5 billion during the same period last year.

VII. Stock Exchange

The EGX-30 index decreased by 391 points during March 2013, reaching 5099 compared to 5489 during February 2013. Moreover, market capitalization showed a notable decrease of 5.1 percent during the month of study to reach LE 355 billion (20.5 percent of GDP) compared to a LE 374 billion during the previous month. The weak performance of the stock market could be explained in light of the political uncertainty witnessed in Egypt during the ongoing transition period.

Section 1

GENERAL ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL OUTLOOK

A. Real Sector Indicators and Sources of Growth.....	1
B. Population and Employment	2
C. Domestic Prices (Period averages).....	2
D. Fiscal Sector.....	3
E. Summary of Public Domestic Debt (in US\$ million, End of Period stock).....	4
F. Gross External Debt (in US \$ million, End of Period stock).....	4
G. Government Debt Service (LE million, Flows).....	4
H. Monetary Sector (end of period).....	5
I. Investment and Financial Sector.....	6
J. External Sector.....	7

Section I: General Economic and Financial Outlook

	Annual Profile					Quarterly Profile			
	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12 ^{1/}	Oct- Dec 2011 #	Apr- Jun 2012 *	Jul- Sep 2012 *	Oct- Dec 2012 *
A. Real Sector (Current Prices)									
GDP at market prices (LE Million)	895,500	1,042,200	1,206,600	1,371,100	1,542,300	393,700	400,400	445,800	437,700
GDP at market prices (US\$ Million)	162,688	189,094	218,889	235,995	257,262	66,186	66,400	73,511	71,660
GDP at factor cost (LE Million)	855,302	994,055	1,150,590	1,309,906	1,475,326	378,134	381,246	427,964	419,215
GDP at factor cost (US\$ Million)	155,385	180,359	208,728	225,463	246,091	63,569	63,224	70,570	68,634
GDP Per Capita (EGP)	12,030	13,702	15,514	17,233	18,740	18,542	19,677	21,315	20,927
GDP Per Capita (USD)	2,186	2,486	2,814	2,966	3,126	3,117	3,263	3,515	3,426
B. Real Sector Indicators and Sources of Growth ^{2/}									
(% Change)									
Real GDP at market prices ^{3/}	7.2	4.7	5.1	1.8	2.2	0.4	3.3	2.6	2.2
Real GDP at factor cost ^{3/}	7.2	4.7	5.1	1.9	2.2	0.4	3.3	2.5	2.0
Commodity Sector	6.1	5.0	4.3	1.1	1.6	-0.3	3.2	2.3	1.3
Production Services	10.7	3.7	6.7	2.5	2.8	0.3	3.8	2.8	2.8
Social Services	3.5	5.8	4.5	3.4	3.0	2.6	2.9	2.9	2.6
Investments ^{4/ , 5/}	15.5	-9.1	8.0	-2.1	5.8	0.6	11.3	-7.4	-0.7
Consumption ^{4/}	5.2	5.7	4.2	5.3	6.1	5.7	6.2	2.5	4.9
Private	5.7	5.7	4.1	5.5	6.5	6.1	6.7	2.4	4.8
Public	2.1	5.6	4.5	3.8	3.1	3.0	3.3	2.7	5.8
Exports of Goods and Services ^{4/}	28.8	-14.5	-3.0	1.2	-2.3	-6.5	-5.8	0.4	2.2
Real GDP Per Capita	5.0	2.4	2.8	-0.6	-0.01	-1.8	1.1	-0.2	-0.6
Domestic Savings ^{6/}									
Annual nominal growth rate	24.1	-13.0	31.6	3.4	-21.3	-28.4	-4.1	16.2	-20.9
Percent of GDP	16.8	12.6	14.3	13.0	9.1	9.5	12.3	6.1	6.8
Domestic Investments ^{5/ , 6/}									
Annual nominal growth rate	29.1	-0.2	17.7	-0.3	10.1	4.2	19.2	-1.6	2.2
Percent of GDP	22.4	19.2	19.5	17.1	16.7	17.0	20.0	11.1	15.6

Source: Ministry of Planning and International Cooperation.

* Preliminary, subject to change.

-- Data unavailable.

Revised in light of recent data from Ministry of Planning.

1/ It is noteworthy to mention that Ministry of Planning is revising GDP data for FY 2011/2012 on quarterly basis.

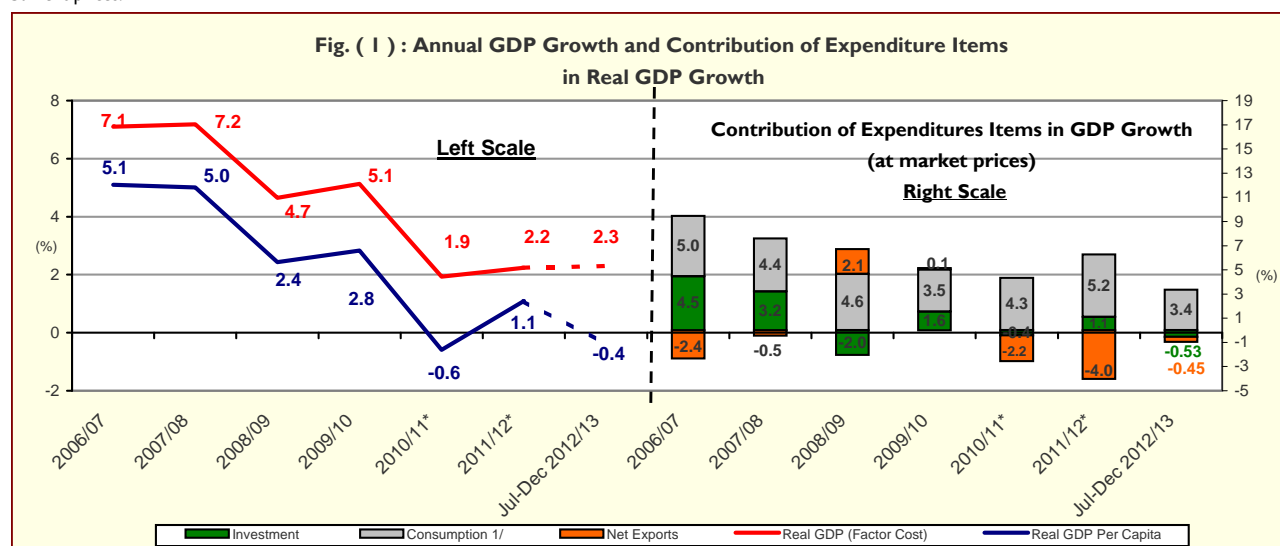
2/ Real percent change is calculated using constant prices for 2006/2007, however, starting 2012/13 growth rates are calculated using constant prices for 2011/12.

3/ Includes petroleum and natural gas activities.

4/ Includes Net Indirect Taxes.

5/ Gross Capital Formation. Includes change in inventory.

6/ Current prices.



Source: Ministry of Planning and International Cooperation.

* Preliminary

1/ Includes public and private consumption

Section I: General Economic and Financial Outlook (Continued)

	Annual Profile					Quarterly Profile			
	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	Oct-Dec 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012
C. Population									
Total Population (Millions) ^{1/}	75.2	76.9	78.7	80.4	82.3	81.4	82.3	83.2	83.6
Population Growth	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.7	2.7
D. Domestic Prices (Period Average)									
Consumer Price Inflation in urban areas ^{2/}	11.7	16.2	11.7	11.0	8.6	8.5	8.1	6.3	5.2
Producer Price Inflation ^{3/}	17.7	2.5	5.0	15.9	7.5	8.1	0.7	1.6	1.2
Discount Rate ^{4/}	10.0	9.0	8.5	8.5	9.3	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5
T-bills Rate (91 days)	7.0	11.3	9.9	10.2	13.4	13.2	14.3	14.0	12.7
3-Months Deposits ^{4/}	6.5	6.5	6.3	6.5	7.3	7.2	7.6	7.7	7.7
Overnight Interbank Rate ^{5/}	10.3	9.5	8.3	8.5	9.7	9.25	9.7	9.7	9.7
Exchange Rate (LE /Dollars)	5.50	5.51	5.51	5.81	6.00	5.98	6.03	6.06	6.10

Sources: Ministry of Planning, Central Bank of Egypt and CAPMAS.

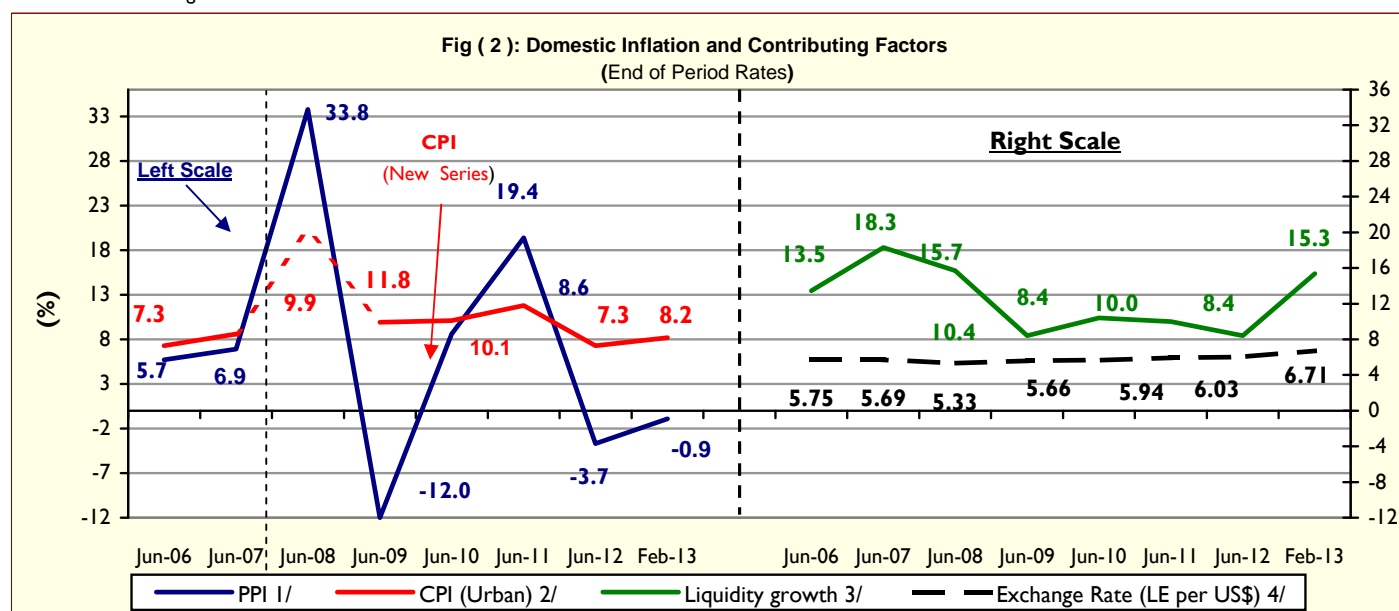
1/ Excludes Egyptians living abroad.

2/ Starting August 2009, CPI Urban data is based on the weights derived from 2008/2009 income and expenditure survey, and using January 2010 as a base month. Prior to this date, the basket and weights were derived from 2004/2005 income and expenditure survey taking January 2007 as a base month.

3/ The new series of Producer Price Index was issued by CAPMAS started September 2007 in replacement of the Wholesale Price Index, using 2004/2005 prices of goods and services as a base period, and deriving sub-group weights from average values of agricultural, industrial and services production for the years 2002/2003 and 2003/2004.

4/ End of period rate.

5/ Calendar Year averages.



Sources: Central Bank of Egypt and CAPMAS.

1/ Series break. Prior to June 2007, series reflects WPI indicators.

2/ Starting August 2009, CPI Urban data is based on the weights derived from 2008/2009 income and expenditure survey, and using January 2010 as a base month. Prior to this date, the basket and weights were derived from 2004/2005 income and expenditure survey taking January 2007 as a base month.

3/ Total Liquidity (M2) is defined from assets side as net foreign assets + net domestic assets of banking system. From liabilities side, it includes money (M1) and quasi money.

4/ Monthly average exchange rate.

Section I: General Economic and Financial Outlook (Continued)

	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13 # 1/ Revised Budget	Jul-Mar 2012/13 *
	Actuals						
E. Fiscal Sector ^{2/}							
i. Budget Sector (LE Millions) ^{3/}							
Total Revenues	221,404	282,505	268,114	265,286	303,622	396,227	208,155
Total Expenditure	282,290	351,500	365,987	401,866	470,992	586,843	382,479
Primary Deficit ^{4/}	10,594	19,016	25,705	49,383	62,264	46,864	74,393
Cash Deficit ^{5/}	60,886	68,995	97,872	136,580	167,370	190,616	174,324
Overall Deficit	61,122	71,826	98,038	134,460	166,705	185,476	175,887
ii. Budget Sector ^{3/} (% change)							
Total Revenues	22.9	27.6	-5.1	-1.1	14.5	13.3	5.4
Tax Revenues	20.0	19.0	4.5	12.7	8.0	14.9	17.9
Non Tax Revenues	27.8	41.7	-18.2	-25.0	31.4	10.1	-20.1
Total Expenditure	27.1	24.5	4.1	9.8	17.2	23.2	23.1
Compensation of Employees	20.5	21.2	12.1	12.8	27.6	29.5	23.9
Interest Payments	5.9	4.5	37.0	17.6	22.8	31.6	30.1
iii - Consolidated General Government (LE Millions) ^{6/}							
Total Revenues	248,834	288,544	303,374	302,010	348,864	--	--
Total Expenditure	305,794	356,942	396,693	440,411	516,422	--	--
Overall Deficit	67,563	72,378	98,796	134,138	165,692	--	--
iv - As Percent of GDP ^{7/}							
Budget Sector ^{3/}							
Total Revenues (of which):	24.7	27.1	22.2	19.3	19.7	22.8	12.0
Tax Revenues	15.3	15.7	14.1	14.0	13.4	15.4	9.0
Non Tax Revenues	9.4	11.4	8.1	5.3	6.2	7.5	3.0
Total Expenditure (of which):	31.5	33.7	30.3	29.3	30.5	33.8	22.0
Compensation of Employees	7.0	7.3	7.1	7.0	8.0	8.2	5.9
Interest Payments	5.6	5.1	6.0	6.2	6.8	8.0	5.8
Primary Deficit ^{4/}	1.2	1.8	2.1	3.6	4.0	2.7	4.3
Cash Deficit ^{5/}	6.8	6.6	8.1	10.0	10.9	11.0	10.0
Overall Deficit	6.8	6.9	8.1	9.8	10.8	10.7	10.1
General Government ^{6/}							
Primary Deficit ^{4/}	3.0	2.7	3.0	4.2	4.7	--	--
Overall Deficit	7.5	6.9	8.2	9.8	10.7	--	--

Source: Ministry of Finance.

-- Data unavailable

Revised figures.

* Preliminary.

1/ Data reflects revised budget figures according to the Decree Number 27 for the year 2012, and the Presidential Decree Number 100 for the year 2012 regarding the Supplementary Budget. It is noteworthy that 2012/2013 budget figures will be revised periodically on monthly basis starting March 2013.

2/ Based on IMF GFS 2001 (modified to cash basis).

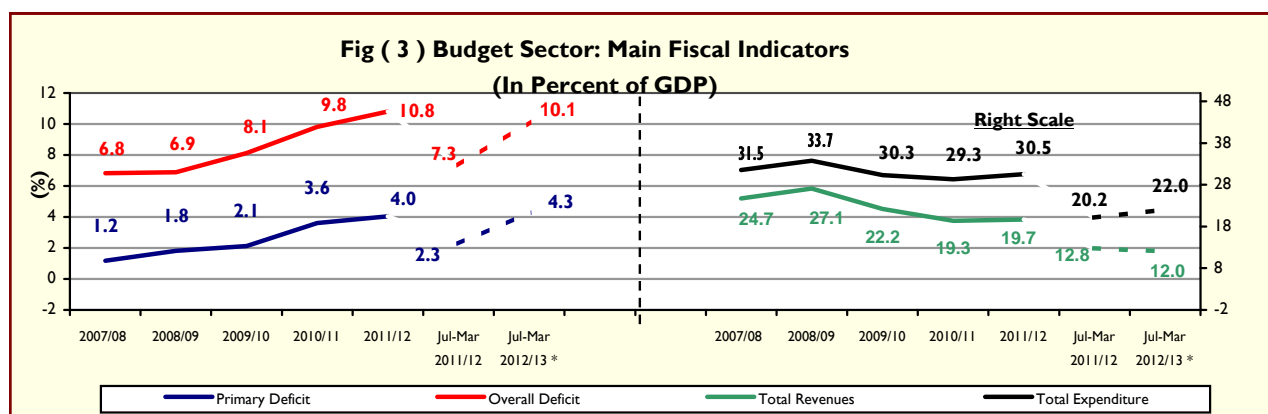
3/ Includes Central Administration and Local Governments, and Public Services Authorities.

4/ Overall deficit net of interest payments.

5/ Overall deficit excluding net acquisition of financial assets.

6/ Includes consolidated operations for the budget sector, National Investment Bank (NIB), and Social Insurance Funds (SIF). Data are prepared on consolidated basis; excluding financial interrelations between the three bodies.

7/ According to the Ministry of Planning, GDP (at market prices) for 2012/2013 is projected to reach LE 1735 billion compared to a revised figure of LE 1542.3 billion in 2011/2012.



Source: Ministry of Finance.

* Preliminary, subject to revision

Section I: General Economic and Financial outlook

(LE Millions)

	Annual Profile					Quarterly Profile			
	Jun-08	Jun-09	Jun-10	Jun-11	Jun-12	Dec-11	Mar-12	Sep-12	Dec-12 [#]
F. Summary of Public Domestic Debt: ^{1/}									
(In LE Million , End of Period Stock)									
Gross Domestic Budget Sector Debt ^{2/}	599,603 (1.5)	699,667 (16.7)	808,384 (15.5)	967,290 (19.7)	1,155,312 (19.4)	1,058,359 (19.0)	1,089,432 (16.8)	1,238,638 (21.5)	1,293,851 (22.3)
Budget Sector Deposits	120,904 (7.2)	137,341 (13.6)	144,566 (5.3)	159,178 (10.1)	164,788 (3.5)	163,787 (9.0)	164,514 (7.0)	160,251 (-1.6)	167,027 (2.0)
Net Domestic Budget Sector Debt	478,699 (0.1)	562,326 (17.5)	663,818 (18.0)	808,112 (21.7)	990,524 (22.6)	894,572 (21.1)	924,918 (18.7)	1,078,387 (25.9)	1,126,824 (26.0)
Gross Consolidated General Government Domestic Debt ^{3/}	512,982 (5.5)	615,849 (20.1)	733,387 (19.1)	889,045 (21.2)	1,087,945 (22.4)	981,525 (21.8)	1,015,051 (19.7)	1,156,404 (22.8)	1,207,223 (23.0)
General Government Deposits	131,043 (12.0)	148,811 (13.6)	158,531 (6.5)	166,527 (5.0)	173,292 (4.1)	170,373 (4.8)	172,007 (4.7)	168,539 (-0.6)	175,615 (3.1)
Net Consolidated General Government Domestic Debt	381,939 (3.4)	467,038 (22.3)	574,856 (23.1)	722,518 (25.7)	914,653 (26.6)	811,152 (26.1)	843,044 (23.3)	987,865 (28.0)	1,031,607 (27.2)
Gross Consolidated Public Domestic Debt ^{4/}	537,533 (8.8)	643,628 (19.7)	769,783 (19.6)	932,460 (21.1)	1,129,030 (21.1)	1,019,644 (20.4)	1,052,669 (18.2)	1,190,750 (21.9)	1,246,876 (22.3)
Public Sector Deposits ^{5/}	150,501 (15.2)	167,733 (11.4)	170,171 (1.5)	191,116 (12.3)	198,066 (3.6)	189,972 (5.5)	191,714 (3.0)	184,005 (-0.9)	195,263 (2.8)
Net Consolidated Public Domestic Debt	387,032 (6.5)	475,895 (23.0)	599,612 (26.0)	741,344 (23.6)	930,964 (25.6)	829,672 (24.4)	860,955 (22.2)	1,006,745 (27.3)	1,051,613 (26.8)
G. Gross External Debt (CBE classification)									
(In Million US\$, End of Period Stock)									
Gross External Government Debt	21,641	25,818	26,249	27,092	25,594	25,718	25,483	25,429	26,190
Gross External Non-Government Debt	12,252	5,713	7,445	7,814	8,790	7,975	7,939	9,291	12,634
H. Government Debt Service (LE Millions, Flows) ^{7/}									
Total Debt Service	60,004	71,123	98,856	117,251	140,916	63,179	107,202	53,939	90,734
Domestic Debt Service	52,435	59,577	87,560	104,625	122,322	50,974	90,143	48,597	83,032
Foreign Debt Service	7,569	11,546	11,296	12,627	18,594	12,205	17,060	5,342	7,702
Memorandum Items: (As Percent of GDP) ^{8/}									
Gross Domestic Budget Sector Debt	67.0%	67.1%	67.0%	70.5%	74.9%	68.6%	70.6%	71.4%	74.6%
Net Domestic Budget Sector Debt	53.5%	54.0%	55.0%	58.9%	64.2%	58.0%	60.0%	62.2%	64.9%
Gross Consolidated General Government Domestic Debt	57.3%	59.1%	60.8%	64.8%	70.5%	63.6%	65.8%	66.7%	69.6%
Domestic Debt									
Net Consolidated General Government Domestic Debt	42.7%	44.8%	47.6%	52.7%	59.3%	52.6%	54.7%	56.9%	59.5%
Gross Consolidated Public Domestic Debt	60.0%	61.8%	63.8%	68.0%	73.2%	66.1%	68.3%	68.6%	71.9%
Net Consolidated Public Domestic Debt	43.2%	45.7%	49.7%	54.1%	60.4%	53.8%	55.8%	58.0%	60.6%
Gross External Debt	20.1%	16.9%	15.9%	15.2%	13.5%	13.2%	13.1%	12.2%	14.1%
Gross External Government Debt	12.9%	13.8%	12.4%	11.8%	10.0%	10.1%	10.0%	8.9%	9.5%

Source: Ministry of Finance - Central Bank of Egypt.

() Annual percentage change

Revised.

1/ Debt figures depict consolidated stocks at three different levels of compilation; the Budget Sector, the General Government, and the Public Sector. The Budget sector debt stock encompasses outstanding stocks of Central Administration, Local Governments, and Public Service Authorities. The General Government debt stock includes the consolidated debt stocks of the Budget sector, the NIB, and SIF. The Public sector debt stock corresponds to the consolidated debt of the General Government and Economic Authorities.

2/ Outstanding domestic debt stocks due on Central Administration, Local Governments, and Public Service Authorities.

3/ Consolidated domestic debt of the Budget sector, NIB, and SIF. This level of compilation entails the deduction of Budget Sector borrowings from NIB, MOF securities held by the SIF and NIB, the SIF bonds, and NIB borrowings from SIF.

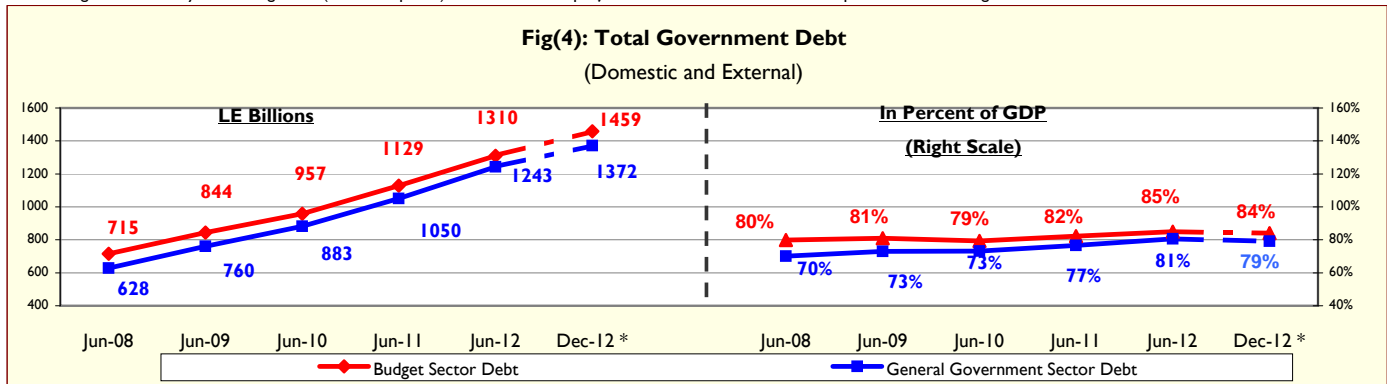
4/ Consolidated domestic debt due on the General Government and Economic Authorities. This level of compilation excludes outstanding debt of Economic Authorities to NIB as well as Budget Sector borrowing from Economic Authorities.

5/ Total deposits of General Government and Economic Authorities (net of SIF deposits and Budget Sector borrowing from Economic Authorities).

6/ During the second quarter of fiscal year 2012/2013, a total amount of USD 4 billion were deposited in CBE as part of a Qatari financial assistance pledge

7/ Quarterly debt service data represent cumulative flows from beginning of fiscal year.

8/ According to the Ministry of Planning, GDP (at market prices) for 2012/2013 is projected to reach LE 1735 billion compared to a revised figure of LE 1542.3 billion in 2011/2012.



Source: Ministry of Finance and Central Bank of Egypt.

* Preliminary

Section I: General Economic and Financial Outlook (Continued)

	Annual Profile					Latest Data Available			
	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	Oct-12	Nov-12	Dec-12	Jan-13 *
I. Monetary Sector (End of Period)									
(LE Millions)									
Reserve Money ^{1/}	169,911	175,104	203,071	250,992	263,668	268,250	264,302	264,297	266,657
Total Liquidity	766,664	831,211	917,459	1,009,411	1,094,408	1,144,653	1,147,497	1,167,160	1,198,095
Money ^{2/}	170,579	182,991	214,040	248,707	274,510	291,684	287,886	288,139	304,502
Quasi Money ^{3/}	596,085	648,220	703,419	760,704	819,898	852,969	859,611	879,021	893,593
Annual Percent Change:									
Reserve Money ^{1/}	26.7	3.1	16.0	23.6	5.1	12.3	2.3	2.7	2.3
Total Liquidity	15.7	8.4	10.4	10.0	8.4	11.0	11.2	12.3	14.8
Net Foreign Assets ^{4/}	38.9	-16.3	11.1	-10.2	-37.8	-30.4	-29.0	-29.9	-23.2
Net Domestic Assets ^{4/}	4.3	24.6	10.0	19.0	23.9	22.4	21.3	21.8	22.7
Credit to Private Sector	12.6	5.1	7.7	0.8	7.3	7.2	7.0	7.6	8.9
Loans to Deposit Ratio ^{6/}									
Government Sector	35.5	30.0	34.9	34.0	28.3	28.4	27.1	29.0	29.2
Non Government Sector	55.4	55.6	54.2	51.2	52.1	50.3	50.4	49.7	49.7
Local Currency	50.9	51.5	47.6	46.4	48.7	47.1	47.4	47.1	47.1
Foreign Currency	69.7	69.0	79.9	69.0	65.1	62.7	61.7	58.8	58.7
Indicators:									
M2 Multiplier ^{7/}	4.51	4.75	4.52	4.02	4.15	4.27	4.34	4.42	4.49
M2 Velocity (centered) ^{8/}	1.25	1.30	1.38	1.42	1.47	1.59	1.59	1.57	1.55
M2 Dollarization ^{9/}	20.8	20.1	17.2	17.5	17.0	16.6	16.9	17.6	18.2
Deposits Dollarization ^{10/}	25.8	25.7	22.9	24.0	23.9	23.4	23.5	24.4	25.2

Source: Central Bank of Egypt and Ministry of Finance calculations.

* Preliminary.

1/ Includes currency in circulation outside CBE and banks' LE deposits with CBE.

2/ Includes currency in circulation outside the banking system, and demand deposits in local currency. Excludes drafts and checks under collection.

3/ Includes time and savings deposits in local currency, demand deposits and time and savings deposits in foreign currency.

4/ The agreement between CBE and Ministry of Finance to use part of the blocked account balance to retire part of the bonds outstanding on government to CBE became effective as of June 2008.

5/ Includes claims on private business sector and household sector.

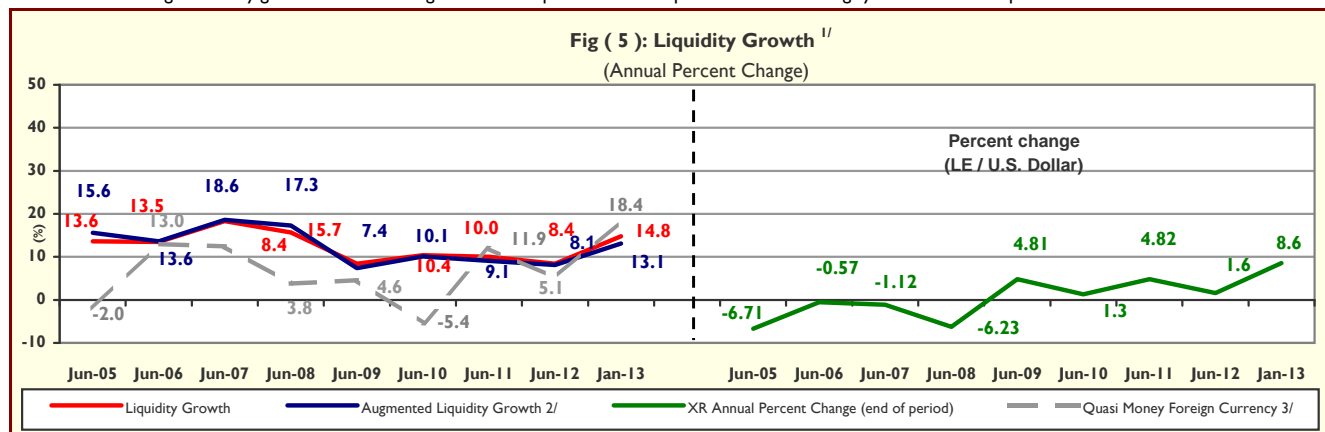
6/ Excludes deposits/loans held /provided by CBE.

7/ M2/ Reserve Money.

8/ GDP / M2 centered. M2 centered equals $[(M2)_t + (M2)_{t-1}] / 2$.

9/ Denotes the ratio of foreign currency demand, and time and savings deposits to total liquidity. Excludes non-residents deposits (which is part of net foreign assets) as well as government deposits.

10/ The ratio of foreign currency government and non-government deposits to total deposits with the banking system. Excludes deposits held at CBE.



Source: Central Bank of Egypt and Ministry of Finance calculations.

1/ Total Liquidity includes money and quasi money.

2/ M2 growth at constant exchange rate, calculated by applying previous period's exchange rate to the current period.

3/ Foreign currency demand deposits, and time and saving deposits.

Section I: General Economic and Financial Outlook (Continued)

	Annual Profile					Quarterly Profile			
	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	Dec-11	Jun-12	Sep-12	Dec-12
J. Investments and Financial Sector									
Domestic Investments as Percent of GDP ^{1/}	22.4	19.2	19.5	17.1	16.7	4.3	5.2	2.8	3.6
FDI as Percent of GDP ^{1/ 2/}	8.1	4.3	3.1	0.9	0.8	-0.3	0.7	0.04	0.07
Capital Market Indicators (End of Calendar Year)									
CMA Index	3412	--	1401	1504	318	318	605	1026	--
CMA Market Volatility ^{3/}	1.1	--	1.9	0.7	4.1	4.1	8.4	--	--
Hermes Index	92734	427 ^{4/}	573	664	382	382	479	590	551
Hermes Index Market Volatility ^{3/}	1.20	1.47	2.22	0.49	1.21	1.21	2.25	0.96	1.80
Market Capitalization (LE Billion) ^{5/}	768	474	500	488	288	288	340	406	376
Market Capitalization (Percent of GDP) ^{6/}	85.8	45.4	41.4	35.6	18.7	18.7	22.0	23.4	21.6
P/E Ratio ^{7/}	19.1	7.6	12.1	14.7	10.5	10.5	11.0	12.8	12.4
Dividend Yield (%) ^{8/}	5.1	6.6	7.0	7.1	10.4	10.4	8.4	8.3	8.6
Listed Bonds (LE Million)	71,545	78,841	134,226	226,799	248,869	248,869	285,311	310,520	325,835
Banking Sector: ^{9/}									
(LE Millions)									
Total Assets	1,083,311	1,091,993	1,220,655	1,269,690	1,366,160	1,308,026	1,366,160	1,413,089	1,441,188
Total Loans and Discounts	401,425	429,957	465,990	474,139	506,736	489,729	506,736	508,424	516,842
Capital	37,576	41,550	46,598	59,049	67,345	60,059	67,345	70,440	71,264
Total Deposits	747,199	809,694	892,492	957,037	1,023,517	981,258	1,023,517	1,047,815	1,087,819
Non-performing Loans/Total Loans	--	13.4	13.6	10.5	--	10.9	9.9	10.1	--
Indicators									
Banks Liquidity Ratios									
Loans to Deposit Ratio ^{10/}	53.1	52.4	51.8	49.1	49.4	49.5	49.4	48.4	47.4
Loans / Assets ^{11/}	37.1	39.4	38.2	37.3	37.1	37.4	37.1	36.0	35.9
Securities / Assets ^{11/}	18.6	30.5	33.3	37.3	40.6	38.5	40.6	41.0	42.5
Deposits / Assets ^{11/}	69.0	74.1	73.1	75.4	74.9	75.0	74.9	74.2	75.5
Equity / Assets ^{11/}	4.9	5.8	6.2	6.4	6.8	6.2	6.8	7.0	7.0
Provisions / Assets ^{11/}	5.8	6.4	5.8	4.3	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.8	3.9

Sources: Capital Market Authority and Central Bank of Egypt.

-- Data unavailable.

1/ Quarterly ratios calculated as percent of full year GDP.

2/ FDI inflows include investments in the oil sector.

3/ Calculated as the standard deviation of daily returns during the month of study .Annual data reflects end of December in each year.

4/ Series revised.

5/ The market value of outstanding shares, computed by multiplying outstanding number of shares by their current prevailing market prices.

6/ According to the Ministry of Planning, GDP (at market prices) for 2012/2013 is projected to reach LE 1735 billion compared to a revised figure of LE 1542.3 billion in 2011/2012.

7/ Price / earning ratio, also known as the "Multiple" , is the ratio of stocks' prevailing market prices to annual earnings.

8/ Annual dividends / current stock price.

9/ Reflects Commercial Banks' data.

10/ Includes government and non government loans and deposits. Excludes deposits held at CBE.

11/ Banks operating in Egypt, excluding Central Bank of Egypt.

Section I: General Economic and Financial Outlook (Continued)

	Annual Profile					Quarterly Profile			
	2007/08	2008/09	2009/2010	2010/2011	2011/2012*	Oct-Dec 2011*	Apr-Jun 2012*	July-Sep 2012*	Oct-Dec 2012*
K. External Sector									
(In US \$ Millions)									
Current Account Receipts	65,904	57,217	57,899	62,002	66,256	16,440	17,244	17,499	17,513
Current Account Payments	65,016	61,641	62,217	68,090	74,184	18,319	18,779	17,778	20,278
Trade Balance	-23,415	-25,173	-25,120	-27,103	-31,698	-7,775	-8,171	-6,880	-9,910
Services Balance	14,966	12,502	10,339	7,878	5,362	1,501	1,564	1,697	2,243
Current Account Balance	888	-4,424	-4,318	-6,088	-7,928	-1,879	-1,536	-279	-2,765
Capital and Financial Account Net Flows	7,558	2,285	8,980	-4,199	-1,404	-2,914	2,265	444	3,802
Overall Balance	5,420	-3,378	3,356	-9,754	-11,278	-5,649	-108	-519	-33
Net International Reserves ^{1/}	34,572	31,310	35,221	26,564	15,534	18,119	15,534	15,043	15,015
(In Percent of GDP) ^{2/}									
Current Account Receipts	40.5	30.3	26.5	26.3	25.8	6.4	6.7	6.1	6.2
Current Account Payments	40.0	32.6	28.4	28.9	28.8	7.1	7.3	6.2	7.1
Trade Balance	-14.4	-13.3	-11.5	-11.5	-12.3	-3.0	-3.2	-2.4	-3.5
Services Balance	9.2	6.6	4.7	3.3	2.1	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8
Current Account Balance	0.5	-2.3	-2.0	-2.6	-3.1	-0.7	-0.6	-0.1	-1.0
Overall Balance	3.3	-1.8	1.5	-4.1	-4.4	-2.2	-0.04	-0.2	-0.01
(In Percent of Current Account Receipts) ^{3/}									
Non -Oil Exports	22.9	25.0	23.9	24.3	21.1	20.2	20.7	20.4	19.6
Oil-Exports	22.3	19.4	18.0	19.8	20.0	21.3	19.3	19.3	17.5
Tourism	16.7	18.5	20.4	17.3	14.4	14.4	13.5	15.1	16.8
Private Transfers	12.9	13.5	16.7	20.2	27.1	24.4	29.0	27.8	24.6
Other Indicators (%):									
Commodity Exports / Commodity Imports	56	50	48.7	49.9	46.0	46.7	45.8	50.2	39.6
Services Receipts / Service Payments	222	211	178	156	135	140	142	143	158
NIR Import Coverage ^{4/}	7.9	7.5	8.6	5.9	3.2	3.7	3.1	3.3	2.7
NIR to Foreign Debt (%) ^{5/}	102.1	99.6	104.8	76.1	45.2	53.8	45.2	43.3	38.7

Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

* Preliminary.

^{1/} Discrepancy in NIR valuation may occur due to applying different exchange rates for various components in the reserves portfolio.^{2/} Quarterly ratios are calculated based on full year GDP figures. According to the Ministry of Planning, GDP (at market prices) for 2012/2013 is projected to reach LE 1735 billion compared to a revised figure of LE 1542.3 billion in 2011/2012.^{3/} Excludes official transfers.^{4/} In months of commodity imports.^{5/} Excludes private sector non-guaranteed debt.

Section 2

REAL SECTOR INDICATORS

Table (1) Gross Domestic Product at Market Prices (Current Prices).....	11
Table (2) Gross Domestic Product by Sector at Factor Cost (Current Prices).....	12
Table (3) Distribution of Total Investments by Economic Agents and Production.....	13
Indices for Main Economic Sectors	

Table (I) :Gross Domestic Product (at Market Prices) ^{1/}
(In Current Prices)

(LE Billions)

	2005/06	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12 ^{2/}	Jul-Dec 2012/13 *
GDP	617.7	744.8	895.5	1042.2	1206.6	1371.1	1542.3	883.5
	(14.7)	(20.6)	(20.2)	(16.4)	(15.8)	(13.6)	(12.5)	(10.9)
Domestic Demand	632.8	778.9	945.6	1111.4	1269.8	1427.6	1660.3	944.2
Final Consumption	517.1	623.6	745.1	911.4	1034.5	1193.1	1402.2	826.6
Private Consumption	441.2	539.2	647.6	793.1	899.8	1036.1	1223.2	726.5
Public Consumption	75.9	84.4	97.5	118.3	134.7	157.0	179.0	100.1
Investment ^{3/}	115.7	155.3	200.5	200.0	235.3	234.5	258.1	117.6
Net Exports	-15.1	-34.1	-50.1	-69.2	-63.2	-56.5	-118.0	-60.7
Exports of Goods and Services ^{4/}	193.2	225.3	295.9	260.1	257.6	282.0	286.1	153.2
Imports of Goods and Services	208.3	259.4	346.0	329.3	320.8	338.5	404.1	213.9
Memorandum Items: (In Percent of GDP)								
Final Consumption	83.7	83.7	83.2	87.4	85.7	87.0	90.9	93.6
Investment ^{3/}	18.7	20.9	22.4	19.2	19.5	17.1	16.7	13.3
Exports of Goods and Services ^{4/}	31.3	30.2	33.0	25.0	21.3	20.6	18.6	17.3
Imports of Goods and Services	33.7	34.8	38.6	31.6	26.6	24.7	26.2	24.2

REAL SECTOR
INDICATORS

Source: Ministry of Planning and International Cooperation

* Preliminary, subject to change. According to the Ministry of Planning, GDP (at market prices) for 2012/2013 is projected to reach LE 1735 billion compared to a revised figure of LE 1542.3 billion in 2011/2012.

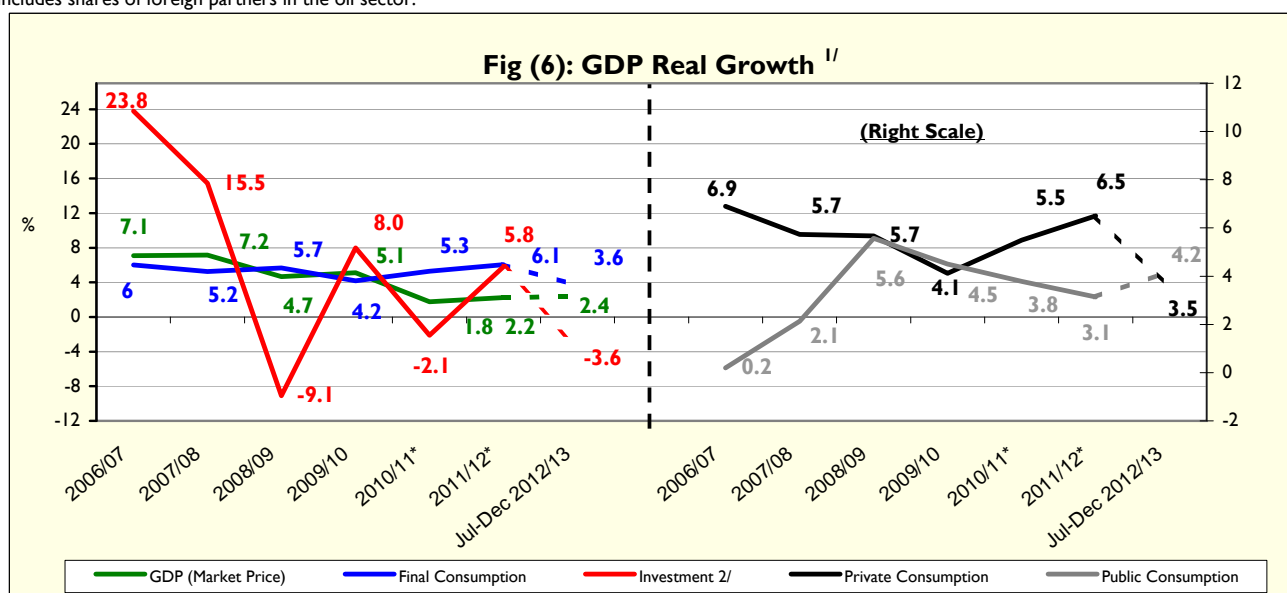
() Percent change over same period in the previous year.

1/ Includes net indirect taxes.

2/ It is noteworthy that the Ministry of Planning is revising GDP data for FY 2011/2012 on a quarterly basis.

3/ Includes fixed capital formation and change in inventory. The change in inventory amounts to LE 3.1 billion during July - December 2012/13, compared to LE 5.1 billion during July - December 2011/12

4/ Includes shares of foreign partners in the oil sector.



Source: Ministry of Planning and International Cooperation

* Preliminary, subject to change.

1/ Using 2001/02 prices for the period 2002/03 - 2006/07, and 2006/07 prices for the period from 2007/08 to 2011/12, and 2011/12 prices for the period beginning 2012/13.

2/ Includes fixed capital formation and change in inventory.

Table (2) : Gross Domestic Product by Sector (at Factor Cost)
(In Current Prices)

(LE Millions)

	2005/06	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12 ^{1/}	Jul-Dec 2012/13 *
GDP	581,144	710,388	855,302	994,055	1,150,590	1,309,906	1,475,326	847,179
	(14.7)	(22.2)	(20.4)	(16.2)	(15.7)	(13.8)	(12.6)	(10.9)
Total Commodity Sector	305,094	360,530	436,727	508,001	591,903	682,156	775,670	455,495
	(17.7)	(18.2)	(21.1)	(16.3)	(16.5)	(15.2)	(13.7)	(11.0)
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	81,766	99,953	113,104	135,465	160,970	190,159	218,216	131,349
Extractive Industry	89,834	103,656	133,674	147,966	165,747	195,136	228,384	143,909
Petroleum	40,586	44,059	56,722	61,759	68,538	81,566	96,054	61,138
Natural Gas	48,311	56,590	73,495	82,206	92,538	108,206	126,318	79,473
	(75.3)	(17.1)	(29.9)	(11.9)	(12.6)	(16.9)	(16.7)	(11.3)
Other	937	3,007	3,457	4,001	4,671	5,364	6,012	3,298
Manufacturing Industry	98,693	114,475	139,003	164,523	194,290	216,184	238,369	130,336
Petroleum Refinement	5,601	6,055	7,922	10,257	12,516	14,829	16,923	10,265
Other	93,092	108,420	131,081	154,266	181,774	201,355	221,446	120,071
Electricity	8,880	9,880	11,507	13,043	14,897	16,832	19,080	10,396
Water	2,158	2,390	2,659	2,977	3,390	3,775	4,239	2,390
Construction and Building	23,763	30,175	36,780	44,026	52,609	60,070	67,382	37,115
	(18.2)	(27.0)	(21.9)	(19.7)	(19.5)	(14.2)	(12.2)	(13.8)
Total Production Services	183,567	233,052	279,606	318,566	364,518	404,837	445,903	256,181
	(12.7)	(27.0)	(20.0)	(13.9)	(14.4)	(11.1)	(10.1)	(9.5)
Transport and Warehousing	24,519	29,549	34,790	40,962	47,400	53,351	60,513	33,091
Telecommunications	11,974	23,062	27,151	31,185	34,818	37,301	38,670	20,586
Suez Canal	23,399	24,084	28,729	26,826	25,803	29,311	31,203	15,608
	(16.1)	(2.9)	(19.3)	-(6.6)	-(3.8)	(13.6)	(6.5)	-(2.5)
Wholesale and Retail Trade	63,583	77,675	93,382	113,398	133,774	150,658	166,330	101,092
Financial Intermediation	28,798	27,531	31,756	36,125	41,174	44,834	49,741	28,804
Insurance and Social Insurance	12,497	26,372	31,375	35,689	41,521	47,627	53,663	29,037
Tourism (Hotels and Restaurants)	18,798	24,778	32,424	34,382	40,028	41,755	45,783	27,963
	(12.5)	(31.8)	(30.9)	(6.0)	(16.4)	(4.3)	(9.6)	(14.6)
Total Social Services	92,483	116,806	138,970	167,488	194,170	222,912	253,753	135,503
	(9.5)	(26.3)	(19.0)	(20.5)	(15.9)	(14.8)	(13.8)	(13.3)
Real Estate	19,055	20,943	23,334	26,575	30,262	34,066	38,035	19,929
General Government	56,930	64,220	79,737	98,575	114,944	133,688	153,984	81,301
Education	3,496	8,376	9,492	11,133	12,828	14,558	16,229	8,860
Health	6,563	9,908	10,961	12,971	14,797	16,595	18,560	10,626
Other Services ^{2/}	6,439	13,359	15,446	18,234	21,339	24,005	26,945	14,787

Source: Ministry of Planning and International Cooperation.

() Percent change over same period in the previous year.

* Preliminary, subject to change.

1/ It is noteworthy that the Ministry of Planning is revising GDP data for FY 2011/2012 on a quarterly basis.

2/ Includes sewage sector, and the information sector.

Table (3) : Distribution of Total Investments by Economic Agents
(July - December 2012/2013 *)^{1/}

	(LE Millions)					
	Government	Economic Authorities	Public Business Sector	Private Business Sector	Total	% to Total Investments
Total Investments	15034	7910	9850	81558	114351	100
Commodity Sector	3215	471	8214	39107	51007	44.6
Agriculture, Irrigation & Fishing	1116	12	0.1	2557	3685	3.2
Crude Oil, Mining & Natural Gas	-	4	753	22900	23656	20.7
Manufacturing Industries & Petroleum Products	41	3	1724	12500	14269	12.5
Electricity & Water	2026	452	5375	-	7853	6.9
Construction & Building	32	-	362	1150	1544	1.4
Production Services	3677	1531	1614	19031	25853	22.6
Transportation & Communication ^{2/}	3584	1492	1065	12131	18272	16.0
Wholesale & Retail Trade	-	31	92	3600	3723	3.3
Financial Services, Insurance and Social solidarity	90	1	307	-	397	0.3
Tourism	2.8	7	150	3300	3460	3.0
Social Services	8141	5908	22	23420	37491	32.8
Housing and Real Estate Activities	59	299	-	18200	18558	16.2
Educational Services	1761	36	-	1300	3097	2.7
Health Services	994	25	-	1100	2118	1.9
Other Services ^{3/}	5328	5549	22	2820	13719	12.0
Memorandum Items: Production Indices for Main Economic Sectors (2002 = 100)						
	2011/2012				2012/2013	
	Jul-Sep	Oct- Dec	Jan- Mar	Apr- Jun	Jul- Sep	Oct- Dec
General Index	168.2	169.7	188.9	181.2	164.1	172.2
Manufacturing Industries ^{4/}	140.1	146.9	155.0	155.0	131.9	133.1
Oil Products	143.2	140.3	146.5	142.8	149.4	153.1
Natural Gas	186.2	184.5	204.6	204.1	195.3	185.2
Electricity	182.2	178.1	191.8	212.4	196.2	187.6
Construction	206.7	195.7	226.4	170.5	191.7	193.5
Transportation ^{5/}	66.4	76.2	85.6	75.3	63.2	64.2
Suez Canal ^{6/}	264.0	251.2	282.8	270.0	255.4	241.4
Tourism	280.3	278.8	332.5	327.5	278.2	333.0

Source: Ministry of Planning and International Cooperation.

* Preliminary, subject to change.

-- Data unavailable.

1/ Excluding change in inventory.

2/ Including Suez Canal.

3/ Including information, sewage services, and replacing and maintenance of assets.

4/ Manufacturing index was revised in June 2012

5/ Excluding Suez Canal.

6/ Based on Suez Canal receipts in US dollars.

REAL SECTOR
INDICATORS

Section 3

DOMESTIC PRICES

Table (4) Annual Inflation In Domestic Price Indices-----	17
Table (5) Inflation in Consumer Prices (Percent Change)-----	18
Table (6) Inflation in Producer Prices According to Economic Activity Classification-----	19
Table (7) Inflation in Producer Prices According to End use Classification-----	20
Table (8) Inflation in Producer Prices According to Stage of Processing Classification-----	20
Table (9) Exchange Rates-----	21

Table (4): Annual Inflation In Domestic Price Indices ^{1/ 2/ 3/}

Summary Profile
2010 - 2013

	2010				2011				2012				2013			
	CPI			PPI	CPI			PPI	CPI			PPI	CPI			PPI
	Urban	Overall Egypt	Core		Urban	Overall Egypt	Core		Urban	Overall Egypt	Core		Urban	Overall Egypt	Core	
January	13.6	13.6	7.4	12.9	10.8	11.0	9.7	14.7	8.6	9.2	6.9	7.4	6.3	6.6	5.2	-0.5
February	12.6	12.5	6.9	13.1	10.7	10.8	9.5	16.8	9.2	9.9	7.3	8.8	8.2	8.7	7.7	-0.9
March	11.9	11.7	7.0	13.7	11.5	11.8	8.5	20.4	9.0	9.5	8.7	5.4	7.6	8.2	7.0	
April	10.8	10.8	6.6	15.9	12.1	12.4	8.8	20.6	8.8	9.3	8.4	2.9				
May	10.0	9.8	6.7	9.9	11.9	12.2	8.8	20.1	8.3	8.6	7.2	2.8				
June	10.1	10.0	6.7	8.6	11.8	12.1	8.9	19.4	7.3	7.4	7.0	-3.7				
July	10.4	10.4	7.1	10.3	10.4	10.7	8.7	17.3	6.4	6.3	6.3	-2.1				
August	10.9	11.5	8.2	10.3	8.5	8.8	7.0	14.0	6.5	6.3	5.3	2.3				
September	11.0	11.7	7.6	14.1	8.2	8.5	7.9	11.8	6.2	6.3	3.8	4.5				
October	11.0	11.4	8.1	16.9	7.1	7.5	7.6	6.0	6.7	7.0	4.6	4.0				
November	10.2	10.2	8.9	13.5	9.1	10.4	7.0	9.1	4.3	4.1	4.2	-1.6				
December	10.3	10.3	9.7	12.8	9.6	10.4	7.1	9.2	4.7	4.7	4.4	-0.4				

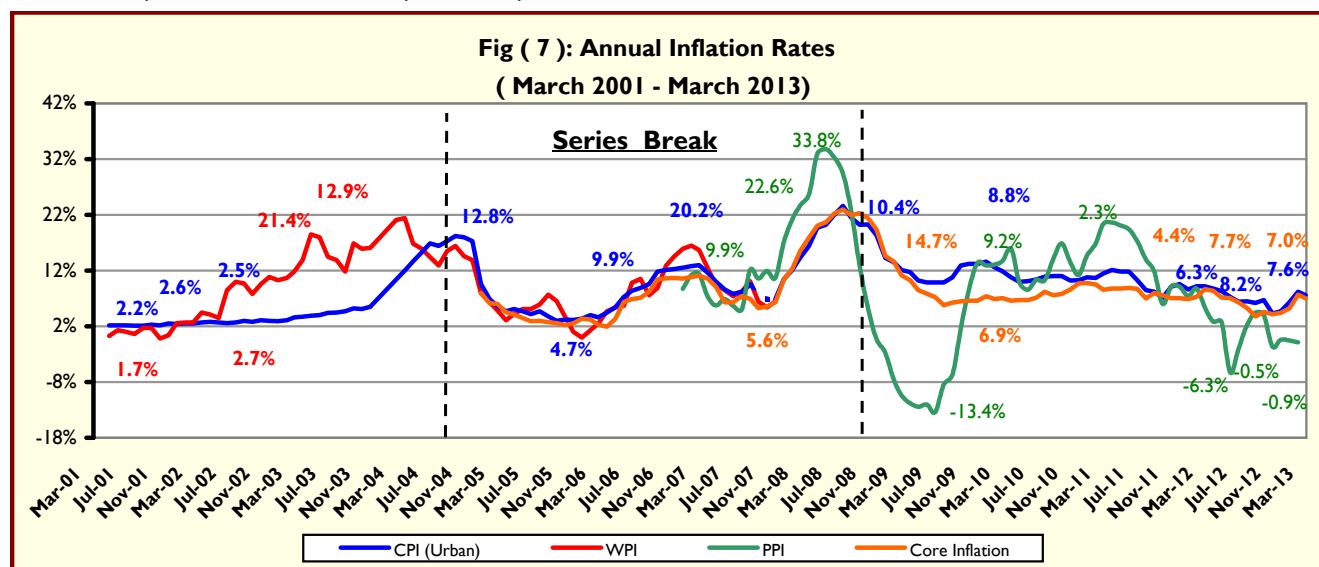
Source: CAPMAS.

1/ Starting August 2009, CPI Urban data is based on the weights derived from 2008/2009 income and expenditure survey, and using January 2010 as a base month. Prior to this date, the basket and weights were derived from 2004/2005 income and expenditure survey taking January 2007 as a base month.

2/ The new series of Producer Price Index was issued by CAPMAS starting September 2007, using 2004/2005 prices of goods and services as a base period, and deriving sub-group weights from average values of agricultural, industrial and services production for the years 2002/2003 and 2003/2004. It is worth mentioning that Producer Price Index series before September 2007 are not available so far.

3/The Central Bank of Egypt launched "Core Inflation Index" derived from the CAPMAS headline CPI, however it excludes items characterized by inherent price volatility and those with managed prices, specifically 'fruits and vegetables' (6.9 percent of headline CPI basket) as well as 'regulated items' (18.7 percent of headline CPI basket).

4/ It is noteworthy that detailed data for February 2013 is not yet available .



Source: CAPMAS.

Table (5): Inflation in Consumer Prices ^{1/}
(Percent Change)

	Year on Year Quarterly 2/				Year on Year Monthly 3/				
	Jan-Mar 2012	Jul-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan- Mar 2013	Mar-12	Dec-12	Jan-13	Feb-13	Mar-13
CPI Inflation	8.9	6.3	5.2	7.4	9.0	4.7	6.3	8.2	7.6
Food & Beverages	11.6	8.5	6.7	8.7	10.9	5.8	7.9	9.3	8.9
Tobacco	37.4	8.8	2.8	7.7	37.4	0.0	7.7	7.7	7.7
Clothing & Footwear	5.8	3.9	2.3	2.7	6.8	2.0	0.8	4.1	3.3
Housing, Water, Electricity and Fuel	9.1	5.3	3.7	4.5	10.2	3.2	5.3	4.7	3.6
Furniture and Equipment and Maintenance	6.5	6.7	5.1	7.0	6.7	4.8	5.9	7.6	7.3
Medical Care	0.5	1.8	3.2	9.8	0.3	4.4	4.4	12.5	12.5
Transportation Expenditures	1.8	2.3	2.4	3.0	2.9	2.4	3.2	4.0	1.9
Communication	-5.7	-2.8	0.7	0.7	-4.5	0.6	1.4	0.6	-0.1
Entertainment	8.7	8.7	6.3	8.6	8.1	6.4	8.6	8.8	8.3
Education	9.9	9.9	11.4	11.4	9.9	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4
Hotels and Restaurants	2.0	3.3	4.3	15.0	2.8	4.2	4.2	20.8	19.6
Miscellaneous	3.0	0.6	0.9	0.7	2.8	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.7

Source: CAPMAS.

1/ In urban areas.

2/ Change in index over the same quarter in the previous year . Starting the period July-September 2010, data are based on new CPI series recently published by CAPMAS which use January 2010 as a base month and assume new weights for sub-groups in accordance with 2008/2009 income expenditure survey.

3/ Change in index over the same month in the previous year . Starting January 2009, data are based on new CPI series recently published by CAPMAS.

Table (6): Inflation in Producer Prices According to Economic Activity Classification ^{1/}

(Percent Change)

	Year on Year Quarterly 2/				Year on Year Monthly 3/				
	Oct-Dec 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	July-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-12	Oct-12	Nov-12	Dec-12	Jan-13
Overall PPI Inflation ^{4/}	8.1	0.7	1.6	0.7	7.4	4.0	-1.6	-0.4	-0.5
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	5.5	0.8	2.6	-4.5	9.7	4.5	-9.8	-8.1	-5.2
activities	5.4	-0.3	2.0	-5.2	9.7	4.5	-10.9	-9.1	-6.0
Fishing and Aquaculture	6.1	16.7	10.5	5.1	9.2	3.3	5.9	6.0	5.8
Mining and Quarrying	19.6	-3.1	0.2	2.7	13.7	5.5	0.6	2.2	1.1
Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas	19.7	-3.8	-0.4	2.2	13.6	4.9	0.0	1.7	0.6
Other mining and quarrying	15.3	81.5	61.6	59.2	24.5	58.5	59.5	59.5	52.1
Manufacturing	5.9	2.7	0.5	0.9	3.6	-0.1	1.2	1.6	1.9
Food products	4.6	4.3	1.8	2.1	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.1	1.9
Beverages	4.1	2.8	0.3	0.1	4.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0
Tobacco products	6.7	12.8	8.2	8.2	9.1	8.2	8.2	8.2	4.5
Textiles	22.7	15.2	14.8	3.2	20.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	4.7
Wearing apparel	4.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Leather and related products	0.6	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wood and wood products	19.8	11.9	6.5	2.3	11.5	3.1	2.1	1.7	1.7
Paper and paper products	4.6	1.7	6.3	4.5	3.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
Printing and reproduction of recorded media	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Coke and refined petroleum	5.6	5.3	0.6	1.5	5.1	1.7	1.7	1.0	1.9
Chemicals and chemical products	6.8	1.4	6.0	6.7	5.1	6.5	6.5	7.3	6.5
Pharmaceuticals, medicinal, chemical and botanical products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4
Rubber and plastic products	-1.0	2.1	3.9	1.4	-6.0	1.7	1.2	1.2	6.7
Other non-metallic mineral products	-7.0	-2.0	-2.4	5.5	-3.3	-1.9	9.6	9.7	2.8
Basic Metals	10.0	-4.3	-9.6	-7.9	-0.2	-11.8	-7.4	-4.3	-1.6
Fabricated Metal products, except machinery and equipment	2.2	-2.5	-2.8	-0.6	1.0	-1.2	-0.6	-0.2	1.4
Computer, electronic and optical products	3.2	3.0	-10.2	-11.8	3.2	-11.8	-11.8	-11.8	-11.8
Electrical equipment	17.6	2.1	2.5	1.9	18.3	2.2	2.3	1.3	3.3
Machinery and Equipment, n.o.i	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers	4.5	2.9	3.5	0.7	4.5	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Other transport Equipment	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Furniture	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Other manufacturing	21.9	8.2	2.6	4.5	21.2	5.2	-1.0	9.9	7.5
Electricity, steam, gas and air conditioning supply	0.0	0.0	7.3	8.2	0.0	7.3	7.3	9.9	10.6
Water supply, sewerage, waste management, and remediation activities	7.3	7.3	2.3	0.0	7.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Water collection, treatment and supply	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Waste collection, treatment and disposal activities	13.6	13.6	4.2	0.0	13.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Transportation and storage	3.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Land transport and transport via Pipelines	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Water transport	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Air Transport	3.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Postal and courier activities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Accommodation and Food Service Activities	-1.6	3.3	10.1	34.8	-3.6	34.8	34.8	34.8	5.8
Accommodation	-2.6	3.2	12.0	50.8	-7.1	50.8	50.8	50.8	1.4
Food and beverage service activities	0.0	3.3	6.9	7.9	2.7	7.9	7.9	7.9	13.2
Information and communications	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Source: CAPMAS.

1/ The new series of Producer Price Index was issued by CAPMAS starting September 2007, using 2004/2005 prices of goods and services as a base period, and deriving sub-group weights from average values of agricultural, industrial and services production for the years 2002/2003 and 2003/2004.

2/ Change in index over the same quarter in the previous year.

3/ Change in index over the same month in the previous year .

4/ It is noteworthy that detailed data for the month February 2013 are not yet available .

DOMESTIC PRICES

Table (7): Inflation in Producer Prices According to End Use Classification ^{1/}

	Year on Year Quarterly 2/				Year on Year Monthly 3/				
	Oct-Dec 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	July-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-12	Oct-12	Nov-12	Dec-12	Jan-13
Overall PPI Index ^{4/}	8.1	0.7	1.6	0.7	7.4	4.0	-1.6	-0.4	-0.5
Fuel	5.6	5.3	0.6	1.5	5.1	1.7	1.7	1.0	1.9
Raw Materials	22.7	-1.9	-1.8	1.8	17.0	5.0	0.2	0.1	0.2
Intermediate Goods	4.5	-1.7	-2.6	-0.9	1.0	-3.2	-0.4	0.8	1.4
Non-Durable Consumer Goods	2.9	1.9	5.0	-2.7	6.6	4.5	-7.6	-5.0	-3.4
Durable Consumer Goods	5.9	2.1	-0.7	2.5	6.5	2.7	2.7	1.9	3.1
Capital Goods	9.4	2.0	0.6	0.1	5.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1

Table (8): Inflation in Producer Prices According to Stage of Processing Classification ^{1/}

	Year on Year Quarterly 2/				Year on Year Monthly 3/				
	Oct-Dec 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	July-Sep 2012	Oct-Dec 2012	Jan-12	Oct-12	Nov-12	Dec-12	Jan-13
Overall PPI Index ^{4/}	8.1	0.7	1.6	0.7	7.4	4.0	-1.6	-0.4	-0.5
Fuel	19.3	-2.2	-0.2	2.4	13.7	4.9	0.4	1.8	1.0
Cotton	-20.7	-20.7	-20.7	-2.2	-20.7	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.2
Raw Materials	5.8	1.7	3.4	-4.0	10.7	5.1	-9.3	-7.5	-4.7
Semi-Finished Goods	2.2	1.8	0.1	1.6	0.6	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.8
Finished Goods	6.6	2.1	0.6	-0.1	4.0	-1.6	0.3	1.0	1.3

Source: CAPMAS.

1/ The new series of Producer Price Index was issued by CAPMAS starting September 2007, using 2004/2005 prices of goods and services as a base period, and deriving sub-group weights from average values of agricultural, industrial and services production for the years 2002/2003 and 2003/2004.

2/ Change in index over the same quarter in the previous year.

3/ Change in index over the same month in the previous year.

4/ It is noteworthy that detailed data for February 2013 are not yet available .

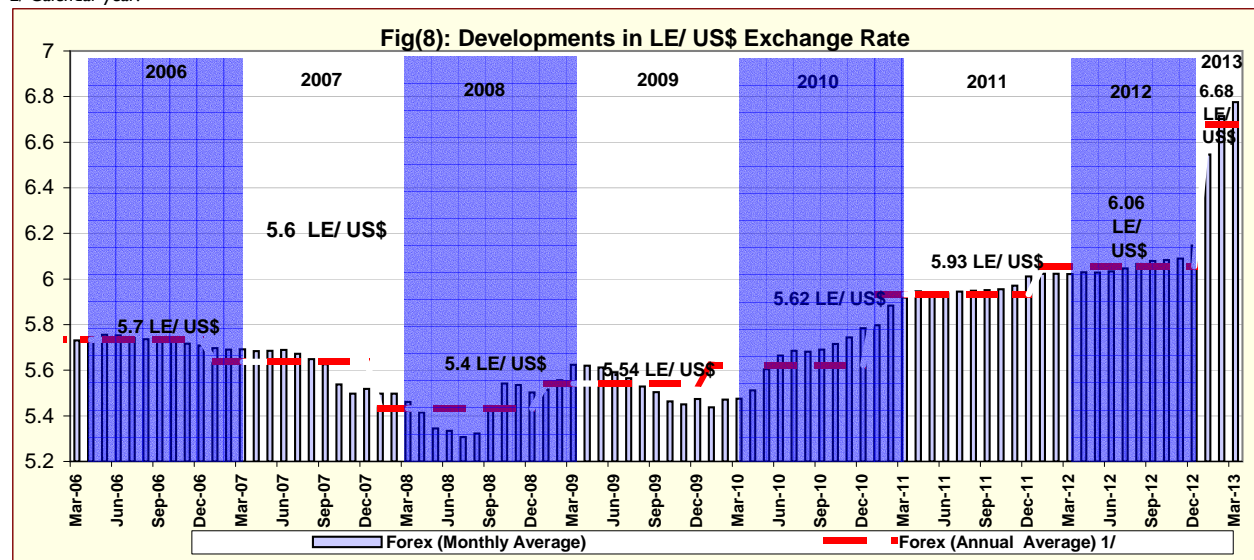
Table (9) : Exchange Rates

	Domestic Market			International Markets	
	(LE / currency units) ^{1/}			(US \$ / currency units)	
	US Dollar	Pound Sterling	Euro	Euro	Pound Sterling
Yearly Averages ^{2/}					
2003	5.861	9.595	6.654	1.132	1.636
2004	6.194	11.348	7.701	1.244	1.833
2005	5.779	10.569	7.226	1.246	1.821
2006	5.733	10.648	7.255	1.256	1.843
2007	5.636	11.448	7.836	1.370	2.002
2008	5.431	10.186	8.078	1.471	1.855
2009	5.542	8.764	7.804	1.394	1.565
2010	5.622	8.783	7.541	1.329	1.546
2011	5.933	9.535	8.277	1.393	1.604
2012	6.056	9.614	7.801	1.286	1.585
Monthly Averages					
Mar-11	5.918	9.574	8.294	1.400	1.616
Apr-11	5.947	9.735	8.597	1.444	1.635
May-11	5.935	9.740	8.539	1.434	1.636
Jun-11	5.937	9.659	8.560	1.438	1.623
Jul-11	5.945	9.617	8.523	1.431	1.615
Aug-11	5.949	9.749	8.542	1.435	1.637
Sep-11	5.951	9.443	8.238	1.381	1.583
Oct-11	5.956	9.411	8.185	1.370	1.576
Nov-11	5.971	9.473	8.132	1.359	1.583
Dec-11	6.011	9.389	7.937	1.319	1.560
Jan-12	6.023	9.357	7.782	1.290	1.551
Feb-12	6.023	9.532	7.978	1.322	1.580
Mar-12	6.022	9.546	7.972	1.321	1.582
Apr-12	6.029	9.624	7.922	1.317	1.600
May-12	6.028	9.641	7.761	1.284	1.595
Jun-12	6.033	9.385	7.569	1.254	1.554
Jul-12	6.047	9.460	7.464	1.231	1.560
Aug-12	6.066	9.546	7.527	1.239	1.571
Sep-12	6.079	9.805	7.832	1.286	1.609
Oct-12	6.085	9.810	7.913	1.297	1.608
Nov-12	6.090	9.744	7.829	1.283	1.597
Dec-12	6.147	9.922	8.064	1.311	1.613
Jan-13	6.546	10.452	8.683	1.328	1.599
Feb-13	6.714	10.439	8.998	1.338	1.553
Mar-13	6.775	10.223	8.792	1.298	1.509

Sources: Central Bank of Egypt, Reuters and Oanda (www.oanda.com).

1/ Average of the Bid / Ask rates. (Mid Point)

2/ Calendar year.



Source: Central Bank of Egypt and Reuters.

1/ Calendar year average.

Section 4

FISCAL SECTOR

Table (10) Summary of Government Fiscal Operations-----	25
Table (11) Budget Sector: Summary of Main Budget Operations-----	26 -27
Table (12-a): Revenues Breakdown (Main Tax Revenues)-----	28
Table (12-b): Revenues Breakdown (Non-Tax Revenues)-----	29
Table (13) Receipts by Customs Authority-----	30
Table (14) Expenditures Breakdown-----	31 -32

Table (10): Summary of Government Fiscal Operations

(LE Million)

	2007/08		2008/09		2009/10		2010/11		2011/12		2012/13 #
	Actual		Actual		Actual		Actual		Actual		Revised Budget ^{1/}
	Budget Sector ^{2/}	General Government ^{3/}	Budget Sector ^{2/}	General Government ^{3/}	Budget Sector ^{2/}	General Government ^{3/}	Budget Sector ^{2/}	General Government ^{3/}	Budget Sector ^{2/}	General Government ^{3/}	Budget Sector ^{2/}
Total Revenues	221,404	248,834	282,505	288,544	268,114	303,374	265,286	302,010	303,622	348,864	396,227
Tax Revenues	137,195	137,195	163,222	163,222	170,494	170,495	192,072	192,073	207,410	207,409	266,905
Grants	1,463	1,463	7,984	7,984	4,333	4,332	2,287	2,287	10,104	10,104	9,923
Other Revenues	82,746	110,177	111,299	117,339	93,288	128,547	70,927	107,650	86,108	131,351	119,399
Total Expenditures	282,290	305,794	351,500	356,942	365,987	396,693	401,866	440,411	470,992	516,422	586,843
Wages and Salaries	62,839	63,532	76,147	76,968	85,369	86,377	96,271	97,560	122,818	124,457	143,113
Purchases of Goods and Services	18,470	18,789	25,072	25,203	28,059	28,246	26,148	26,645	26,826	27,079	28,969
Interest Payments	50,528	40,946	52,810	43,755	72,333	62,199	85,077	76,362	104,441	93,401	138,612
Subsidies, Grants and Social benefits	92,371	124,249	127,033	140,261	102,974	142,360	123,125	168,265	150,193	204,454	182,847
Other Expenditures	23,892	23,983	27,007	27,276	28,901	29,047	31,364	31,553	30,796	31,072	34,687
Purchases of Non-Financial assets	34,191	34,297	43,430	43,479	48,350	48,464	39,881	40,026	35,918	35,959	58,615
Cash Deficit ^{4/}	60,886	56,960	68,995	68,398	97,872	93,319	136,580	138,401	167,370	167,558	190,616
Net Acquisition of Financial assets	236	10,603	2,831	3,980	166	5,477	-2,120	-4,263	-665	-1,866	-5,139
Overall Fiscal Deficit	61,122	67,563	71,826	72,378	98,038	98,796	134,460	134,138	166,705	165,692	185,476
Memorandum items:											
Overall Deficit/ GDP (%) ^{5/}	6.8	7.5	6.9	6.9	8.1	8.2	9.8	9.8	10.8	10.7	10.7
Primary Deficit / GDP (%) ^{5/}	1.2	3.0	1.8	2.7	2.1	3.0	3.6	4.2	4.0	4.7	2.7
Revenues/ GDP (%) ^{5/}	24.7	27.8	27.1	27.7	22.2	25.1	19.3	22.0	19.7	22.6	22.8
Expenditure/ GDP (%) ^{5/}	31.5	34.1	33.7	34.2	30.3	32.9	29.3	32.1	30.5	33.5	33.8

Source: Ministry of Finance.

* Preliminary.

Revised figures.

1/ Data reflects revised budget figures according to the Decree Number 27 for the year 2012, and the Presidential Decree Number 100 for the year 2012 regarding the Supplementary Budget. It is noteworthy that 2012/2013 budget figures will be revised periodically on monthly basis starting March 2013.

2/ Covers Central Administration and Local Governments, and Public Services Authorities.

3/ Includes consolidated operations for the Budget sector, National Investment Bank (NIB), and Social Insurance Funds (SIF). Data prepared on consolidated basis; excluding financial interrelations between the three bodies.

4/ Overall deficit excluding net acquisition of financial assets.

5/ According to the Ministry of Planning, GDP (at market prices) for 2012/2013 is projected to reach LE 1735 billion compared to a revised figure of LE 1542.3 billion in 2011/2012.

Table (11) Budget Sector : Summary of Main Budget Operations ^{1/ 2/}

(LE Millions)

	Revised Budget	Actuals						
	2012/13 # 3/	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2011/12 Jul-Mar	2012/13 * Jul-Mar
Total Revenues	396,227	221,404	282,505	268,114	265,286	303,622	197,521	208,155
Tax Revenues	266,905	137,195	163,222	170,494	192,072	207,410	132,290	156,014
Income Tax	121,654	67,059	80,255	76,618	89,593	91,245	54,274	62,891
Property Taxes	19,403	2,052	2,763	8,770	9,452	13,089	9,687	11,908
Taxes on Goods and Services	100,702	49,747	62,650	67,095	76,068	84,594	55,342	65,899
Taxes on International Trade	20,759	14,020	14,091	14,702	13,858	14,788	10,764	12,079
Other Taxes	4,388	4,317	3,464	3,309	3,102	3,694	2,223	3,237
Non-Tax Revenue	129,322	84,209	119,283	97,621	73,214	96,212	65,231	52,141
Grants	9,923	1,463	7,984	4,333	2,287	10,104	8,834	3,182
From Foreign Governments	8,782	1,155	7,535	3,497	924	9,339	8,718	3,019
From International Organizations	551	109	148	332	392	95	4	49
Other	591	198	301	503	971	670	112	114
Other Revenues	119,399	82,746	111,299	93,288	70,927	86,108	56,396	48,959
Property Income	69,973	52,455	53,395	54,571	41,188	55,979	42,359	29,101
Proceeds from Sales of Goods and Services	17,230	12,037	16,216	17,212	17,405	17,819	8,791	11,384
Fines, Penalties and Forfeits	8,003	247	566	421	640	519	206	298
Voluntary Transfers	253	557	514	684	916	673	94	267
Miscellaneous Revenues	23,940	17,450	40,608	20,400	10,779	11,118	4,947	7,909
Total Expenditures	586,843	282,290	351,500	365,987	401,866	470,992	310,813	382,479
Compensation of Employees	143,113	62,839	76,147	85,369	96,271	122,818	82,866	102,684
Purchases of Goods and Services	28,969	18,470	25,072	28,059	26,148	26,826	14,333	16,079
Interest Payments	138,612	50,528	52,810	72,333	85,077	104,441	78,012	101,494
Subsidies, Grants and Social benefits	182,847	92,371	127,033	102,974	123,125	150,193	95,438	116,726
Other Expenditures	34,687	23,892	27,007	28,901	31,364	30,796	21,644	24,398
Purchases of Non-Financial assets	58,615	34,191	43,430	48,350	39,881	35,918	18,520	21,098
Total Cash Deficit ^{4/}	190,616	60,886	68,995	97,872	136,580	167,370	113,292	174,324
Net Acquisition of Financial assets	-5,139	236	2,831	166	-2,120	-665	-154	1,563
Overall Fiscal Deficit	185,476	61,122	71,826	98,038	134,460	166,705	113,138	175,887
Memorandum items:								
Overall Deficit/ GDP (%) ^{5/}	10.7	6.8	6.9	8.1	9.8	10.8	7.3	10.1
Primary Deficit / GDP (%) ^{5/}	2.7	1.2	1.8	2.1	3.6	4.0	2.3	4.3
Revenues/ GDP (%) ^{5/}	22.8	24.7	27.1	22.2	19.3	19.7	12.8	12.0
Expenditure/ GDP (%) ^{5/}	33.8	31.5	33.7	30.3	29.3	30.5	20.2	22.0

Source: Ministry of Finance.

Revised figures.

* Preliminary.

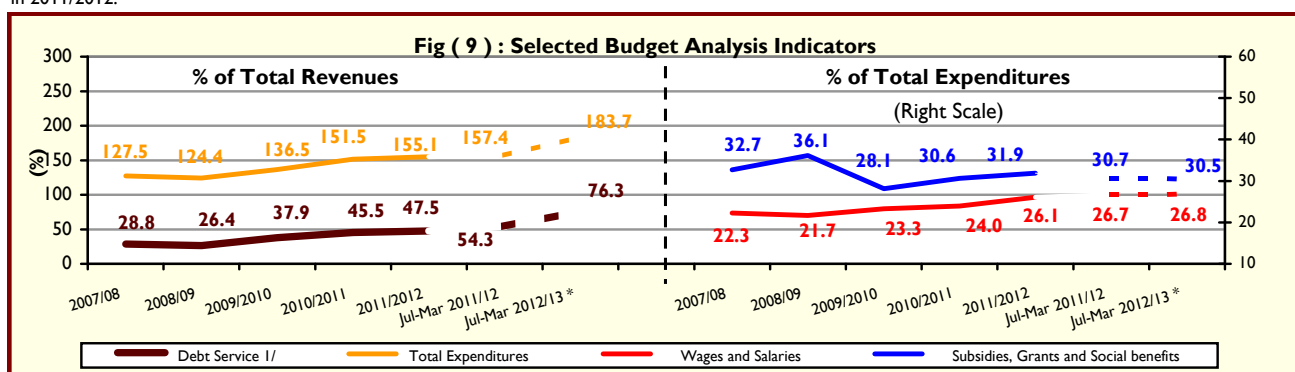
1/ Includes Central Administration and Local Governments, and Public Services Authorities.

2/ Based on IMF GFS 2001 (modified to cash basis).

3/ Data reflects revised budget figures according to the Decree Number 27 for the year 2012, and the Presidential Decree Number 100 for the year 2012 regarding the Supplementary Budget. It is noteworthy that 2012/2013 budget figures will be revised periodically on monthly basis starting March 2013.

4/ Overall deficit excluding net acquisition of financial assets.

5/ According to the Ministry of Planning, GDP (at market prices) for 2012/2013 is projected to reach LE 1735 billion compared to a revised figure of LE 1542.3 billion in 2011/2012.



Source: Ministry of Finance.

* Preliminary.

1/ Includes Interest and Principal Payments (excluding arrears).

Table (11) Budget Sector : Summary of Main Budget Operations ^{1/} (continued)

(LE Millions)

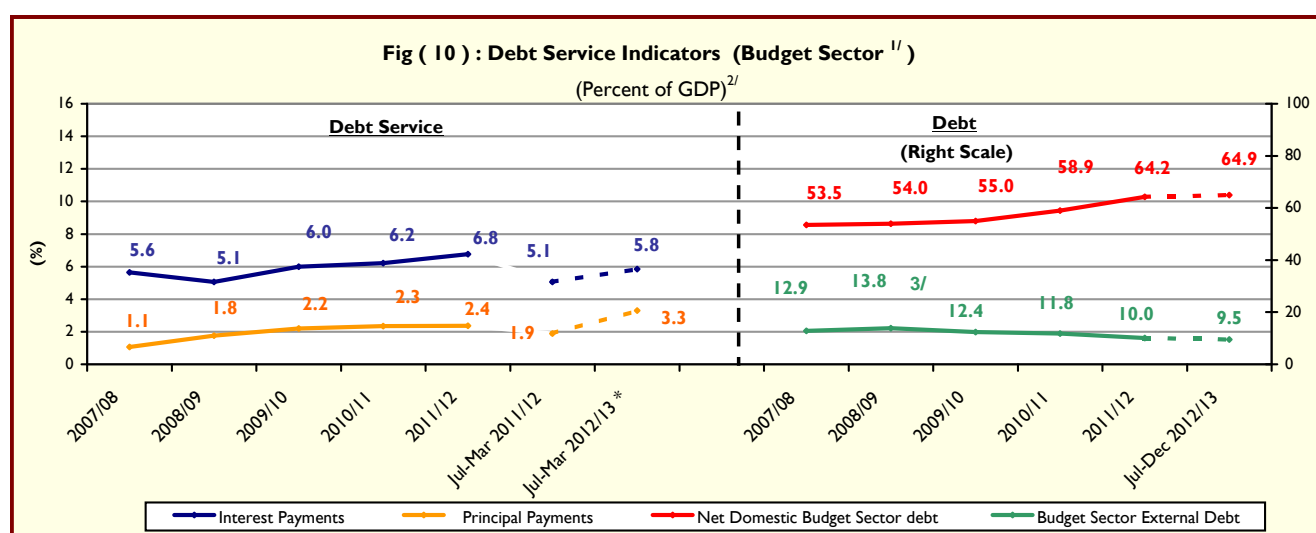
	Actuals						Jul- Dec
	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13
Overall Fiscal Deficit	54,697	61,122	71,826	98,038	134,460	166,705	91,472
Sources of Finance	54,697	61,122	71,826	98,038	134,460	166,705	91,472
Net Privatization Proceeds	172	673	183	425	22	0	0
Domestic Sources	33,286	527	83,627	101,492	144,295	182,218	136,298
Non-Banks	54,212	3,714	-15,191	61,229	34,712	35,844	40,050
Banks	-20,926	-3,187	98,818	40,263	109,583	146,374	96,248
Foreign Sources	3,581	11,439	-1,812 ^{2/}	2,458	5,022	-9,062	-3,760
Blocked Accounts Used in Amortization of CBE Bonds	-	38,970	-	-	-	-	-
Payments of Outstanding Arrears	-693	-56	-4	-	-	-	-
Other	19,922	14,791	-602	347	3,553	-443	-7,955
Exchange Rate Revaluation	-432	-4,276	3,366	1,328	3,922	1,533	3,107
Difference between T-Bills face value and present value	-1,168	-1,149	-10,915	-227	-7,419	-11,376	-2,900
Undistributed	29	203	-2,017	-7,785	-14,935	3,835	-33,318

FISCAL SECTOR

Source: Ministry of Finance.

1/ Based on IMF GFS 2001 (modified to cash basis).

2/ Includes reclassified onlent loans that have been redefined as part of Central and Local Government debt instead of Other Sectors' External Debt .



Source: Ministry of Finance and Central Bank of Egypt.

* Preliminary.

1/ Includes Central Administration and Local Governments, and Public Services Authorities.

2/ According to the Ministry of Planning, GDP (at market prices) for 2012/2013 is projected to reach LE 1735 billion compared to a revised figure of LE 1542.3 billion in 2011/2012.

3/ Using CBE classification of government external debt. CBE reclassified US\$ 4.3 billion as part of Central and Local Government debt, that was only reflected in its statistics starting September 2008. It is noteworthy that such reclassification had not any impact on the total external debt .

**Table (12-a): Revenues Breakdown
(Main Tax Revenues)**

(LE Millions)

	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13 # 1/	2011/12 Jul-Mar	2012/13 * Jul-Mar
	Actuals					Revised Budget		
Total Revenues	221,404	282,505	268,114	265,286	303,622	396,227	197,521	208,155
Tax Revenues	137,195	163,222	170,494	192,072	207,410	266,905	132,290	156,014
Taxes on Income, Capital Gains and Profits, of which	67,059	80,255	76,618	89,593	91,245	121,654	54,274	62,891
Taxes on income from employment	7,351	9,144	11,401	13,393	16,010	20,835	11,506	14,401
Taxes on income from activity other than employment	4,102	5,080	4,918	5,485	5,582	9,081	2,644	3,436
Capital Gains Tax	43	60	84	177	104	98	68	90
Taxes on Corporate Profits, of which	55,563	65,971	60,215	70,538	69,550	89,740	40,057	44,964
From EGPC	29,268	34,135	32,181	34,308	34,075	45,816	21,826	15,753
From Suez Canal	10,268	10,391	9,443	10,900	11,800	14,095	8,200	8,900
From other companies	15,997	21,416	18,576	25,330 ^{2/}	23,674 ^{2/}	29,829	10,031	12,021
Taxes on Property	2,052	2,763	8,770	9,452	13,089	19,403	9,687	11,908
Recurrent Tax on Immovable Property	407	612	518	317	520	1,004	414	427
Lands	176	278	189	178	175	252	146	155
Buildings	231	334	329	139	346	752	268	272
Taxes on Financial and Capital Transactions, of which	534	546	6,415	7,323	10,575	15,554	7,816	9,973
Tax on T-bills and bonds' payable interest	-	-	5808	6711	9903	14,854	7,368	9,475
Taxes and Fees on Cars	1,111	1,605	1,837	1,813	1,993	2,844	1,457	1,508
Taxes on Goods and Services, of which	49,747	62,650	67,095	76,068	84,594	100,702	55,342	65,899
General Sales Tax on Goods	25,448	27,605	30,712	31,873	37,174	43,561	25,837	28,436
Domestic	8,927	9,542	11,735	12,923	15,566	19,638	10,237	10,277
Imported	16,521	18,063	18,977	18,950	21,607	23,923	15,600	18,160
General Sales Tax on Services	7,058	8,804	9,152	9,391	9,141	12,513	6,561	7,202
Excises on Domestic Commodities (Table I)	7,164	14,451	15,516	23,122	25,985	27,311	15,166	21,999
Excises on Imports (Table I)	27	23	50	55	71	100	54	39
Taxes on Specific Services	684	1,056	917	873	880	1,062	626	765
Stamp tax (excludes stamp tax on salaries)	4,303	5,165	5,062	5,065	5,465	8,568	3,409	3,632
Taxes on International Trade, of which	14,020	14,091	14,702	13,858	14,788	20,759	10,764	12,079
Tax on Valued Customs	12,956	13,064	13,242	12,997	13,955	19,710	10,120	11,294
Other Taxes	4,317	3,464	3,309	3,102	3,694	4,388	2,223	3,237

Source: Ministry of Finance

* Preliminary.

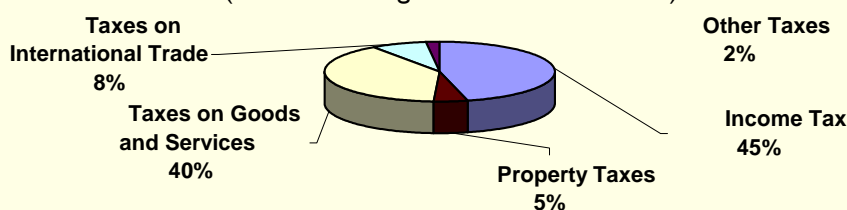
Revised figures.

1/

Data reflects revised budget figures according to the Decree Number 27 for the year 2012, and the Presidential Decree Number 100 for the year 2012 regarding the Supplementary Budget. It is noteworthy that 2012/2013 budget figures will be revised periodically on monthly basis starting March 2013.

2/ The noticeable increase in "Other Companies" sub item in 2010/2011 and 2011/2012 is attributed to the repayment of all accrued taxes on receipts from the sale of the third license. Worth noting that these taxes were previously recorded as part of "Other Property Income".

**Fig (11) : Breakdown of Tax Revenues
(4 Years Average : 2008/09 - 2011/12)**



Source: Ministry of Finance

**Table (12-b): Revenues Breakdown
(Non-Tax Revenues)**

(LE Millions)

	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13 # 1/	2011/12 Jul-Mar	2012/13 * Jul-Mar
	Actuals					Revised Budget		
Total Non-Tax revenues	84,209	119,283	97,621	73,214	96,212	129,322	65,231	52,141
Grants	1,463	7,984	4,333	2,287	10,104	9,923	8,834	3,182
From Foreign Governments	1,155	7,535	3,497	924	9,339	8,782	8,718	3,019
From International Organizations	109	148	332	392	95	551	4.2	48.5
Other	198	301	503	971	670	591	112	114
Other Revenues	82,746	111,299	93,288	70,927	86,108	119,399	56,396	48,959
Property Income	52,455	53,395	54,571	41,188	55,979	69,973	42,359	29,101
Interest Income, of which	1,335	4,849	3,928	1,130	1,078	1,784	878	566
Onlent Loans (included interests on foreign loans re-lent by the treasury)	1,043	4,588	3,772	979	909	1,619	790	473
Dividends, of which	46,112	40,356	43,186	41,315	52,358	64,379	39,528	25,762
EGPC	25,282	21,637	25,546	21,010	15,027	25,986	14,000	7,565
Suez Canal	15,098	13,573	12,729	15,252	16,118	18,636	11,415	11,514
Economic Authorities	3,047	1,245	1,431	1,287	2,207	2,908	1,608	1,406
Public Enterprise Sector Companies	2,784	3,873	3,099	3,263	2,987	4,500	2,616	396
Rent, of which	1,901	7,536	5,899	1,655	3,078	3,410	1,952	2,412
Royalties on Petroleum	1,444	3,662	2,750	1,465	2,800	2,933	1,800	2,200
Other Property Income ^{2/}	3,108	655	1,557	-2,912 ^{3/}	-534 ^{3/}	400	0	361
Sales of Goods and Services	12,037	16,216	17,212	17,405	17,819	17,230	8,791	11,384
Service fees, of which	11,986	14,758	15,977	17,280	17,789	17,207	8,777	11,371
Current revenue from special accounts and funds ^{4/ 5/}	9,393	11,468	12,268	13,741	14,290	12,005	6,119	9,027
Sales of Goods, of which	51	1,458	1,235	125	30	23	14	13
Revenue from natural gas price reform ^{6/}	-	1,415	1,200	100	0	0	0	0
Fines, Penalties and Forfeits	247	566	421	640	519	8,003	206	298
Voluntary Transfers other than grants	557	514	684	916	673	253	94	267
Current	330	393	460	676	497	198	82	185
Capital	226	120	225	240	176	56	11.9	82.3
Miscellaneous Revenues	17,450	40,608	20,400	10,779	11,118	23,940	4,947	7,909
Current	5,505	31,055	3,373	2,865	3,527	4,651	2,194	5,081
Capital, of which	11,945	9,554	17,027	7,914	7,592	19,289	2,753	2,828
Decrease in Advanced payments ^{7/}	2,150	3,091	3,081	3,580	3,254	52	714	1,027
Other capital revenue to finance investments	3,389	4,643	5,567	4,550	3,166	10,623	1,298	1,218

FISCAL SECTOR

Source: Ministry of Finance

Revised figures.

* Preliminary.

1/ Data reflects revised budget figures according to the Decree Number 27 for the year 2012, and the Presidential Decree Number 100 for the year 2012 regarding the Supplementary Budget. It is noteworthy that 2012/2013 budget figures will be revised periodically on monthly basis starting March 2013.

2/ Other property income was marked in FY 2009/2010 by exceptional revenues worth LE 1.6 billion, as well as in FY 2007/2008 by LE 3.1 billion from granting the "third generation" licence to mobile companies. As for FY 2006/2007, it was marked by LE 15.2 billion earned from the sale of the third mobile license to a foreign investor.

3/ It is worth noting that this item has a negative sign because it includes revenues from the sale of the third mobile license that was previously recorded as profits. Yet, during 2010/2011, and 2011/2012 dues to the tax authority on these profits were fully settled. Therefore, the amount of tax repayment was deducted from other property income against an equal increase in the sub item "Other Companies" under the First Chapter "Tax Revenues".

4/ Revenues from special accounts and funds belonging to budget sector entities like public universities, medical centers and research institutes. Such revenues are met by equivalent amounts on the expenditures side.

5/ Includes additional 20 percent receipts of the Special Accounts and Funds for the Ministry of Finance starting July 2012/2013 according to law Number 27 for the year 2012.

6/ Reflects the impact of enacting Law 114, 2008 on revenues from sale of natural gas at higher prices to energy-intensive industries. The revenues depicted above reflect the impact of price reform.

7/ Reflects allocations to finance investment projects in previous year, which were not used during that year. Such allocations are thus carried forward to the current fiscal year and recorded as self-financing sources of investment under miscellaneous revenues.

Table (13): Receipts by Customs Authority ^{1/}
(Based on U.N. Broad Economic Category Classification)

(LE Millions)

Code	Imports					Customs Revenue 2/				
	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	Jul-Mar 2012/13 *	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	Jul-Mar 2012/13 *
Total	247,704	238,930	327,026	362,889	291,166	14,091	14,655	13,857	14,758	12,157
	(8.1)	-(3.5)	(36.9)	(11.0)	(9.1)	(0.6)	(4.0)	-(5.4)	(6.5)	(21.8)
111 Primary Foodstuffs (for Industry)	16,093	18,052	24,628	29,286	25,424	5	5	19	24	16
112 Primary Foodstuffs (for consumption)	2,181	2,770	6,600	9,010	6,833	48	46	31	102	87
121 Manufactured Foodstuffs (for Industry)	8,651	7,475	12,599	26,425	10,825	117	47	41	24	16
122 Manufactured Foodstuffs (for consumption)	7,931	7,825	15,310	19,423	14,620	323	352	1,090	425	348
21 Primary Industrial Inputs	17,516	17,517	28,992	33,883	24,892	181	211	175	155	91
22 Primary Manufactured Inputs	89,304	91,507	107,471	125,256	100,435	3,393	2,756	2,334	2,439	1,665
31 Fuel and oil (crude)	5,828	10,456	3,670	7,205	3,900	2	185	154	0	0
32 Manufactured Fuels, Oil (Other)	12,271	2,890	16,278	19,121	16,390	121	368	899	1,268	1,034
41 Capital goods, except transport equipment	34,594	29,625	40,165	27,051	28,722	879	996	851	769	545
42 Spare parts and accessories for capital goods	11,588	11,745	17,087	16,209	13,346	443	483	507	512	362
51 Passenger motor cars	7,580	7,656	7,573	7,316	7,449	2,931	3,234	2,388	3,127	1,953
52 Motor cars (other)	6,555	6,387	9,055	7,047	6,380	1121	847	846	794	526
53 Spare parts and accessories for transportation	6,703	7,739	13,645	13,323	11,887	557	513	634	723	506
61 Durable consumption goods	10,188	5,050	4,621	4,001	4,222	432	415	743	652	448
62 Semi-durable consumption goods	2,943	3,427	7,094	5,944	5,345	564	569	1,113	631	534
63 Non-Durable consumption goods	7,768	8,765	12,057	12,256	10,439	454	490	560	261	228
7 Other Commodities	11	45	182	133	57	2,520	3,140	1,470	2,852	3,798
Memorandum Items										
Total Imports (US\$ Millions) _{3/}	44,943	43,344	56,288	60,492	46,342					
Customs / GDP						1.4	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.7
Customs / Total Revenues and grants						5.0	5.5	5.2	4.9	5.8
Customs / Total Taxes 4/						9.1	9.0	7.5	7.4	8.1

Sources: Ministry of Finance, Egyptian Customs Authority.

() Percent change over same period in previous year.

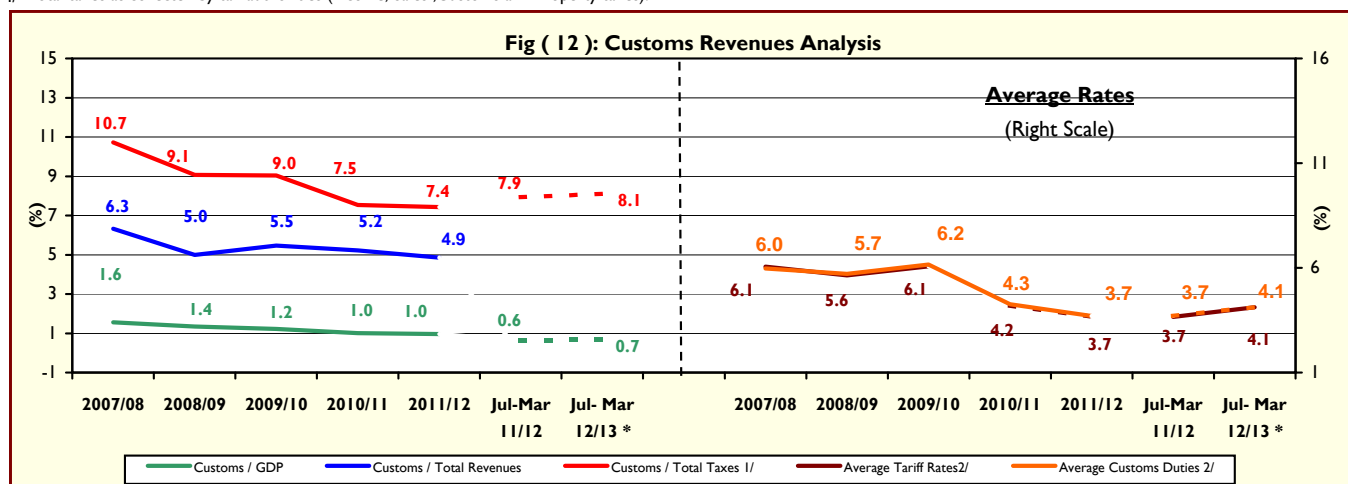
* Preliminary.

1/ Aggregate receipts in this table may differ from those presented in the Budget due to different distribution of Customs Authority proceeds among various budget lines, such as taxes on international trade, taxes on goods and services, and other taxes.

2/ Includes sovereign as well as current revenues. It is noteworthy to mention that Customs Revenue data for FY 2010/2011 are currently being revised on monthly basis.

3/ According to the Ministry of Planning, GDP (at market prices) for 2012/2013 is projected to reach LE 1735 billion compared to a revised figure of LE 1542.3 billion in 2011/2012.

4/ Total taxes as collected by tax authorities (Income, Sales ,Customs and Property taxes).



Sources: Ministry of Finance, Egyptian Customs Authority.

* Preliminary.

1/ Total taxes as collected by tax authorities (Income, Sales ,Customs and Property taxes).

2/ As percent of total imports.

Table (14): Expenditures Breakdown ^{1/}

(LE Millions)

	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13 # 2/ Revised Budget	2011/12 Jul-Mar	2012/13 * Jul-Mar
	Actuals							
Total Expenditures	282,290	351,500	365,987	401,866	470,992	586,843	310,813	382,479
Compensation of Employees, of which	62,839	76,147	85,369	96,271	122,818	143,113	82,866	102,684
Salaries and wages in cash and in-kind	51,172	62,658	70,321	78,270	99,926	112,631	67,849	84,995
Permanent staff	13,939	15,157	15,840	17,917	19,959	23,217	14,328	17,010
Temporary staff	701	969	1,191	1,748	2,124	2,238	1,598	1,409
Rewards	21,943	26,710	29,940	35,093	52,729	58,980	35,002	44,212
Specific Allowances	3,966	6,223	9,381	9,981	11,207	14,393	7,370	11,722
Cash Benefit/Allowance	9,051	11,738	11,710	11,396	11,397	11,095	8,170	9,107
In-kind Benefit/Allowance	1,573	1,861	2,260	2,135	2,509	2,708	1,382	1,535
Insurance Benefits	6,165	7,210	7,850	9,103	11,589	12,580	8,129	10,008
Government share in government insurance fund	5,464	6,412	6,970	8,070	10,306	10,966	7,209	8,777
Other Insurance benefits	701	798	880	1,033	1,283	1,614	920	1,231
Purchases of Goods and Services, of which	18,470	25,072	28,059	26,148	26,826	28,969	14,333	16,079
Goods, of which	7,272	11,404	11,967	9,979	10,599	13,412	6,186	7,382
Raw materials	3,102	3,482	4,149	4,031	4,299	6,379	2,629	3,319
Operating Fuels, oil, and moving parts	641	1,046	1,537	871	955	989	535	605
Water and Lighting	2,621	5,831	4,993	3,846	4,159	4,301	2,403	2,709
Services, of which	7,625	9,805	11,442	10,716	11,516	11,998	6,374	7,615
Maintenance	2,401	2,925	3,428	3,336	3,194	4,378	1,867	2,310
Copy expenditures, periodicals, and writing rights	1,284	1,094	1,264	842	1,185	1,227	719	1,084
Public transportation	1,134	1,349	1,900	2,112	2,106	2,447	1,524	1,697
Various Services 3/	1,745	3,158	3,459	3,133	3,850	2,795	1,771	1,894
Other	3,574	3,864	4,650	5,453	4,711	3,560	1,772	1,082

FISCAL SECTOR

Sources: Ministry of Finance, Egyptian Tax Authority

Revised figures.

* Preliminary.

1/ Based on IMF GFS 2001 (modified to cash basis).

2/ Data reflects revised budget figures according to the Decree Number 27 for the year 2012, and the Presidential Decree Number 100 for the year 2012 regarding the Supplementary Budget. It is noteworthy that 2012/2013 budget figures will be revised periodically on monthly basis starting March 2013.

3/ Accounts for other various types of expenditures on services, of which judicial judgement execution expenses is most significant.

Table (14): Expenditures Breakdown (Continued)

(LE Millions)

	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13 # 1/	2011/12	2012/13 *
	Actuals					Revised Budget	Jul-Mar	Jul-Mar
Interest, of which	50,528	52,810	72,333	85,077	104,441	138,612	78,012	101,494
Foreign	3,737	3,598	2,840	3,416	3,418	6,091	2,804	3,070
Domestic (to Non-Government Individuals)	30,691	32,672	53,128	61,134	84,455	109,673	62,653	86,120
Domestic (to Government units)	15,892	16,403	16,178	20,400	16,420	22,641	12,527	12,286
Other	208	138	187	127	148	208	28	19
Subsidies, Grants and Social Benefits, of which	92,371	127,033	102,974	123,125	150,193	182,847	95,438	116,726
Subsidies	84,205	93,830	93,570	111,211	134,963	142,993	85,451	98,399
To Non-financial public corporations, of which	82,017	91,185	91,216	108,316	131,885	140,752	83,177	96,878
GASC	16,445	21,072	16,819	32,743	30,282	26,473	16,393	18,874
EGPC	60,249	62,703	66,524	67,680	95,535	100,000	62,477	72,219
To Financial public corporations	2,188	2,645	2,354	2,895	3,078	2,241	2,274	1,521
Grants	3,890	4,213	4,380	5,319	5,305	6,261	3,763	2,731
To foreign governments	2	169	128	200	219	243	160	98
To international organizations	-	-	-	1.2	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.5
To general government units	3,889	4,044	4,252	5,118	5,085	6,018	3,603	2,632
Social Benefits, of which	4,050	28,707	4,483	6,118	9,367	28,333	5,734	15,288
Social security benefits	993	1,236	1,464	2,048	2,581	3,033	2,535	3,011
Social assistance benefits ^{2/}	2,600	26,805	2,400	3,438	6,200	24,700	2,500	11,783
Service expenditures for non employees	418	625	570	572	516	529	649	432
Social benefits for employees	38	41	49	60	70	71	50	62
Other Expenditures, of which	23,892	27,007	28,901	31,364	30,796	34,687	21,644	24,398
Current Miscellaneous Expenditures	3,387	3,909	3,909	3,365	3,026	3,406	1,735	1,860
Taxes and fees	95	100	74	67	58	92	40	65
Contributions	324	256	246	162	345	330	175	101
Other	2,967	3,553	3,589	3,136	2,623	2,984	1,521	1,694
Contingency Reserves ^{3/}	20,505	23,098	24,992	28,000	27,770	31,281	19,909	22,537
Purchases of Non-Financial Assets (Investments), of which	34,191	43,430	48,350	39,881	35,918	58,615	18,520	21,098
Fixed Assets	28,186	34,654	39,205	33,303	28,997	52,489	16,547	19,248
Direct investment (including customs fees)	27,734	34,161	38,622	32,648	28,398	51,254	16,259	18,931
Postponed (operational) expenses	452	493	583	655	599	1,235	288	317
Non-Productive Assets ^{4/}	270	448	680	508	583	962	375	474
Other non-financial assets	5,735	8,329	8,465	6,070	6,337	4,878	1,599	1,377

Source: Ministry of Finance.

Revised figures.

* Preliminary.

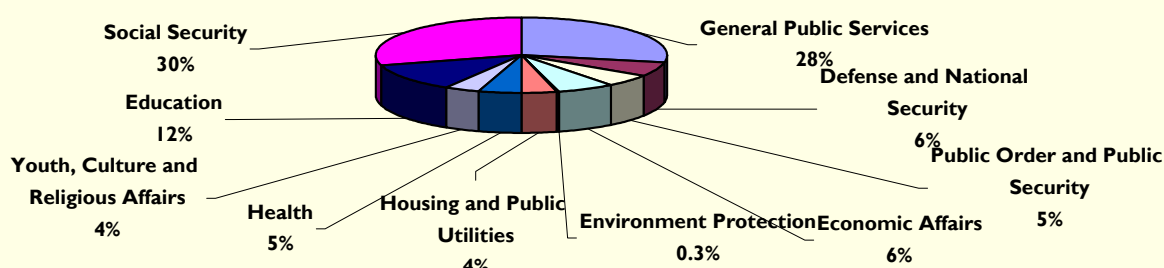
1/ Data reflects revised budget figures according to the Decree Number 27 for the year 2012, and the Presidential Decree Number 100 for the year 2012 regarding the Supplementary Budget. It is noteworthy that 2012/2013 budget figures will be revised periodically on monthly basis starting March 2013.

2/ Reflects Treasury contributions towards Pension Funds.

3/ Includes expenditures on defense.

4/ Reflects purchases of natural assets.

**Fig (13): Functional Classification of Public Expenditures
(4 Years Average : 2008/09 - 2011/12)**



Source: Ministry of Finance.

Section 5

GOVERNMENT DEBT & DEBT PROFILE

Table (15) Summary of Public Domestic Debt-----	35
Table (16) Budget Sector Domestic Debt-----	36
Table (17) General Government Domestic Debt-----	37
Table (18) Domestic Public Debt-----	38
Table (19) Gross External Debt-----	39
Table (20) Debt Service Profile-----	40
Table (21) Government Securities Issuances-----	41
Table (22) Government Securities Quarterly Issuances Calendar-----	41
Table (23) Yield to Maturity (YTM) on Government Bonds-----	42

**Table (15) : Summary of Public Domestic Debt
At Different Consolidation Levels 1/**

(LE Millions)

	Annual Profile					Quarterly Profile			
	Jun-08	Jun-09	Jun-10	Jun-11	Jun-12 *	Dec-11	Mar-12	Sep-12	Dec-12 #
Gross Domestic Budget Sector Debt ^{2/}	599,603 (1.5)	699,667 (16.7)	808,384 (15.5)	967,290 (19.7)	1,155,312 (19.4)	1,058,359 (19.0)	1,089,432 (16.8)	1,238,638 (21.5)	1,293,851 (22.3)
Budget Sector Deposits	120,904 (7.2)	137,341 (13.6)	144,566 (5.3)	159,178 (10.1)	164,788 (3.5)	163,787 (9.0)	164,514 (7.0)	160,251 (-1.6)	167,027 (2.0)
Net Domestic Budget Sector Debt	478,699 (0.1)	562,326 (17.5)	663,818 (18.0)	808,112 (21.7)	990,524 (22.6)	894,572 (21.1)	924,918 (18.7)	1,078,387 (25.9)	1,126,824 (26.0)
Gross Consolidated General Government Domestic Debt ^{3/}	512,982 (5.5)	615,849 (20.1)	733,387 (19.1)	889,045 (21.2)	1,087,945 (22.4)	981,525 (21.8)	1,015,051 (19.7)	1,156,404 (22.8)	1,207,223 (23.0)
General Government Deposits	131,043 (12.0)	148,811 (13.6)	158,531 (6.5)	166,527 (5.0)	173,292 (4.1)	170,373 (4.8)	172,007 (4.7)	168,539 (-0.6)	175,615 (3.1)
Net Consolidated General Government Domestic Debt	381,939 (3.4)	467,038 (22.3)	574,856 (23.1)	722,518 (25.7)	914,653 (26.6)	811,152 (26.1)	843,044 (23.3)	987,865 (28.0)	1,031,607 (27.2)
Gross Consolidated Public Domestic Debt ^{4/}	537,533 (8.8)	643,628 (19.7)	769,783 (19.6)	932,460 (21.1)	1,129,030 (21.1)	1,019,644 (20.4)	1,052,669 (18.2)	1,190,750 (21.9)	1,246,876 (22.3)
Public Sector Deposits ^{5/}	150,501 (15.2)	167,733 (11.4)	170,171 (1.5)	191,116 (12.3)	198,066 (3.6)	189,972 (5.5)	191,714 (3.0)	184,005 (-0.9)	195,263 (2.8)
Net Consolidated Public Domestic Debt	387,032 (6.5)	475,895 (23.0)	599,612 (26.0)	741,344 (23.6)	930,964 (25.6)	829,672 (24.4)	860,955 (22.2)	1,006,745 (27.3)	1,051,613 (26.8)
Percent of GDP) 6/									
Gross Domestic Budget Sector Debt	67.0%	67.1%	67.0%	70.5%	74.9%	68.6%	70.6%	71.4%	74.6%
Net Domestic Budget Sector Debt	53.5%	54.0%	55.0%	58.9%	64.2%	58.0%	60.0%	62.2%	64.9%
Gross Consolidated General Government Domestic Debt	57.3%	59.1%	60.8%	64.8%	70.5%	63.6%	65.8%	66.7%	69.6%
Net Consolidated General Government Domestic Debt	42.7%	44.8%	47.6%	52.7%	59.3%	52.6%	54.7%	56.9%	59.5%
Gross Consolidated Public Domestic Debt	60.0%	61.8%	63.8%	68.0%	73.2%	66.1%	68.3%	68.6%	71.9%
Net Consolidated Public Domestic Debt	43.2%	45.7%	49.7%	54.1%	60.4%	53.8%	55.8%	58.0%	60.6%

**GOVERNMENT DEBT
&
DEBT PROFILE**

Source: Ministry of Finance - Central Bank of Egypt.

() Annual percentage change
Revised.

- 1/ Domestic debt figures were revised in consistency with international standards of classification. Debt figures depict consolidated stocks at three different levels of compilation; the Budget Sector, the General Government, and the Public Sector. The Budget sector debt stock encompasses outstanding stocks of Central Administration, Local Governments, and Public Service Authorities. The General Government debt stock includes the consolidated debt stocks of the Budget sector, the NIB, and SIF. The Public sector debt stock corresponds to the consolidated debt of the General Government and Economic Authorities.
- 2/ Outstanding domestic debt stocks due on Central Administration, Local Governments, and Public Service Authorities.
- 3/ Consolidated domestic debt of the Budget sector, NIB, and SIF. This level of compilation entails the deduction of Budget Sector borrowings from NIB, MOF securities held by the SIF and NIB, the SIF bonds, and NIB borrowings from SIF.
- 4/ Consolidated domestic debt due on the General Government and Economic Authorities. This level of compilation excludes outstanding debt of Economic Authorities to NIB as well as Budget Sector borrowing from Economic Authorities.
- 5/ Total deposits of General Government and Economic Authorities (net of SIF deposits and Budget Sector borrowing from Economic Authorities).
- 6/ According to the Ministry of Planning, GDP (at market prices) for 2012/2013 is projected to reach LE 1735 billion compared to a revised figure of LE 1542.3 billion in 2011/2012.

Table (16) : Budget Sector Domestic Debt: ^{1/}
Detailed Profile

(LE Millions)

	Annual Profile					Quarterly Profile			
	Jun-08	Jun-09	Jun-10	Jun-11	Jun-12	Dec-11	Mar-12	Sep-12	Dec-12 [#]
Gross Domestic Budget Sector Debt	599,603	699,667	808,384	967,290	1,155,312	1,058,359	1,089,432	1,238,638	1,293,851
Ministry of Finance Securities	568,848	681,837	779,232	916,976	1,078,350	951,670	981,779	1,123,041	1,158,852
Treasury bills ^{2/}	146,439	239,080	266,121	356,103	408,602	371,194	382,803	416,975	432,619
Bills Reverse Repo	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Treasury bonds	78,500	92,500	159,767	206,767	270,567	231,567	250,067	296,567	312,317
Treasury bonds and notes issued to CBE	121,783	121,113	112,470	112,470	162,471	112,470	112,470	162,470	162,470
Revaluation bonds	-	-	9,063	18,126	16,360	16,626	16,626	16,360	16,360
Commercial Banks recapitalization bonds	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
GASC bonds	595	595	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bank restructuring bonds	11,126	11,677	11,883	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance notes	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
Eurobonds (held domestically) ^{3/}	3,750	4,036	6,005	7,583	4,027	3,755	3,755	4,428	4,682
Egyptian Notes Issued Abroad and Purchased Domestically	-	3,773	3,807	3,954	4,279	4,082	4,082	-	-
Housing bonds	117	115	114	115	111	111	111	111	106
The 5 % Government bonds	1,636	1,700	1,765	1,830	1,905	1,837	1,837	1,905	1,905
Barwa Bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,886
SIF Bonds ^{4/}	198,902	201,248	202,237	204,028	204,028	204,028	204,028	218,225	219,507
Facilities from SIF ^{5/}	2,343	2,343	2,343	2,343	1,725	2,143	2,143	1,525	1,225
Borrowing from Other Sources	-	-	-	2,000	13,036	8,122	8,122	24,756	25,578
Budget Sector Bank Loans	28,412	15,487	26,809	45,971	62,201	96,424	97,388	89,316	108,196
Of Which Economic Authorities' Deposits in TSA	15,014	12,887	12,239	13,166	11,781	11,113	12,039	11,036	9,471
Budget Sector Deposits	120,904	137,341	144,566	159,178	164,788	163,787	164,514	160,251	167,027
Net Domestic Budget Sector Debt	478,699	562,326	663,818	808,112	990,524	894,572	924,918	1,078,387	1,126,824
Memorandum Items: (As Percent of GDP) ^{6/}									
Gross Domestic Budget Sector Debt	67.0%	67.1%	67.0%	70.5%	74.9%	68.6%	70.6%	71.4%	74.6%
Net Domestic Budget Sector Debt	53.5%	54.0%	55.0%	58.9%	64.2%	58.0%	60.0%	62.2%	64.9%

Source: Ministry of Finance and Central Bank of Egypt

Revised.

1/ Outstanding domestic debt stock, due on Central Administration, Local Governments, and Public Service Authorities.

2/ Includes T-bills issued in US dollar worth LE 15.2 billion

3/ Includes Eurobonds issued in 2001 and 2010 in addition to a USD denominated bill amounting to EGP 627 million at end of September 2012.

4/ In light of the enhanced transparency of the new fiscal policy framework, the outstanding debt on Treasury to SIF (through NIB) was registered as a direct liability on the first to the latter on July 1st, 2006. This was associated with the issuance of two treasury bonds in interest of SIF, worth L.E 197.725 billions. The third bond worth LE 74.5 million was issued at end of June 2007. The fourth bond worth LE 1.1 billion was issued at end June 2008. The fifth bond was issued at end June 2009 worth LE 2.3 billion. A sixth bond worth LE 988.8 million was issued at end June 2010. The seventh bond, amounting to LE 1.8 billion was issued at end of June 2011. Recently, by end of December 2012, additional bonds were issued, with a total amount of LE 15.5, to repay part of the historical liability on the Ministry of Finance to Insurance Funds.

5/ Part of SIF deposits that are used as loan facilities for the budget sector, currently recognized as part of budget sector domestic debt obligations.

6/ According to the Ministry of Planning, GDP (at market prices) for 2012/2013 is projected to reach LE 1735 billion compared to a revised figure of LE 1542.3 billion in 2011/2012.

Table (17) : General Government Domestic Debt: ^{1/}
Detailed Profile

(LE Millions)

	Annual Profile					Quarterly Profile			
	Jun-08	Jun-09	Jun-10	Jun-11	Jun-12	Dec-11	Mar-12	Sep-12	Dec-12 [#]
Gross Consolidated General Government Domestic Debt	512,982	615,849	733,387	889,045	1,087,945	981,525	1,015,051	1,156,404	1,207,223
Consolidated Budget Sector Debt	371,619	464,817	564,670	710,839	899,030	801,553	833,777	967,489	1,016,144
Gross Domestic Budget Sector Debt	599,603	699,667	808,384	967,290	1,155,312	1,058,359	1,089,432	1,238,638	1,293,851
Less:									
Budget Sector Borrowings from NIB ^{2/}	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MOF securities held by NIB	8,528	9,977	13,665	15,527	13,860	14,813	14,285	13,334	13,486
MOF securities held by SIF	18,211	21,282	25,469	34,553	36,669	35,822	35,199	38,065	43,489
SIF Bonds ^{2/}	198,902	201,248	202,237	204,028	204,028	204,028	204,028	218,225	219,507
Facilities from SIF ^{3/}	2,343	2,343	2,343	2,343	1,725	2,143	2,143	1,525	1,225
Consolidated NIB Debt	141,363	151,032	168,717	178,206	188,915	179,972	181,274	188,915	191,079
Gross Domestic Debt of NIB	193,071	205,565	227,714	240,851	253,679	241,249	241,867	253,679	254,741
NIB borrowing from SIF ^{2/}	51,708	54,533	58,997	62,645	64,764	61,277	60,593	64,764	63,662
Investment Certificates	86,741	90,112	99,782	103,382	105,909	104,437	105,100	105,909	108,206
Post Office savings	49,255	54,487	64,836	71,978	78,852	71,978	71,978	78,852	78,852
Other	5,367	6,433	4,099	2,846	4,154	3,557	4,196	4,154	4,021
Less:									
NIB borrowing from SIF ^{2/}	51,708	54,533	58,997	62,645	64,764	61,277	60,593	64,764	63,662
General Government Deposits	131,043	148,811	158,531	166,527	173,292	170,373	172,007	168,539	175,615
Budget Sector Deposits	120,904	137,341	144,566	159,178	164,788	163,787	164,514	160,251	167,027
NIB Deposits	3,891	4,806	5,510	2,672	2,650	1,521	1,881	1,702	1,694
SIF Deposits ^{4/}	6,248	6,664	8,455	4,677	5,854	5,065	5,612	6,586	6,894
Net Consolidated General Government Domestic Debt	381,939	467,038	574,856	722,518	914,653	811,152	843,044	987,865	1,031,607
Memorandum Items: (As Percent of GDP) ^{5/}									
Gross Consolidated General Government Domestic Debt	57.3%	59.1%	60.8%	64.8%	70.5%	63.6%	65.8%	66.7%	69.6%
Net Consolidated General Government Domestic Debt	42.7%	44.8%	47.6%	52.7%	59.3%	52.6%	54.7%	56.9%	59.5%

**GOVERNMENT DEBT
&
DEBT PROFILE**

Source: Ministry of Finance and Central Bank of Egypt

Revised.

1/ Consolidated domestic debt of the Budget sector, NIB, and SIF. This level of compilation entails the deduction of Budget Sector borrowings from NIB, MOF securities held by the SIF and NIB, the SIF bonds, and NIB borrowings from SIF.

2/ In light of the enhanced transparency of the new fiscal policy framework, the outstanding debt on Treasury to SIF (through NIB) was registered as a direct liability on the first to the latter on July 1st, 2006. This was associated with the issuance of two treasury bonds in interest of SIF, worth LE 197.725 billions. The third bond worth LE 74.5 million was issued at end of June 2007. The fourth bond worth LE 1.1 billion was issued at end June 2008. The fifth bond was issued at end June 2009 worth LE 2.3 billion. A sixth bond worth LE 988.8 million was issued at end June 2010. The seventh bond, amounting to LE 1.8 billion was issued at end of June 2011. Recently, by end of December 2012, additional bonds were issued, with a total amount of LE 15.5, to repay part of the historical liability on the Ministry of Finance to Insurance Funds

3/ Part of SIF deposits used as loan facilities for the budget sector, currently recognized as part of budget sector domestic debt obligations.

4/ Data revised to exclude deposits used as loan facilities for budget sector starting June 2006.

5/ According to the Ministry of Planning, GDP (at market prices) for 2012/2013 is projected to reach LE 1735 billion compared to a revised figure of LE 1542.3 billion in 2011/2012.

Table (18) : Domestic Public Debt: ^{1/}

Detailed Profile

(LE Millions)

	Annual Profile					Quarterly Profile			
	Jun-08	Jun-09	Jun-10	Jun-11	Jun-12	Dec-11	Mar-12	Sep-12	Dec-12 [#]
Gross Consolidated Public Domestic Debt	537,533	643,628	769,783	932,460	1,129,030	1,019,644	1,052,669	1,190,750	1,246,876
Gross Consolidated General Government Domestic Debt	512,982	615,849	733,387	889,045	1,087,945	981,525	1,015,051	1,156,404	1,207,223
Economic Authorities' Domestic Debt	90,844	90,728	100,104	109,251	105,521	102,307	103,286	98,037	104,146
Less:									
Economic Authorities' Borrowings from NIB	51,279	50,062	51,469	52,670	52,655	53,075	53,629	52,655	55,022
Economic Authorities' Deposits in TSA ^{2/}	15,014	12,887	12,239	13,166	11,781	11,113	12,039	11,036	9,471
Public Sector Deposits	150,501	167,733	170,171	191,116	198,066	189,972	191,714	184,005	195,263
General Government Deposits	131,043	148,811	158,531	166,527	173,292	170,373	172,007	168,539	175,615
Net Deposits of Economic Authorities	19,458	18,922	11,640	24,589	24,774	19,599	19,707	15,466	19,648
Economic Authorities Gross Deposits	40,720	38,473	32,334	42,432	42,409	35,777	37,358	33,088	36,013
Less:									
SIF Deposits ^{3/ 4/}	6,248	6,664	8,455	4,677	5,854	5,065	5,612	6,586	6,894
Economic Authorities' Deposits in TSA ^{2/}	15,014	12,887	12,239	13,166	11,781	11,113	12,039	11,036	9,471
Net Consolidated Public Domestic Debt	387,032	475,895	599,612	741,344	930,964	829,672	860,955	1,006,745	1,051,613
Memorandum Items: (As Percent of GDP) ^{5/}									
Gross Consolidated Public Domestic Debt	60.0%	61.8%	63.8%	68.0%	73.2%	66.1%	68.3%	68.6%	71.9%
Net Consolidated Public Domestic Debt	43.2%	45.7%	49.7%	54.1%	60.4%	53.8%	55.8%	58.0%	60.6%

Source: Ministry of Finance and Central Bank of Egypt

Revised.

1/ Consolidated domestic debt due on the General Government and Economic Authorities. This level of compilation excludes outstanding debt of Economic Authorities to NIB.

2/ This represents part of the Economic Authorities' deposits at TSA that is borrowed by the Budget sector in the form of loan facilities. Hence it represents an interrelated debt between the Budget and Economic Authorities and is therefore deducted on consolidation from both gross Public Sector debt and deposits of Economic Authorities.

3/ SIF deposits were previously included in General Government deposits, see Table (16).

4/ Data revised to exclude deposits used as loan facilities for budget sector starting June 2006.

5/ According to the Ministry of Planning, GDP (at market prices) for 2012/2013 is projected to reach LE 1735 billion compared to a revised figure of LE 1542.3 billion in 2011/2012.

Table (19): Gross External Debt

(US \$ Million)

	Jun-07	Jun-08	Jun-09	Jun-10	Jun-11	Jun-12	Dec-12 *
Gross External Debt	29,898	33,893	31,531	33,694	34,906	34,385	38,824
	(1.0)	(13.4)	-(7.0)	(6.9)	(3.6)	-(1.5)	(15.2)
Gross External Government Debt	19,492	21,641	25,818	26,249	27,092	25,594	26,190
	(3.3)	(11.0)	(19.3)	(1.7)	(3.2)	-(5.5)	(1.8)
Bonds and Notes	1,570	2,652	1,926	3,080	2,821	2,901	2,664
Loans	17,922	18,989	23,892	23,170	24,271	22,694	23,525
Gross External Non- Government Debt	10,406	12,252	5,713	7,445	7,814	8,790	12,634
	-(3.0)	(17.7)	-(53.4)	(30.3)	(5.0)	(12.5)	(58.4)
Monetary Authorities	316	290	212	1,260	1,500	2,612	6,647 ^{3/}
Banks	1,954	2,542	1,797	1,964	1,725	1,624	1,759
Other Sectors	8,136	9,420	3,705	4,221	4,589	4,554	4,229
Memorandum Items:							
Gross External Debt / GDP	22.8	20.1	16.9	15.9	15.2	13.5	14.1
Gross External Government Debt/GDP	14.9	12.9	13.8	12.4	11.8	10.0	9.5
Non Government Debt / GDP	7.9	7.3	3.1	3.5	3.4	3.4	4.6
Gross External Debt / Exports of Goods and Services	70.4	59.9	64.4	71.0	71.4	71.9	307.9
Non Government Debt / Total External Debt	34.8	36.1	18.1	22.1	22.4	25.6	32.5
Short Term Debt / Total External Debt	4.8	7.4	6.8	8.8	7.9	8.4	17.1
Short term Debt / Net International Reserves	5.1	7.3	6.8	8.4	10.4	18.7	44.3
Private Sector Debt / Total External Debt	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
External Debt Service / Current Account Receipts	5.9	3.9	5.3	4.5	4.5	4.4	2.0
External Debt Service / Exports of Goods and Services	6.9	4.6	6.2	5.5	5.7	6.1	2.7
External Debt per Captia (US\$)	398.5	450.0	418.6	399.2	413.6	389.7	440

Source: Central Bank of Egypt and Ministry of Finance.

* Preliminary.

-- Data unavailable.

1/ Based on CBE classification. CBE writes-off outstanding debt on government entities (both direct and indirect) to Paris Club according to rescheduled dates of repayments. On the other hand, indebted government entities write-off these debts (dominated in EGP) once they are paid back to CBE and according to original schedule, which precedes rescheduled dates.

2/ CBE reclassified US\$ 4.3 billion as part of Central and Local Government debt, that was only reflected in its statistics starting September 2008. It is noteworthy that such reclassification has not had any impact on the total outstanding foreign debt.

3/ The notable increase in the monetary authorities external debt during the second quarter of the fiscal year 2012/2013 is attributed to the USD 4 billion that were deposited in CBE as part of a Qatari financial assistance pledge.

Table (20): Debt Service Profile (Domestic and Foreign)

(LE Millions)

	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	[*] July - Mar 2012/13
Total Government Debt Service	54,725	60,004	71,123	98,856	117,251	140,916	158,757
	-(8.1)	(9.6)	(18.5)	(39.0)	(18.6)	(20.2)	(48.1)
Interest Payments	47,700	50,528	52,810	72,333	85,077	104,441	101,494
	(29.6)	(5.9)	(4.5)	(37.0)	(17.6)	(22.8)	(30.1)
Domestic Debt	44,667	46,791	49,212	69,493	81,661	101,023	98,424
Foreign Debt	3,033	3,737	3,598	2,840	3,416	3,418	3,070
Principal Payments	7,026	9,476	18,313	26,523	32,174	36,475	57,263
	-(69.1)	(34.9)	(93.3)	(44.8)	(21.3)	(13.4)	(96.2)
Domestic Debt	2,973	5,644	10,365	18,067	22,964	21,299	47,324
Foreign Debt	4,053	3,832	7,948	8,455	9,211	15,176	9,939
Net Interest Payments	46,357	49,193	47,961	68,405	83,947	103,363	100,928
Domestic	43,324	45,456	44,364	65,565	80,531	99,945	97,858
Interest Payments	44,667	46,791	49,212	69,493	81,661	101,023	98,424
Interest Income	1,343	1,335	4,849	3,928	1,130	1,078	566
Foreign	3,033	3,737	3,598	2,840	3,416	3,418	3,070
Interest Payments	3,033	3,737	3,598	2,840	3,416	3,418	3,070
Interest Income	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Memorandum Items:							
In Percent of GDP ^{1/}							
Total Interest Payments	6.4%	5.6%	5.1%	6.0%	6.2%	6.8%	5.8% ^{2/}
Total Principal Payments	0.9%	1.1%	1.8%	2.2%	2.3%	2.4%	3.3% ^{2/}
In Percent of Period Total Expenditures							
Total Interest Payments	21.5%	17.9%	15.0%	19.8%	21.2%	22.2%	26.5% ^{3/}
Total Principal Payments	3.2%	3.4%	5.2%	7.2%	8.0%	7.7%	15.0% ^{3/}

Source: Ministry of Finance.

() Percent change over same period in previous year.

* Preliminary

1/ According to the Ministry of Planning, GDP (at market prices) for 2012/2013 is projected to reach LE 1735 billion compared to a revised figure of LE 1542.3 billion in 2011/2012.

2/ July- March 2012/13 ratios are in percent of full year 2012/13 GDP estimates.

3/ July-March 2012/13 ratios are in percent of July- March 2012/13 expenditure.

Table (21) : Government Securities Issuances ^{1/}
From 2006/2007 to July- March 2012/2013

(LE Billions)

	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	July - March 2012/2013
Issued	180.7	239.9	355.2	452.5	548.8	647.0	543.9
T- Bills	174.7	210.4	332.2	377.3	491.8	562.7	475.7
T- Bonds	6.0	29.5 ^{4/}	23.0	75.2	57.0	84.3	68.2
Matured	166.2	184.6	248.5	358.3	411.8	530.8	461.2
T- Bills	159.2	182.6	239.5	350.3	401.8	510.4	429.2
T- Bonds	7.0	2.0	9.0	8.0	10.0	20.4	32.0
Net Issuances 3/	14.5	55.3	106.7	94.2	137.0	116.2	82.7
Outstanding Stock (End of Period)	175.6	230.9	337.6	431.8	568.8	685.0	767.7
T- Bills	118.6	146.4	239.1	266.1	356.1	408.4	454.9
T- Bonds	57.0	84.5	98.5	165.7	212.7	276.6	312.8
Average Interest Rates: 5/							
91 Day T- Bills	8.6	6.8	11.3	9.9	11.5	13.1	13.2
182 Day T- Bills	8.9	7.4	11.6	10.2	11.8	14.1	13.9
273 Day T- Bills 6/	-	-	11.5	10.5	11.4	14.8	14.2
364 Day T- Bills	9.1	7.8	12.1	10.5	11.5	14.8	14.4

Source: Ministry of Finance.

1/ Securities nominated in Egyptian Pounds.

3/ Equivalent to total issued less total matured bills.

4/ Includes bonds issued abroad during July 2007 in Egyptian Pounds, worth LE 6 billions, maturing in July 2012.

5/ Average interest rates in the primary market.

6/ 273 Day T-Bills were introduced to the market for the first time during October 2008.

Table (22): Government Securities Quarterly Issuances Calendar
April-June 2011/2012 to April-June 2012/2013

(LE Millions)

	Apr-Jun 2012	Jul- Sep 2012	Oct- Dec 2012	Jan- Mar 2013	April - June 2013 ^{1/}		
					April	May	June
91 Days T- Bills	11000	15500	13000	8500	13500	8000	11500
182 Days T- Bills	31000	27500	23000	27000	18800	13500	14500
273 Days T- Bills	40000	48500	37000	43500	16000	9000	12000
364 Days T- Bills	40500	45500	46000	44500	16500	14000	13000
Bonds (Maturity 2010)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds (Maturity 2011)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds (Maturity 2012)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds (Maturity 2013)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds (Maturity 2014)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds (Maturity 2015)	10000	15000	8000	-	-	-	-
Bonds (Maturity 2016)	-	-	-	6000	2000	1000	1000
Bonds (Maturity 2017)	7500	9500	9000	6000	-	-	-
Bonds (Maturity 2018)	-	-	-	-	1500	1000	1000
Bonds (Maturity 2019)	5000	8500	10000	5000	-	-	-
Bonds (Maturity 2020)	5000	-	-	-	-	500	1000
Bonds (Maturity 2022)	-	5000	4000	-	-	-	-
Bonds (Maturity 2023)	-	-	-	5000	500	500	500
Total Issuance (Bills and Bonds)	150000	175000	150000	145500	68800	47500	54500

Source: Ministry of Finance.

- No Issuances.

1/ Includes LE 44.0 billion of 'reopening issues'.

Table (23): Yield to Maturity (YTM) on Government Bonds ^{1/}

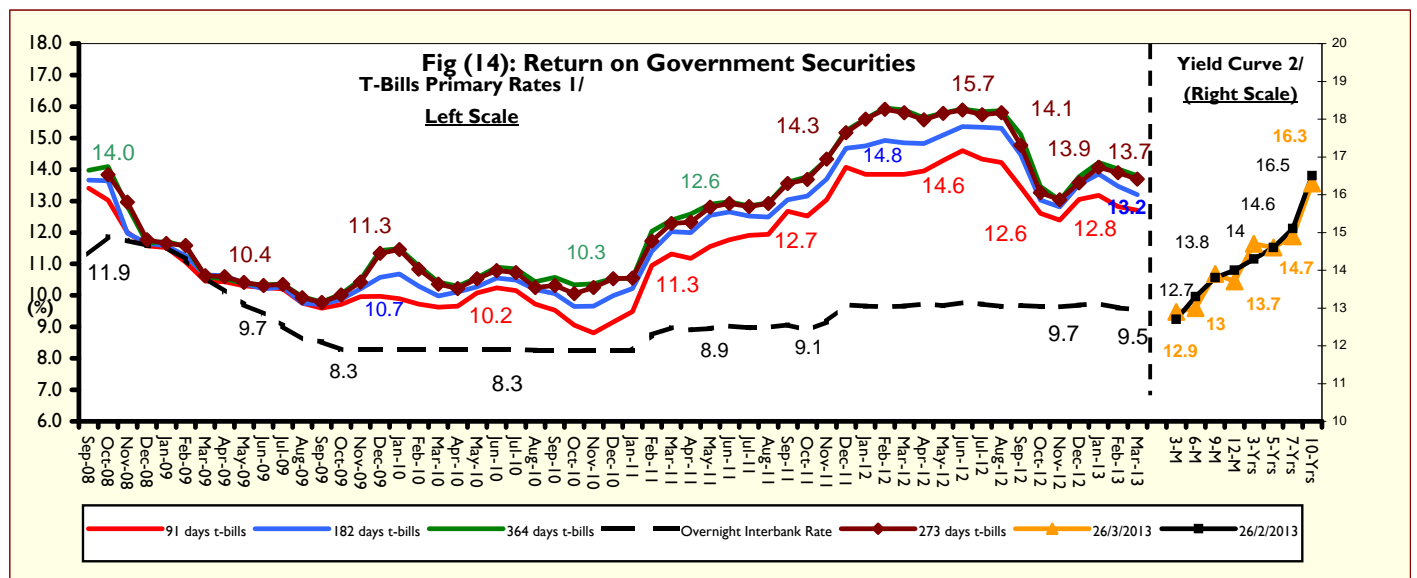
	Mar-12	Aug-12	Sep-12	Oct-12	Nov-12	Dec-12	Jan-13	Feb-13	Mar-13
Yield to Maturity (Average) :									
T- Bonds: Sep - 2012	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
T- Bonds: Jan - 2013	--	--	14.0	13.2	--	--	13.0	--	--
T- Bonds: Jul - 2013	15.7	--	13.7	14.2	13.3	14.0	14.1	13.5	13.0
T- Bonds: Sep - 2013	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
T- Bonds: Oct - 2013	--	15.5	13.8	13.8	--	--	--	13.2	13.2
T- Bonds: Nov - 2013	--	--	--	--	10.5	11.2	--	--	--
T- Bonds: Jan - 2014	--	15.9	--	--	--	14.1	13.5	--	--
T- Bonds: Feb - 2014	13.1	--	16.6	--	--	--	--	--	--
T- Bonds: Apr - 2014	--	--	--	--	13.4	--	--	--	--
T- Bonds: May - 2014	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
T- Bonds: Sep- 2014	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
T- Bonds: Nov - 2014	--	--	--	--	--	14.1	--	--	--
T- Bonds: Jan - 2015	16.2	15.6	15.5	14.0	13.4	--	16.3	13.4	--
T- Bonds: May - 2015	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
T- Bonds: Sep - 2015	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
T- Bonds: Nov - 2015	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
T- Bonds: Jan - 2016	--	--	--	15.0	--	11.8	14.6	14.4	14.4
T- Bonds: Jul - 2016	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
T- Bonds: Aug - 2017	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	14.7	14.5
T- Bonds: Nov - 2017	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	14.7	14.5
T- Bonds: Feb - 2018	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
T- Bonds: Oct - 2018	16.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	15.0	14.7
T- Bonds: Aug - 2019	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	15.0	--
T- Bonds: Apr - 2022	--	16.5	16.4	16.2	15.0	--	16.8	16.0	15.9
T- Bonds: Jan - 2023	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	16.5	16.3
T- Bonds: Jan - 2025	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Average Life of T-Bonds (years):	2.7	2.87	2.96	2.90	2.87	2.82	2.90	2.88	2.83
Overnight Interbank Rate: ^{2/}	9.65	9.65	9.68	9.65	9.61	9.69	9.74	9.60	9.55

Source: Ministry of Finance and Central Bank of Egypt.

-- No trading.

1/ Includes bonds issued under primary dealers system only. Yield to maturity is calculated based on full prices in the secondary market.

2/ Average monthly rate.



Source: Ministry of Finance and Central Bank of Egypt.

1/ Monthly averages in Primary Market.

2/ Secondary market rates.

Section 6

MONETARY SECTOR

Table (24) Developments in Main Monetary Aggregates-----	45
Table (25) Monetary Survey-----	46 -47
Table (26) Central Bank Reserve Money-----	48
Table (27) Deposits With Banks-----	49
Table (28) Credit Provided By Banks-----	50
Table (29) Domestic Interest Rates-----	51
Table (30) Average Interbank Rates-----	52

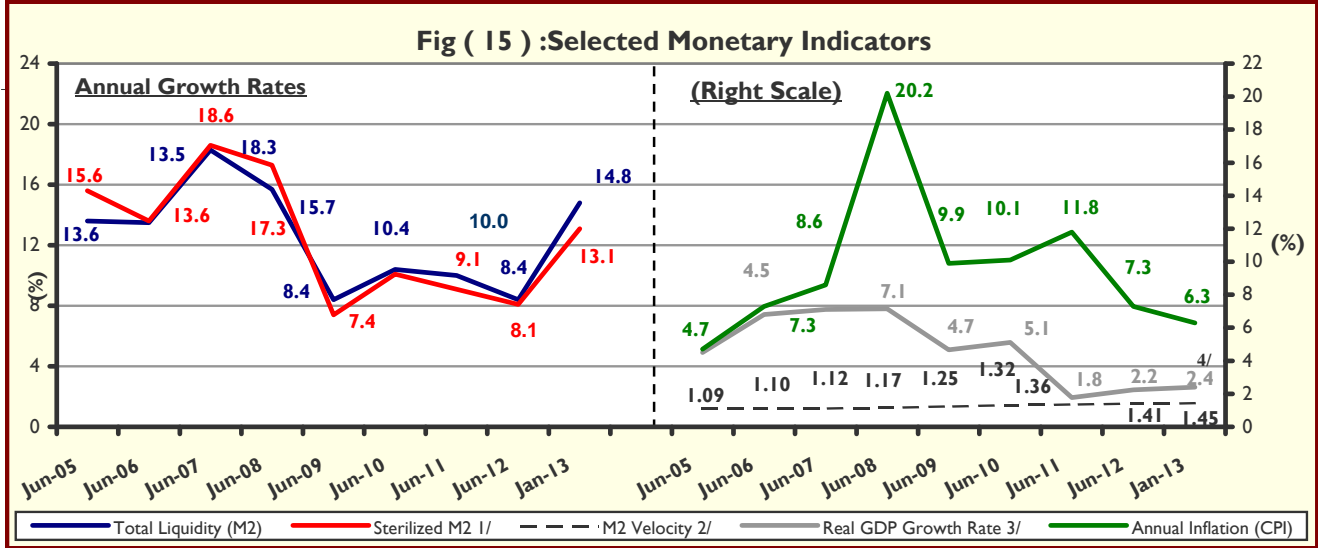
**Table (24) : Developments in Main Monetary Aggregates
(January 2013)**

	1 Month % Change	3 Month % Change	12 Month % Change	Full Year Average % Change ^{1/}
Net Foreign Assets (LE terms)	3.5	-10.6	-23.2	-33.6
CBE NFA	-14.7	-40.1	-51.5	-48.7
CBE NIR	-3.6	-5.5	-9.6	-35.2
Banks NFA ^{2/}	14.1	13.8	2.9	-13.0
Net Foreign Assets (US dollar terms)	-2.7	-16.8	-29.2	-35.2
CBE NFA	-19.8	-44.2	-55.3	-49.9
CBE NIR	-9.3	-12.1	-16.8	-36.9
Banks NFA ^{2/}	7.3	5.9	-5.2	-15.2
Net Domestic Assets	2.5	7.0	22.7	22.6
Net Claims on Government and GASC	3.4	8.4	30.9	31.5
Claims on Public Companies	1.3	3.3	14.6	20.7
Claims on Private Sector	1.8	3.4	8.9	6.9
Total Liquidity (M2)	2.7	4.7	14.8	9.4
Money (M1)	5.7	4.4	17.6	10.6
Quasi Money	1.7	4.8	13.8	9.0

Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

1/ Average year on year growth for twelve successive observations.

2/ Commercial, specialized, business and investment banks.



Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

1/ This concept neutralizes the impact of exchange rate movements on M2 by applying previous year's prevailing exchange rate to current period foreign currency component in total liquidity.

2/ According to the Ministry of Planning, GDP (at market prices) for 2012/2013 is projected to reach LE 1735 billion compared to a revised figure of LE 1542.3 billion in 2011/2012.

3/ Real Growth of GDP at market prices.

4/ Reflects Real GDP growth for the period July-December 2012/2013.

**Table (25) : Monetary Survey
Assets and Liabilities of The Banking Sector
(January 2013)**

(LE Millions)

	Jan-08	Jan-09	Jan-10	Jan-11	Jan-12	Oct-12	Nov-12	Dec-12	Jan-13 [*]
Net Foreign Assets 1/	240,540	244,547	261,192	286,196	179,716	154,358	147,052	133,369	138,054
	(22.6)	(1.7)	(6.8)	(9.6)	-(37.2)	-(30.4)	-(29.0)	-(29.9)	-(23.2)
Central bank (Net)	112,230	182,293	176,524	193,507	86,205	69,831	64,088	49,051	41,831
Foreign Assets	176,787	183,656	184,967	201,551	96,580	92,180	89,481	90,051	85,199
Foreign Liabilities	64,557	1,363	8,443	8,044	10,375	22,349	25,393	41,000	43,368
Banks (Net)	128,310	62,254	84,668	92,689	93,511	84,527	82,964	84,318	96,223
Foreign Assets	154,450	90,548	110,207	132,870	122,600	116,056	111,628	115,033	127,486
Foreign Liabilities	26,140	28,294	25,539	40,181	29,089	31,529	28,664	30,715	31,263
Net Domestic Assets of which:	484,175	548,807	606,542	683,516	864,161	990,295	1,000,445	1,033,791	1,060,041
	(20.9)	(13.3)	(10.5)	(12.7)	(26.4)	(22.4)	(21.3)	(21.8)	(22.7)
Net Claims on Government, and GASC 1/	196,764	249,221	321,324	368,796	535,955	647,353	652,702	678,428	701,800
National Currency	244,455	304,798	382,703	449,599	601,645	701,159	701,549	724,074	748,946
Foreign Currency	-47,691	-55,577	-61,379	-80,803	-65,690	-53,806	-48,847	-45,646	-47,146
Claims on Public Business Sector	27,205	29,612	37,569	32,840	38,830	43,059	44,011	43,914	44,494
National Currency	19,564	21,287	28,855	24,322	30,163	34,447	35,563	35,050	35,167
Foreign Currency	7,641	8,325	8,714	8,518	8,667	8,612	8,448	8,864	9,327
Claims on Private Sector 2/	348,838	387,481	384,720	413,103	435,446	458,433	461,884	465,687	474,222
National Currency	256,312	279,821	284,727	301,213	331,620	353,519	356,655	358,833	361,151
Foreign Currency	92,526	107,660	99,993	111,890	103,826	104,914	105,229	106,854	113,071
Other Items (net) 1/ 3/	-88,632	-117,507	-137,071	-131,223	-146,070	-158,550	-158,152	-154,238	-160,475
Total Liquidity (M2)	724,715	793,354	867,734	969,712	1,043,877	1,144,653	1,147,497	1,167,160	1,198,095
	(21.5)	(9.5)	(9.4)	(11.8)	(7.6)	(11.0)	(11.2)	(12.3)	(14.8)
Money (M1) 4/	152,671	172,148	197,256	229,528	258,977	291,684	287,886	288,139	304,502
	(28.3)	(12.8)	(14.6)	(16.4)	(12.8)	(12.2)	(11.4)	(12.7)	(17.6)
Currency in Circulation	97,182	112,724	126,332	145,857	179,598	205,080	202,783	205,020	215,999
Demand Deposits in Local Currency	55,489	59,424	70,924	83,671	79,379	86,604	85,103	83,119	88,503
Quasi Money	572,044	621,206	670,478	740,184	784,900	852,969	859,611	879,021	893,593
	(19.7)	(8.6)	(7.9)	(10.4)	(6.0)	(10.6)	(11.2)	(12.2)	(13.8)
Local Currency Time and Savings Deposits	410,967	457,039	512,854	579,119	600,277	662,454	666,137	673,098	674,962
Foreign Currency Demand Deposits	26,204	27,985	33,573	38,134	43,051	45,860	46,516	50,784	53,928
Foreign Currency Time and Savings Deposit	134,873	136,182	124,051	122,931	141,572	144,655	146,958	155,139	164,703

Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

() Percent change over previous year.

* Preliminary.

1/ The agreement between CBE and Ministry of Finance to use part of the blocked account balance to retire part of the bonds outstanding on government to CBE became effective as of June 2008.

2/ Includes claims on private business sector and household sector.

3/ Includes capital accounts, unclassified net assets and liabilities, net interbank debt, and credit positions.

4/ Excludes drafts and checks under collection.

Table (25) : Monetary Survey (continued)

(Memorandum Items)

(January 2013)

	Jan-08	Jan-09	Jan-10	Jan-11	Jan-12	Oct-12	Nov-12	Dec-12	Jan-13*
Net Foreign Assets (In Million US\$) ^{4/}	43,753	44,314	48,037	49,367	29,840	25,367	24,147	21,695	21,115
Central bank NFA	20,414	33,033	32,465	33,379	14,314	11,476	10,524	7,979	6,398
Net International Reserves	55,495	44,561	49,590	50,754	31,563	29,040	28,317	28,365	27,748
Central Bank (Gross)	32,206	33,431	34,211	35,007	16,354	15,484	15,036	15,015	13,613
Banks (net)	23,339	11,281	15,572	15,988	15,527	13,891	13,623	13,716	14,717
Foreign assets	28,093	16,408	20,269	22,919	20,357	19,072	18,330	18,712	19,499
Foreign Liabilities	4,755	5,127	4,697	6,931	4,830	5,181	4,707	4,996	4,782
<u>In Percent of Beginning of Money Stocks ^{5/}</u>									
Net Foreign Assets	3.3%	-7.7%	0.8%	0.4%	-7.3%	-0.3%	-1.0%	-2.2%	-1.8%
Net Domestic Assets	6.1%	11.2%	3.5%	5.3%	10.7%	4.9%	5.8%	8.9%	11.3%
Money (M1)	3.2%	0.2%	1.7%	1.7%	1.0%	1.6%	1.2%	1.2%	2.7%
Quasi Money	6.1%	3.3%	2.7%	4.0%	2.4%	3.0%	3.6%	5.4%	6.7%
Dollarization (% of Total Liquidity) ^{6/}	22.2	20.7	18.2	16.6	17.7	16.6	16.9	17.6	18.2
M2 Multiplier ^{7/}	4.84	4.71	4.51	4.20	4.01	4.27	4.34	4.42	4.49
M2 Velocity ^{8/}	1.24	1.31	1.39	1.41	1.48	1.52	1.51	1.49	1.45
M2 (annual percentage change)	21.5	9.5	9.4	11.8	7.6	11.0	11.2	12.3	14.8
Credit to private sector (annual percentage change) ^{9/}	12.0	11.1	-0.7	7.4	5.4	7.2	7.0	7.6	8.9
Exchange Rate ^{10/}	5.50	5.52	5.44	5.80	6.02	6.09	6.09	6.15	6.54

Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

* Preliminary.

4/ Net Foreign Assets equals Central Bank NFA plus banks (net).

5/ Shows the annual percent change of selected aggregates in percent of total liquidity at beginning of fiscal year . This indicator is intended to show sources of money growth during the fiscal year in study.

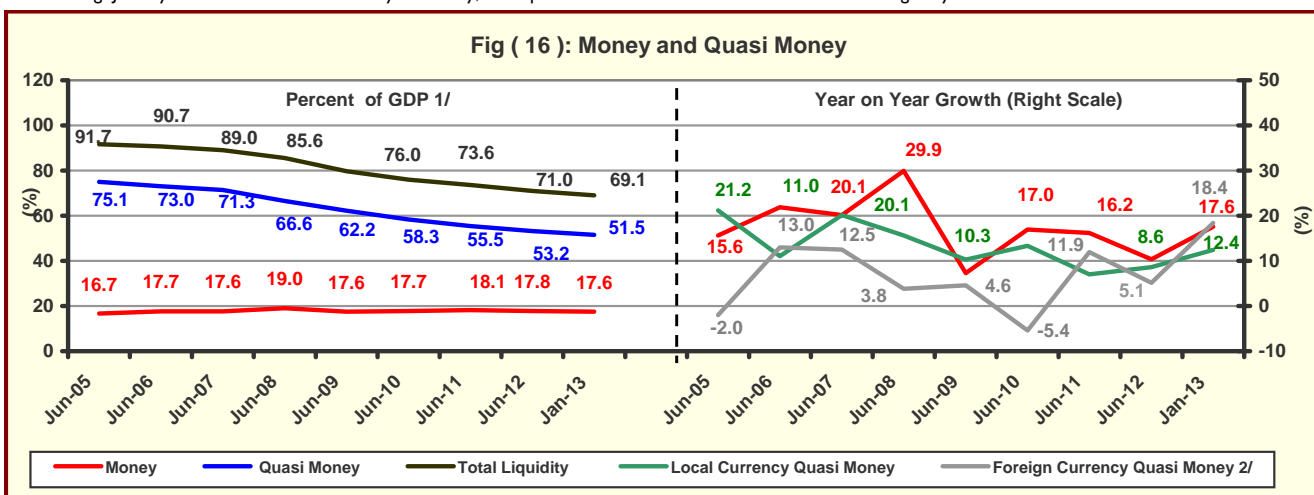
6/ Denotes the ratio of foreign currency demand deposits and time and savings deposits to total liquidity . It excludes non-residents deposits which are counted in the net foreign assets line as well as government deposits.

7/ M2 / Reserve Money.

8/ GDP / M2. According to the Ministry of Planning, GDP (at market prices) for 2012/2013 is projected to reach LE 1735 billion compared to a revised figure of LE 1542.3 billion in 2011/2012.

9/ Includes claims on private business sector and household sector.

10/ Starting January 2003 rates are based on buy rates only, while prior to that date rates were based on the average buy / sell rates.



Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

1/ According to the Ministry of Planning, GDP (at market prices) for 2012/2013 is projected to reach LE 1735 billion compared to a revised figure of LE 1542.3 billion in 2011/2012.

2/ Foreign currency demand, and time and savings deposits.

Table (26) : Central Bank Reserve Money ^{1/}

(LE Millions)

	Jan-08	Jan-09	Jan-10	Jan-11	Jan-12	Oct-12	Nov-12	Dec-12	Jan-13 [*]
Reserve Money	149,628	168,505	192,232	230,862	260,619	268,250	264,302	264,297	266,657
	(16.1)	(18.2)	(14.1)	(20.1)	(12.9)	(12.3)	(2.3)	(2.7)	(2.3)
Currency in Circulation	102,888	119,389	134,073	154,156	190,978	216,926	213,228	216,301	226,911
	(19.4)	(16.0)	(12.3)	(15.0)	(23.9)	(14.9)	(12.0)	(15.5)	(18.8)
Banks LE Deposits with CBE	46,740	49,116	58,159	76,706	69,641	51,324	51,074	47,996	39,746
	(9.3)	15.87	(44.8)	(31.9)	-(9.2)	(2.4)	-(25.0)	-(31.5)	-(42.9)
Counter Assets:									
Net Foreign Assets ^{2/}	112,230	182,293	176,524	193,507	86,205	69,831	64,088	49,051	41,831
	(35.3)	(62.4)	-(3.2)	(9.6)	-(55.5)	-(42.0)	-(40.9)	-(49.3)	-(51.5)
Net Domestic Assets ^{2/}	37,398	-13,788	15,708	37,355	174,414	198,419	200,214	215,246	224,826
	-(18.7)	(196.6)	(213.9)	(137.8)	(366.9)	(67.4)	(33.4)	(34.1)	(28.9)
Net Claims on Government ^{3/}	117,489	83,085	98,880	104,468	183,836	209,667	202,521	214,194	246,631
	(4.5)	-(29.3)	(19.0)	(5.7)	(76.0)	(40.2)	(28.2)	(39.8)	(34.2)
Claims	194,955	157,033	171,218	183,667	263,563	289,434	283,829	297,832	338,326
	(4.9)	-(19.5)	(9.0)	(7.3)	(43.5)	(27.7)	(19.3)	(27.4)	(28.4)
Securities	165,688	123,123	124,559	130,597	129,097	178,831	178,831	178,831	178,831
Credit Facilities	29,267	33,910	46,659	53,070	134,466	110,603	104,998	119,001	159,495
Deposits ^{4/}	77,466	73,948	72,338	79,199	79,727	79,767	81,308	83,638	91,695
	(5.5)	-(4.5)	-(2.2)	(9.5)	(0.7)	(3.5)	(1.7)	(3.8)	(15.0)
Net Claims on Banks	70,199	-185	10,055	17,936	-1,918	-2,068	-1,655	-848	-116
Net Balancing Items ^{5/}	-106,807	-96,688	-93,227	-85,049	-7,504	-9,180	-652	1,900	-21,689
Memorandum Items									
Reserve Money Velocity ^{6/, 7/}	5.98	6.18	6.28	5.94	5.92	6.47	6.56	6.56	6.51

Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

() Percent change over same period in previous year.

* Preliminary.

1/ Revised series due to the new accounting treatment of "Open market operations". Starting June 2003 data under the new treatment value of open market operations was excluded from banks deposits in local currency with the CBE and instead incorporated under net balancing items.

2/ The agreement between CBE and Ministry of Finance to use part of the blocked account balance to retire part of the bonds outstanding on government to CBE became effective as of June 2008.

3/ Includes net claims on public economic authorities and National Investment Bank (NIB).

4/ All government deposit accounts (including public economic and services authorities) were switched, as of December 2006, to the Treasury Single Account (TSA) at the Central Bank, pursuant to the Law no. 139 of 2006.

5/ Includes net unidentified assets and liabilities and open market operations.

6/ GDP / Reserve Money (M0).

7/ According to the Ministry of Planning, GDP (at market prices) for 2012/2013 is projected to reach LE 1735 billion compared to a revised figure of LE 1542.3 billion in 2011/2012.

Table (27) : Deposits With Banks ^{1/}

(LE Millions)

	Jan-08	Jan-09	Jan-10	Jan-11	Jan-12	Oct-12	Nov-12	Dec-12	Jan-13 [*]
Total Deposits	718,979	780,467	857,977	944,700	992,356	1,063,420	1,069,321	1,090,874	1,113,974
	(22.4)	(8.6)	(9.9)	(10.1)	(5.0)	(8.4)	(9.1)	(10.3)	(12.3)
In local currency	525,290	576,514	656,463	733,513	753,886	815,022	817,736	824,898	833,269
In foreign currency	193,689	203,953	201,514	211,187	238,470	248,398	251,585	265,976	280,705
Non Government Deposits ^{2/}	633,346	685,013	746,385	830,359	870,998	946,956	952,239	969,640	989,727
	(21.7)	(8.2)	(9.0)	(11.3)	(4.9)	(10.0)	(10.7)	(11.6)	(13.6)
In local currency	470,879	518,946	586,417	666,004	682,651	752,500	754,583	759,673	766,899
In foreign currency	162,467	166,067	159,968	164,355	188,347	194,456	197,656	209,967	222,828
Government Deposits	85,633	95,454	111,592	114,341	121,358	116,464	117,082	121,234	124,247
	(27.6)	(11.5)	(16.9)	(2.5)	(6.1)	-(2.9)	-(2.1)	(0.6)	(2.4)
In local currency	54,411	57,568	70,046	67,509	71,235	62,522	63,153	65,225	66,370
In foreign currency	31,222	37,886	41,546	46,832	50,123	53,942	53,929	56,009	57,877
Memorandum Items									
(In Percent):									
Dollarization in Total Deposits	26.9	26.1	23.5	22.4	24.0	23.4	23.5	24.4	25.2
Dollarization in Non-Government Deposits	25.7	24.2	21.4	19.8	21.6	20.5	20.8	21.7	22.5
Dollarization in Government Deposits	36.5	39.7	37.2	41.0	41.3	46.3	46.1	46.2	46.6

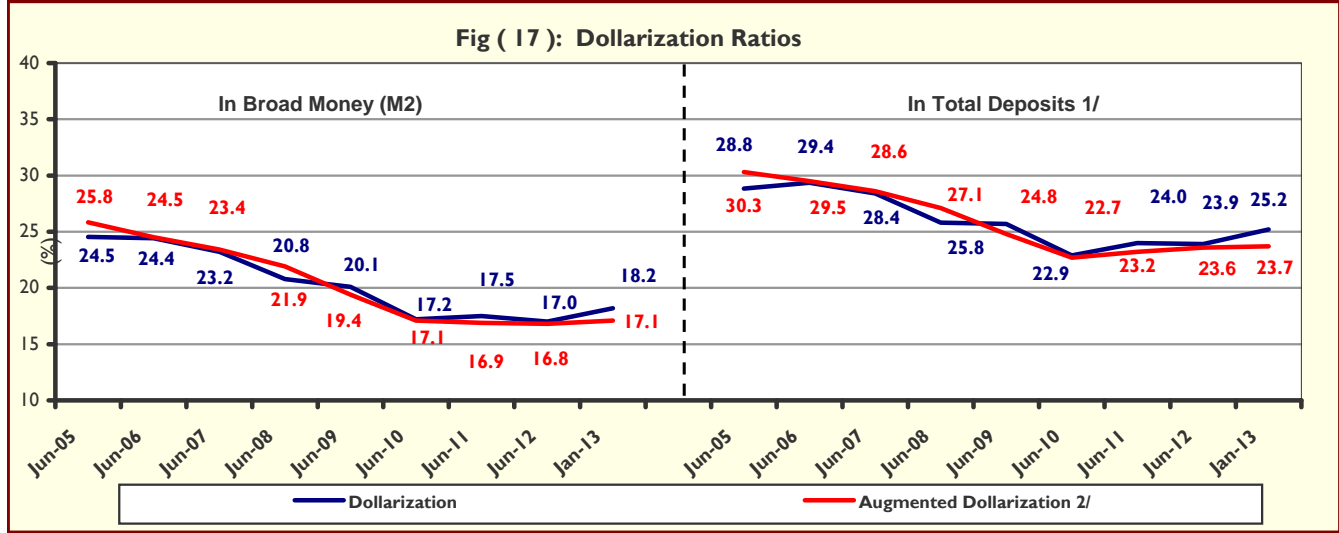
Source: Central bank of Egypt.

() Percent change over same period in previous year.

* Preliminary.

1/ Excludes deposits held with the Central Bank of Egypt.

2/ Includes deposits of private business sector, public business sector, household sector, and non-resident (foreign sector). Excludes drafts and checks under collection.



Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

1/ Excludes Deposits with CBE.

2/ "Augmented Dollarization" excludes the impact of exchange rate revaluation on dollarization ratios. For example in June-08, dollarization in total deposits would have been 27.1% instead of 25.8% if exchange rate was unchanged during the previous year.

Table (28) : Credit Provided By Banks ^{1/}

(LE Millions)

	Jan-08	Jan-09	Jan-10	Jan-11	Jan-12	Oct-12	Nov-12	Dec-12	Jan-13 [*]
Total lending	383,579	428,950	435,331	465,109	492,290	509,469	511,598	516,842	528,012
	(13.2)	(11.8)	(1.5)	(6.8)	(5.8)	(5.8)	(5.2)	(5.5)	(7.3)
To Government ^{2/}	31,227	31,164	32,991	38,782	36,880	33,055	31,760	35,141	36,281
	(32.2)	-(0.2)	(5.9)	(17.6)	-(4.9)	-(12.6)	-(13.8)	-(5.6)	-(1.6)
In local currency	10,852	7,876	12,788	19,175	16,120	13,306	12,306	12,579	12,280
In foreign currency	20,375	23,288	20,203	19,607	20,760	19,749	19,454	22,562	24,001
To Non-Government	352,352	397,786	402,340	426,327	455,410	476,414	479,838	481,701	491,731
	(11.7)	(12.9)	(1.1)	(6.0)	(6.8)	(7.3)	(6.8)	(6.5)	(8.0)
In local currency	248,611	277,714	284,261	292,360	331,549	354,580	357,892	358,181	360,891
In foreign currency	103,741	120,071	118,079	133,967	123,861	121,834	121,946	123,520	130,840
Memorandum Items (In Percent):									
Credit to private sector ^{3/} / Total Credit	84.8	85.9	83.9	84.6	84.7	85.1	85.2	84.8	84.7
Non Government Loans/ Deposits ^{4/}	55.6	58.1	53.9	51.3	52.3	50.3	50.4	49.7	49.7
Government Loans / Deposits	36.5	32.6	29.6	33.9	30.4	28.4	27.1	29.0	29.2
Foreign currency denominated credit to total credit	32.4	33.4	31.8	33.0	29.4	27.8	27.6	28.3	29.3
Government foreign currency denominated credit to total government credit	65.2	74.7	61.2	50.6	56.3	59.7	61.3	64.2	66.2
Non - government foreign currency denominated credit to total non-government credit	29.4	30.2	29.3	31.4	27.2	25.6	25.4	25.6	26.6

Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

() Percent change over previous year

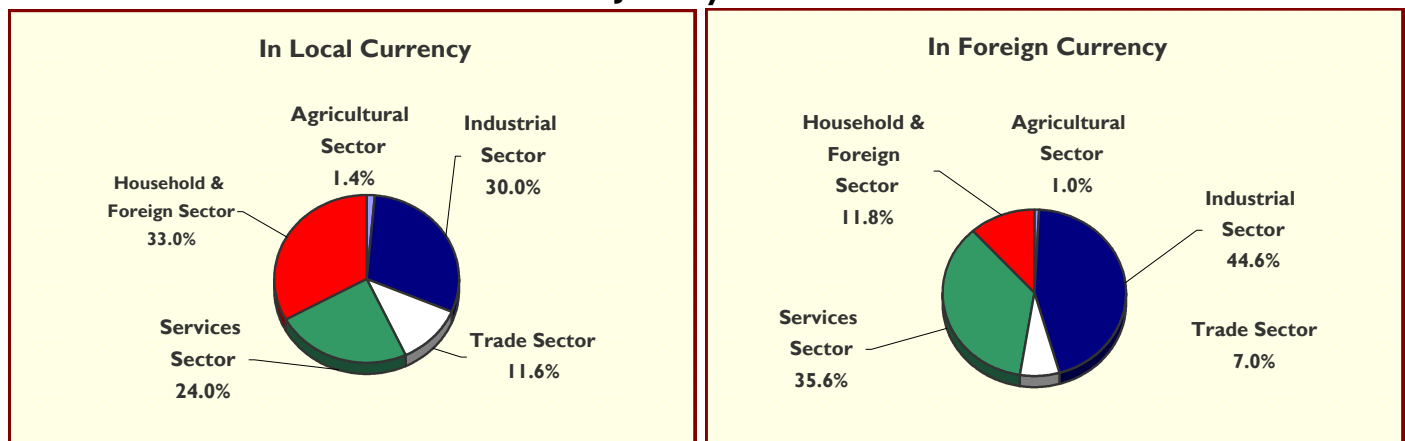
* Preliminary.

1/ Excludes credit provided by the Central Bank of Egypt.

2/ Includes central government and economic authorities.

3/ Includes private business sector, household sector, and non-resident (foreign sector).

4/ Non government sector includes public business sector, private business sector, household sector, and non resident (foreign sector).

**Fig (18) : Sectoral Distribution of Non-Government Credit Facilities
January-2013**

Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

Table (29) : Domestic Interest Rates

	CBE Discount Rate ^{1/}	Lending Rate (Less than one year loans) ^{2/}	3 Months Deposit Rate ^{2/}	3 Months T-bills	Investment Certificates ^{1/ 3/}	Post office Saving Deposits ^{1/}
Yearly Average						
2002/2003	10.00	13.70	8.69	8.31	10.50	10.50
2003/2004	10.00	13.40	7.96	8.41	10.50	10.50
2004/2005	10.00	13.39	7.66	10.12	10.50	10.50
2005/2006	9.00	12.71	6.53	8.82	9.50	9.50
2006/2007	9.00	12.64	6.01	8.65	10.00	9.50
2007/2008	10.00	12.22	6.09	6.97	10.00	9.50
2008/2009	9.00	12.39	7.03	11.32	10.00	9.27
2009/2010	8.50	11.35	5.97	9.86	9.58	9.00
2010/2011	8.50	10.84	6.52	10.20	9.50	9.00
2010/2012	9.50	11.63	7.26	13.38	10.92	9.00
Monthly Average						
Feb-12	9.50	11.90	7.60	13.83	11.50	9.00
Mar-12	9.50	12.00	7.70	13.83	11.50	9.00
Apr-12	9.50	12.10	7.60	13.95	11.50	9.00
May-12	9.50	11.90	7.60	14.29	11.50	9.00
Jun-12	9.50	11.90	7.70	14.60	11.50	9.00
Jul-12	9.50	12.00	7.70	14.33	11.50	9.00
Aug-12	9.50	12.00	7.70	14.21	11.50	9.00
Sep-12	9.50	12.00	7.70	13.43	11.50	9.00
Oct-12	9.50	12.00	7.70	12.61	11.50	9.00
Nov-12	9.50	12.10	7.70	12.39	11.50	9.00
Dec-12	9.50	12.20	7.60	13.05	11.50	9.00
Jan-13	9.50	12.10	7.60	13.18	11.50	9.00
Feb-13	9.50	--	--	12.82	12.50	9.00

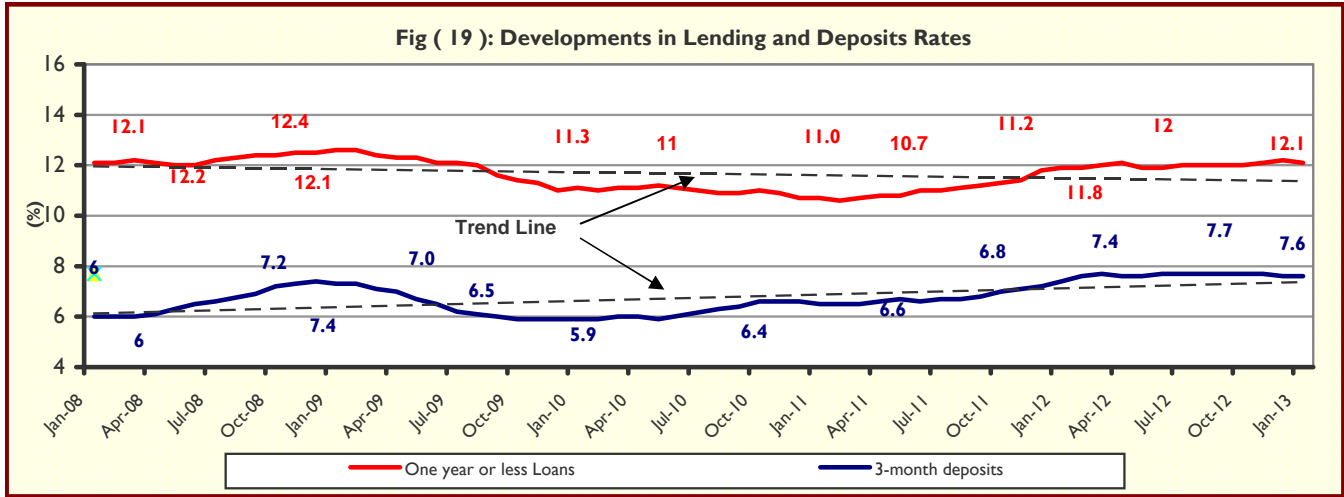
Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

-- Data unavailable.

1/ End of period rate.

2/ Starting September 2005, data reflects weighted average monthly interest rates for a sample of banks representing 80 percent of banking system operations. Prior to this date, figures reflect simple average weekly interest rates for most banks' operations.

3/ Simple Interest.



Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

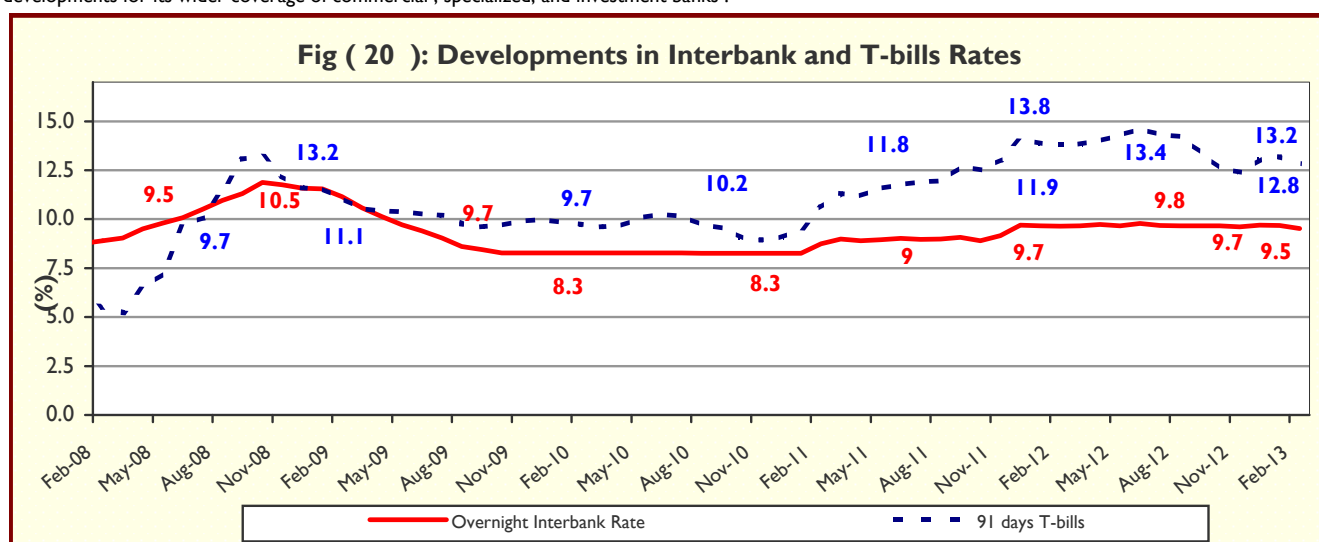
Table (30) : Average Interbank Rates ^{1/}

	Overnight	One Week	Month	More than One Month
Yearly Average				
2004	8.2	9.8	10.7	10.3
2005	9.5	10.1	10.4	10.7
2006	8.6	8.8	8.8	8.8
2007	8.8	8.9	9.0	9.1
2008	10.3	10.3	10.2	10.3
2009	9.5	9.5	9.1	9.6
2010	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.4
2011	9.0	9.2	9.5	9.5
2012	9.4	10.0	10.2	10.2
Monthly Average				
Feb-12	9.64	9.77	10.37	--
Mar-12	9.65	9.80	10.48	9.91
Apr-12	9.73	9.81	9.94	11.25
May-12	9.67	9.83	10.25	10.08
Jun-12	9.78	9.95	10.14	--
Jul-12	9.68	9.85	10.25	10.00
Aug-12	9.65	9.80	9.85	10.49
Sep-12	9.66	9.83	9.96	10.05
Oct-12	9.66	9.81	10.25	10.15
Nov-12	9.61	9.79	10.17	10.13
Dec-12	9.69	9.87	10.13	10.13
Jan-13	9.67	9.86	--	10.28
Feb-13	9.53	9.75	10.10	10.00

Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

-- Data not available.

1/ Starting March 2003, average interbank rate replaced CAIBOR average " Bid " rate. The interbank rate is considered to be a better measurement to market developments for its wider coverage of commercial , specialized, and investment banks'.



Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

Section 7

FINANCIAL SECTOR & INVESTMENT

Table (31) Capital Market Main Indicators-----	55
Table (32) Recent Acquisitions in the Egyptian Market-----	56
Table (33) Main Privatized and - or Liquidated Companies-----	57
Table (33- continued) Privatization Proceeds -----	57
Table (34) Performance of Emerging Markets IFCG Indices-----	58
Table (35) Distribution of Outstanding Treasury Bills by Holder-----	59
Table (36) Securities Held by Banks-----	60
Table (37) Net Foreign Direct Investments By Countries-----	61

Table (31): Capital Market Main Indicators ^{1/}

	Jun-08	Jun-09	Jun-10	Jun-11 ^{1/}	Jun-12	Dec-12	Jan-13	Feb-13	Mar-13
EGX-30 Index (Previously CASE-30) ^{2/}	9,827	5,703	6,033	5,373	4,709	5,462	5,606	5,489	5,099
Monthly Return (%)	-11.1	-3.8	-7.9	-2.7	0.5	13.6	2.6	-2.1	-7.1
Market Volatility ^{3/}	1.0	2.0	1.3	1.2	2.6	2.0	1.3	0.8	1.3
Market Capitalization ^{4/} (LE Billion)	813	464	410	400	340	376	377	374	355
In % of GDP ^{5/}	90.8	44.5	34.0	29.2	22.0	21.6	21.7	21.6	20.5
Number of Companies	375	333	215	211	212	213	212	211	211
Traded Shares and Securities									
Value (In LE millions)	47,171	60,285	46,507	20,515	11,838 ^{11/}	13,292	11,342	12,435	27,460
Monthly Change (%)	-33.0	69.3	60.9	12.8	-64.3	0.7	-14.7	9.6	120.8
Annual Change (%)	42.8	27.8	-22.9	-55.9	-42.3	29.2	61.0	-9.6	77.7
Listed Bonds (LE Million)	84,547	97,586	171,665	224,837	285,311	325835	315288	--	--
Government ^{6/} , of which:	78,771	92,625	159,890	206,891	270,685	312429	302430	--	--
Bonds of the primary dealers	74,500	92,500	159,767	206,767	270,567	312317	302317	--	--
Companies	3,880	3,096	5,423	6,718	4,285	3843	3517	--	--
Securitization ^{7/}	1,869	1,865	6,352	6,228	5,341	4563	4341	--	--
Net Foreigners Purchases									
Value (In US\$ millions)	199	-106	43	-166	-62	54	15	-28	218
Volume (In thousand shares)	23,255	562	93,610	-59,994	-166,930	56,801	126,094	19,824	-29,654
In % of Overall Trade	20	12	22	20	19	21	31	17	69
Other Indicators									
Price / Earning Ratio ^{8/ 9/}	15.7	11.5	12.6	13.0	10.9	12.4	23.6	23.4	12.1
Dividend Yield (%) ^{9/10/}	6.5	7.2	7.5	7.5	8.4	8.6	8.7	8.9	9.9
Turnover Ratio (%)	4.9	11.2	4.5	3.7	1.5	2.3	2.5	1.9	2.6

Source: The Egyptian Stock Exchange, the Capital Market Authority and the Central Bank of Egypt.

-- Data unavailable.

1/ It is worth noting that the Egyptian Exchange was closed from 28/1/2011 to 22/3/2011 due to the uprisings in Egypt.

2/ The biggest 30 companies in terms of liquidity and value. Index = 1000 on 1/1/1998.

3/ Calculated as standard deviation of daily returns during the period.

4/ Calculated by multiplying outstanding number of shares by their prevailing market prices.

5/ According to the Ministry of Planning, GDP (at market prices) for 2012/2013 is projected to reach LE 1735 billion compared to a revised figure of LE 1542.3 billion in 2011/2012.

6/ Including Treasury bonds (encompassing primary dealers), housing bonds and development bonds.

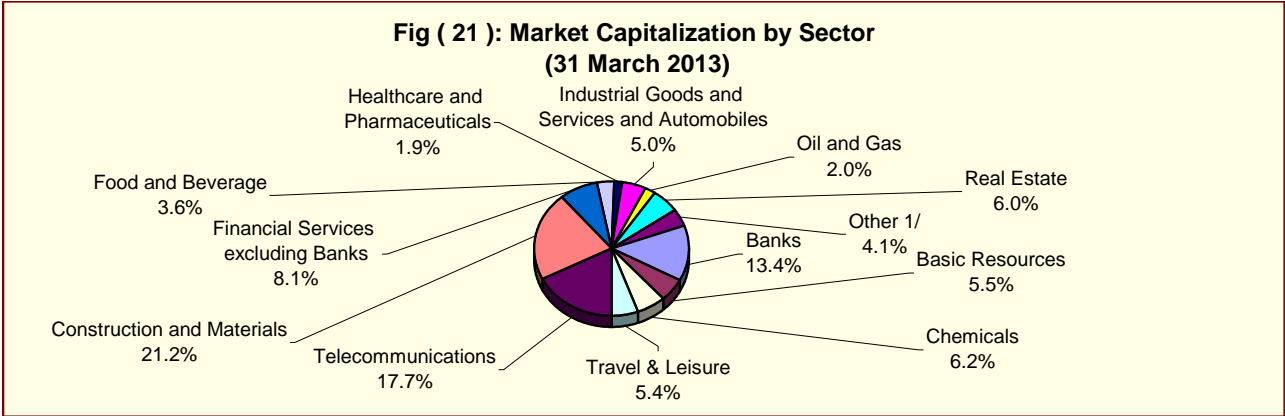
7/ Securitization bonds were listed on the Egyptian Exchange as of September 2006.

8/ Price / earning ratio, also known as the " Multiple" , is calculated by dividing the market price of each stock by its annual earnings.

9/ Calculated for the most active 50 companies.

10/ Annual dividends / current stock price.

11/ The month of study has witnessed the execution of a deal on Egyptian Company for Mobile Services (Mobinil), with a total volume of 93.9 million shares worth LE 19 billion on 27 May 2012.



Source: The Egyptian Stock Exchange Monthly Bulletin.

1/ Includes Electrical Equipment and Engineering, Media, Trade, Information Technology, Agriculture and Fishing, Paper, Pacvaging and Plastics, Mills and Storage, Miscellaneous Services, Retailers and Consumer Household Goods.

**Table (32): Recent Acquisitions in the Egyptian Market
(August 2008 - March 2013)**

Date	Acquirer	Security	Value (LE Million)	Percent Acquired (%)
Mar-13	Qatar National Bank	National Societe Generale Bank (NSGB)	16649.7	97.0
Dec-12	El Rateem for Development and Housing	Ruber Plastics	48.2	61.8
Jul-12	Olympic Group Financial Investments	Delta Industrial Co. - IDEAL	104.6	6.5
May-12	MT Telecom SCRL	Egyptian Company for Mobile Services (Mobinil)	19019.0	93.9
Jan-12	Electrolux Counteracting Akitebolag	Olympic Group Financial Investments	37.7	1.5
Dec-11	Rawasy for Real Estate Investment	Namaa for Development and Real Estate Investment Co.	216.9	32.6
Dec-11	Kafela for Trade and Distribution	B-Tech	21.4	9.2
Dec-11	Orascom for Telecommunication, Media	Mobinil	866.0	20.0
Nov-11	Rawasy for Real Estate Investment	Namaa for Development and Real	445.0	66.9
Nov-11	Kafela for Trade and Distribution	B-Tech	203.8	87.8
Sep-11	Electrolux Counteracting Akitebolag	Olympic Group Financial Investments	2398.4	98.3
Jan-11	Group of Investors	Pyramids Capital Securities Brokerage	2.0	10.0
Jan-11	Group of Investors	Beltone Financial Holding	64.8	89.2
Dec-10	National Development Bank	El Kahera El Watania Investment	33.9	24.8
Aug-10	Egyptian Holding Co. for Natural Gas (EGAS)	Natural Gas & Mining Project (Egypt Gas)	674.2	80.0
Aug-10	Sharm Dreams Holding for Tourism & Hotels	Rowad Misr Tourism Investment	62.9	10.1
Jul-10	Egyptian Company for Tourism &Hotels	Trouism Urbanization	56.6	65.3
Jan-10	Ahli United Bank-Bahrain	Ahli United Bank-Egypt	984.9	44.4
Jan-10	Soliman Group Holding for Financial Investments ^{1/}	Lord Import & Export	82.5	100.0
Jan-10	Soliman Group Holding for Financial Investments ^{1/}	Lord Precision Industries	95.7	96.9
Jan-10	Soliman Group Holding for Financial Investments ^{1/}	Lord International	65.1	100.0
Dec-09	Samcrete For Engineering Investment	Samcrete Misr	4071.0	99.6
Dec-09	Beltone Partners Holding Ltd	Beltone Financial Holding	72.6	99.8
Dec-09	El Gouna Transportation	International Hotels Holdings	1944.4	99.7
Dec-09	Group of Investors	Alkan Holding	12.5	12.7
Nov-09	Lafarge Building Materials Trading Egypt	Lafarge Cement -Egypt	15466.0	53.7
Aug-09	Olympic Group Financial Investments ^{2/}	Cairo Feeding Industries	66.4	98.8
Jun-09	Orascom for Fertilizers Factories Maintenance ^{1/}	Egyptian Fertilizers Company	3468.8	100.0
Apr-09	Global Investment And Management Group Limited	Mansoura for Resins and Chemicals Industries Co.	29.1	69.1
Apr-09	National Development Bank	National Glass & Crystal Co.	182.5	88.3
Mar-09	International Finance Corporation (IFC)	Bank of Alexandria	1106.8	9.8
Mar-09	An Indian Investor	Alexandria Medical Services	96.7	86.4
Dec-08	Red Sea Company for Steel	Misr National Steel-Ataqa	14.8	4.0
Dec-08	Red Sea Company for Steel	Misr National Steel-Ataqa	355.8	96.0
Dec-08	Group of Investors	General Engineering & Motor Company	2.6	42.6
Oct-08	Naeem Holding	Naeem Financial Investments	9.5	38.0
Sep-08	Mac Holding for Industries	Egyptian Sponge	19.2	28.8
Sep-08	Beltone Partners Holding Ltd	Beltone Financial Holding	68.6	99.9
Sep-08	Prime Industrial Holding	National Glass & Crystal Co.	192.1	88.3
Aug-08	Abu Dhabi Financial Services Co.	El Salam Brokerage Co.	21.0	70.0
Aug-08	The Egyptian Company for Textiles Manufacturing	Dice Sport & Casual Wear	88.0	60.0

Source: The Egyptian Stock Exchange Monthly Bulletin.

1/ Value in US Dollars

2/ A swap Deal.

Table (33): Main Privatized and - or Liquidated Companies
(From 1993-1994 until 28 February 2013)

(LE Millions)

Method of Privatization	Number of Companies	Percentage Sold	Sales Proceeds
Total	282		53,644
Majority through Public Offering, of which:	38		6,064
Helwan Portland Cement		52%	1,202
Ameriyah Cement		71%	768
Paints & Chemicals Industries Pachin		62%	692
Industrial & Engineering Projects		90%	299
Minority through Public Offering, of which:	23		11,003
Telecom Egypt		20%	5,122
Sidi Krir Petrochemicals		20%	1,626
Talaat Moustafa Group		4%	932
Eastern Tobacco		34%	549
Liquidation	34		--
Asset Sale	44		3,437
Anchor Investor, of which:	85		32,208
Bank of Alexandria		80%	9,274
Fertilized Egypt		46%	1,971
Suez Cement		33%	1,800
Assiut Cement		100%	1,380
Employee Shareholder Association, of which:	33		932
Wadi Kom Ombo for Land Reclamation		100%	70
Arab Company for Land Reclamation		100%	61
General Company for Land Reclamation		100%	60
Gharbiyah Rice Mills		90%	51
Leasing	25		--

Source: Ministry of Investment and Stock Market Exchange Bulletin.

-- Data unavailable.

Table (33- continued): Privatization Proceeds
(1991/1992- 2009/2010*)

(LE Millions)

	Law 203 Sales ^{1/}		Joint Venture Sales ^{2/}		Other Public Sector Sales		Total	
	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value
1991 - June 1994	11	418	-	-	-	-	11	418
1994/1995	14	867	-	-	-	-	14	867
1995/1996	12	977	-	-	-	-	12	977
1996/1997	29	4595	-	-	-	-	29	4595
1997/1998	23	2487	-	-	-	-	23	2487
1998/1999	33	1824	-	-	-	-	33	1824
1999/2000	39	4694	1	14	1	14	40	4708
2000/2001	11	252	7	118	-	-	18	370
2001/2002	7	73	3	879	-	-	10	952
2002/2003	6	49	1	64	-	-	7	113
2003/2004	9	428	4	115	-	-	13	543
2004/2005	16	824	12	4819	-	-	28	5643
2005/2006	47	1843	17	7647	1	5122	65	14612
2006/2007	45	2774	7	1559	1	9274	53	13607
2007/2008	20	745	16	3238	-	-	36	3983
2008/2009	15	1130	2	83	-	-	17	1213
2009/2010*	-	-	4	50	-	-	4	50

Source: Ministry of Investment.

* Preliminary. It is noteworthy that the classical privatization program was put on hold most of the fiscal year 2008/2009 due to the preparation of the "Citizen Ownership Program", that has been recently postponed in light of the impact of the global financial crisis on the market.

1/ Includes sale of unused land.

2/ All joint venture figures represent value of public sector stake.

Table (34): Performance of Emerging Markets S&P / IFCI Indexes ^{1/}

Rank	Emerging Market ^{2/}	Yield (%)	
		Monthly Change Mar-13	Cumulative Change (YTD) Mar-13
1	Turkey	7.7	8.4
2	Mexico	4.2	5.9
3	Malaysia	2.5	-0.9
4	Thailand	2.4	14.6
5	Indonesia	1.6	14.7
6	Philippines	1.2	18.4
7	Morocco	1.0	-2.8
8	Peru	0.9	-3.4
9	Taiwan	-0.2	0.4
10	India	-0.7	-3.8
11	Brazil	-1.6	-1.0
12	South Africa	-1.8	-8.5
13	Chile	-2.1	5.0
14	Korea	-3.8	-3.3
15	China	-4.2	-3.3
16	Russia	-4.2	-3.7
17	Poland	-4.7	-10.7
18	Czech Republic	-4.8	-14.0
19	Egypt	-6.0	-11.0
20	Hungary	-9.8	-8.6

Source: The Egyptian Stock Exchange Monthly Bulletin.

1/ Based on Standard & Poor (S&P) / International Finance Corporation Index (IFCI). The index measures daily performance of the most active stocks on local stock exchanges, even if stocks are unavailable to foreign investors .

2/ Argentina has been removed from the S&P/ IFCI indices for Emerging Markets effective September 21, 2009, and Venezuela was removed from the S&P/ IFCI indices for Emerging Markets on April 11, 2007.

Table (35) : Distribution of Outstanding Treasury Bills by Holder

(LE Millions)

	Jun-08	Jun-09	Jun-10	Jun-11	Jun-12	Oct-12	Nov-12	Dec-12	Jan-13
Outstanding Balance	146,439	239,080	266,121	356,103	373,398	372,073	385,178	383,742	381,603
Foreign Customers	--	4,945	38,370	24,542	800	1,681	1,467	776	758
Companies dealing in Securities	17	988	800	1,034	1,212	1,395	1,675	1,215	1,204
Holding and Investment companies	71	5,208	5,926	8,966	17,876	15,072	14,970	14,508	14,628
Banks	100,063	194,929	176,520	250,102	257,119	243,189	254,199	261,273	257,149
Public banks	59,429	110,482	91,276	116,892	129,978	122,794	132,213	135,250	135,693
Private banks	38,783	67,570	66,530	110,319	105,451	104,713	106,782	109,678	106,096
Foreign banks- branches	--	9,222	10,748	9,304	16,597	12,730	12,853	13,891	12,279
National Investment Bank	1,851	2,715	2,749	820	100	76	69	67	67
Specialized banks	--	4,940	5,217	12,767	4,978	2,861	2,267	2,381	3,005
Foreign Exchange Bureaus	0	0	0	0	15	15	15	6	9
Insurance Companies	81	1,568	1,803	6,491	12,510	11,472	12,512	12,355	12,442
Public Sector	--	1,095	941	5,028	9,302	9,278	10,403	10,342	10,549
Private Sector ^{1/}	--	473	862	1,463	3,208	2,194	2,109	2,013	1,893
Mutual Funds	12,442	24,731	33,034	44,484	47,193	61,917	62,048	56,918	59,515
Insurance Funds	1,016	1,096	757	8,641	5,660	9,021	10,325	10,368	10,247
Housing & Construction Sector	--	168	197	441	686	548	475	457	461
Trade Sector	0.0	3.0	50.0	76.0	190	186	191	116	150
Manufacturing Sector	60	91	229	268	688	819	794	1,023	1,011
Financial Sector	--	42	531	300	127	145	144	136	115
Transportation, Electricity, Gas, and Health Sector	--	1	21	53	85	119	77	59	59
Household Sector	11	495	1,816	3,302	12,878	9,823	9,824	8,424	7,720
Oil & Mining Sector	--	2,010	1,922	1,898	2,405	3,119	2,487	2,302	2,350
Services Sector	112	94	850	1,871	1,280	1,035	1,256	1,103	444
Others ^{2/}	406	2,711	3,295	3,634	12,689	12,532	12,734	12,709	13,350

FINANCIAL SECTOR
&
INVESTMENTS

Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

-- Data not available.

1/ Includes private and foreign branches companies.

2/ Includes T-Bills worth LE 45 billion issued in favor of the Central Bank. Issuance was according to an agreement between the Central Bank of Egypt and the Ministry of Finance. This LE 45 billion T-bills were retired during first quarter of FY 2006/2007.

Table (36) : Securities Held by Banks ^{1/}

(LE Millions)

	Jun-08	Jun-09	Jun-10	Jun-11	Jun-12	Oct-12	Nov-12	Dec-12	Jan-13
Total Securities	201,858	332,597	405,895	474,176	555,326	580,680	595,807	612,728	606,472
In Local Currency	168,182	297,194	338,834	442,648	494,934	517,000	526,491	539,718	528,701
In Foreign Currency	33,676	35,403	67,061	31,528	60,392	63,680	69,316	73,010	77,771
Government Sector	148,665	276,095	318,876	412,196	498,309	521,095	535,504	550,328	543,135
In Local Currency (of which):	135,129	262,044	303,297	407,814	461,821	481,412	490,515	502,397	491,724
In Foreign Currency	13,536	14,051	15,579	4,382	36,488	39,683	44,989	47,931	51,411
CBE Notes (In Local Currency)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Business Sector	1,414	1,338	1,052	980	714	786	716	704	688
In Local Currency	1,414	1,338	1,052	980	714	786	716	704	688
In Foreign Currency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Private Business Sector	36,523	39,287	39,991	39,239	37,018	39,152	39,602	41,032	40,781
In Local Currency	31,609	33,755	34,394	33,764	32,310	34,713	35,175	36,535	36,207
In Foreign Currency	4,914	5,532	5,597	5,475	4,708	4,439	4,427	4,497	4,574
Foreign Sector	15,256	15,877	45,976	21,761	19,285	19,647	19,985	20,664	21,868
In Local Currency	30	57	91	90	89	89	85	82	82
In Foreign Currency	15,226	15,820	45,885	21,671	19,196	19,558	19,900	20,582	21,786

Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

-- No Issuance during the period.

1/ Excludes securities held by the Central Bank of Egypt.

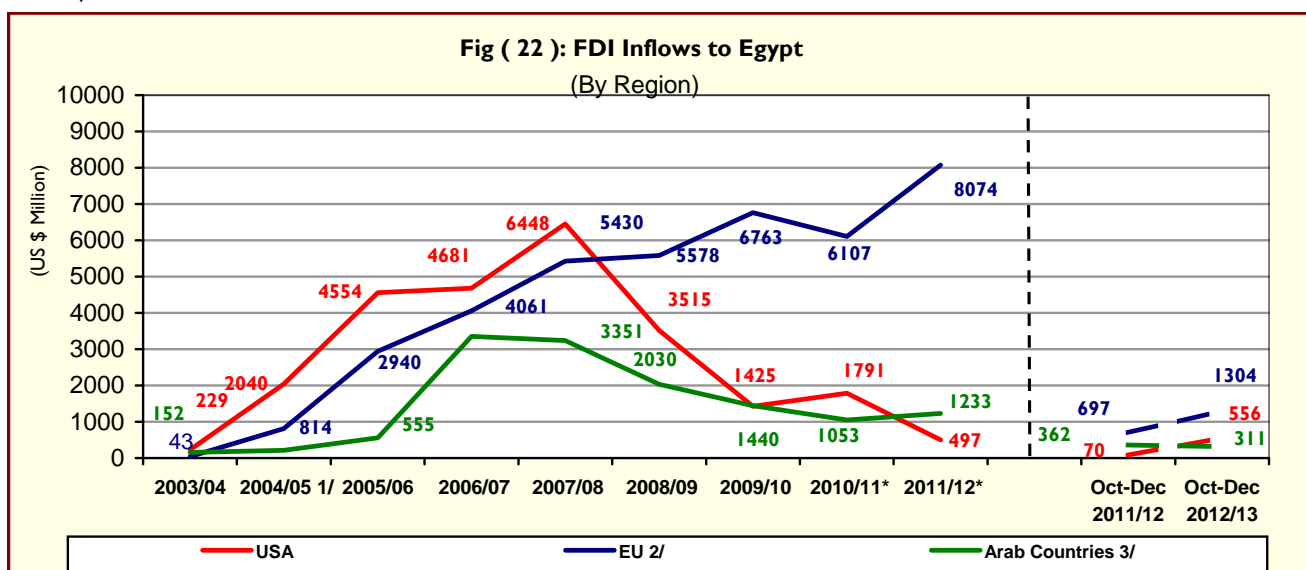
Table (37): Net Foreign Direct Investments By Countries

(US \$ Million)

	Annual Profile					Quarterly Profile			
	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12*	2011/2012 Oct- Dec	2011/2012 Apr- Jun	2012/2013 July-Sep	2012/2013* Oct-Dec
Total Net Foreign Direct Investment	13237	8113	6758	2189	2078	-858	1861	108	193
I. Inflows (Of which)	17802	12836	11008	9574	11768	1294	4643	2255	2464
USA	6447.8	3515	1424.9	1790.5	577.6	70.2	148.7	654.0	555.7
Germany	250.3	102.6	109.7	274.5	202.5	23.9	30.4	41.2	73.2
France	1302.7	254.3	286.2	227.0	315.6	81.2	50.6	97.2	46.6
U.K.	3239.3	3231.8	4926.1	4307.1	5819.7	335.4	2214.6	701.2	880.6
Spain	20.8	27	80.5	46.5	61.0	25.7	16.0	23.3	4.0
Netherlands	55.7	134	128.8	145.6	409.4	23.2	309.8	71.7	46.6
Saudi Arabia	365.4	514.1	323.4	206.3	240.4	109.2	31.4	35.3	55.2
U.A.E	726.2	1037.4	303.5	410.8	559.8	186.0	56.8	55.3	129.3
Kuwait	1597.2	118	188.7	58.6	63.5	15.5	21.8	11.8	7.6
Bahrain	39.6	20.5	64.1	66.2	152.5	8.0	21.8	25.7	38.7
Oman	4.9	11.1	9.8	11.9	13.3	2.5	4.2	0.8	2.1
Switzerland	236	154.6	111.4	158.8	124.8	49.9	26.2	68.1	16.3
Other Countries	3516.3	3715.7	3051.0	1870.6	2496.5	362.8	1710.9	469.7	608.3
II. Outflows	-4566	-4723	-4250	-7386	-9690	-2152	-2783	-2147	-2271

Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

* Preliminary.



Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

* Preliminary.

1/ It is noteworthy that FDI in 2004/05 includes investments worth US\$ 2638 million in the petroleum sector.

2/ Includes Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Cyprus, France, Germany, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Portugal, Romania, Spain, Sweden, The Netherlands and U.K.

3/ Includes Bahrain, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Tunisia, U .A.E. and others.

Section 8

EXTERNAL SECTOR

Table (38) Balance of Payments - Current Account (Annual Profile)-----	65
Table (39) Balance of Payments (cont'd) - Capital Account (Annual Profile)-----	66
Table (40) Balance of Payments - Current Account (Quarterly Profile)-----	67
Table (41) Balance of Payments (cont'd) - Capital Account (Quarterly Profile)-----	68
Table (42) External Sector Indicators-----	69
Table (43) International Trade Data :Trade Balance (United Nations Classification)-----	70
Table (44) International Trade Data : Exports (United Nations Classification)-----	71
Table (45) International Trade Data : Imports (United Nations Classification)-----	72
Table (46) Oil Exports Breakdown-----	73
Table (47) Tourism Indicators-----	73
Table (48) Suez Canal Indicators-----	73
Table (49) Exports by Geographical Distribution -----	73

Table (38): Balance of Payments - Current Account

Annual Profile

(US \$ Million)

	2007/08	2008/09	2009/2010	2010/2011	2011/2012*	Jul- Dec 2011/2012*	Jul- Dec 2012/2013*
Trade Balance I/	-23,415	-25,173	-25,120	-27,103	-31,698	-15,598	-16,789
Export Proceeds	29,356	25,169	23,873	26,993	26,976	13,589	13,447
Petroleum	14,473	11,005	10,259	12,136	13,129	6,739	6,433
Non Oil Exports	14,883	14,164	13,615	14,857	13,847	6,850	7,015
Import Payments	-52,771	-50,342	-48,993	-54,096	-58,674	-29,187	-30,236
Petroleum	-9,561	-7,032	-5,161	-9,262	-11,775	-5,385	-6,703
Non Oil Imports	-43,210	-43,310	-43,832	-44,834	-46,899	-23,802	-23,533
Services (net)	14,966	12,502	10,339	7,878	5,362	3,122	3,940
Receipts	27,211	23,801	23,563	21,873	20,872	10,632	11,759
Transportation	7,560	7,481	7,217	8,069	8,585	4,300	4,582
of which : Suez Canal	5,155	4,721	4,517	5,053	5,208	2,683	2,631
Travel	10,827	10,488	11,591	10,589	9,419	5,061	5,583
Investment Income	3,289	1,937	829	419	246	110	96
Government Services	188	253	218	118	276	61	216
Other Receipts	5,347	3,643	3,708	2,679	2,346	1,100	1,283
Payments	12,245	11,299	13,224	13,995	15,511	7,510	7,819
Transportation	1,620	1,492	1,230	1,385	1,375	598	879
Travel	2,895	2,739	2,328	2,113	2,498	1,318	1,439
Investment Income	1,930	1,783	5,194	6,468	6,949	3,205	2,998
of which : Interest Paid	675	621	554	554	545	269	260
Government Expenditures	1,314	1,182	1,535	1,106	1,152	631	372
Other Payments	4,486	4,102	2,939	2,922	3,538	1,758	2,131
Goods & Services (Net)	-8,449	-12,671	-14,781	-19,225	-26,336	-12,476	-12,849
Transfers (Net)	9,338	8,247	10,463	13,137	18,408	8,422	9,805
Official (net)	961	614	954	753	632	523	629
Private (net)	8,377	7,632	9,509	12,384	17,776	7,899	9,176
Current Account	888	-4,424	-4,318	-6,088	-7,928	-4,054	-3,044

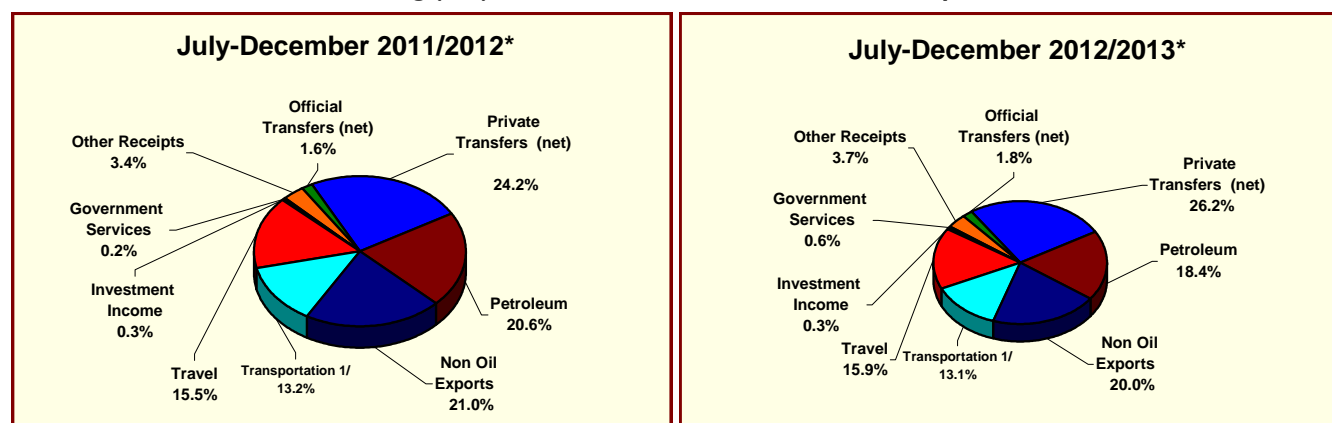
Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

* Preliminary.

I/ Includes exports and imports of Free Zones.

Note: Trade data in this table are derived from the banking sector data; based on cash transactions. They may differ from data compiled by CAPMAS which is based on the flow of commodities as reported by the Customs Authority.

Fig (23): Distribution of Current Account Receipts



Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

* Preliminary.

I/ Includes Suez Canal receipts.

Table (39): Balance of Payments (continued) - Capital Account
Annual Profile

(US \$ Million)

	2007/08	2008/09	2009/2010	2010/2011	2011/2012*	Jul- Dec 2011/2012*	Jul- Dec 2012/2013*
Capital & Financial Account	7,558	2,285	8,980	-4,199	-1,404	-2,412	4,246
Capital Account	2	-3	-36	-32	-96	-32	-55
Financial Account	7,555	2,287	9,016	-4,166	-1,308	-2,379	4,301
Direct Investment Abroad	-1,113	-1,341	-977	-958	-249	-102	-64
Direct Investment in Egypt (net) 1/	13,237	8,113	6,758	2,189	2,078	-418	301
Portfolio Investments Abroad 2/	-960	-411	-522	-118	-149	-156	16
Portfolio Investments In Egypt (net)	-1,374	-9,211	7,879	-2,551	-5,025	-3,309	-260
of which: Bonds 3/	775	-1,013	1,357	211	80	-376	-237
Other Investments (net)	-2,236	5,136	-4,123	-2,728	2,037	1,606	4,308
Net borrowing	1,178	1,252	3,004	1,501	-102	570	1,180
Medium and long-term loans	-658	122	80	-829	-683	-146	215
Drawings	1,009	2,010	1,835	1,148	1,290	831	1,189
Repayments	-1,666	-1,889	-1,755	-1,977	-1,973	-977	-975
Medium Term Suppliers' Credits	-144	-429	12	-63	18	4	197
Drawings	20	60	103	73	104	49	235
Repayments	-164	-489	-92	-136	-86	-45	-39
Short Term Suppliers' Credits (net)	1,979	1,559	2,913	2,393	563	712	769
Other assets	-4,403	3,744	-9,669	-3,427	1,163	1,507	-248
CBE	-48	49	-41	-64	28	23	-12
Banks	-2,486	8,314	-2,073	-1,609	4,366	2,798	742
Other	-1,868	-4,619	-7,555	-1,754	-3,230	-1,314	-978
Other liabilities	989	140	2,542	-802	975	-471	3,376
CBE	0	6	1,187	-44	994	-6	4,000
Banks	989	134	1,355	-758	-18	-465	-624
Net errors & omissions	-3,025	-1,238	-1,306	533	-1,946	-1,540	-1,753
Overall balance	5,420	-3,378	3,356	-9,754	-11,278	-8,005	-552

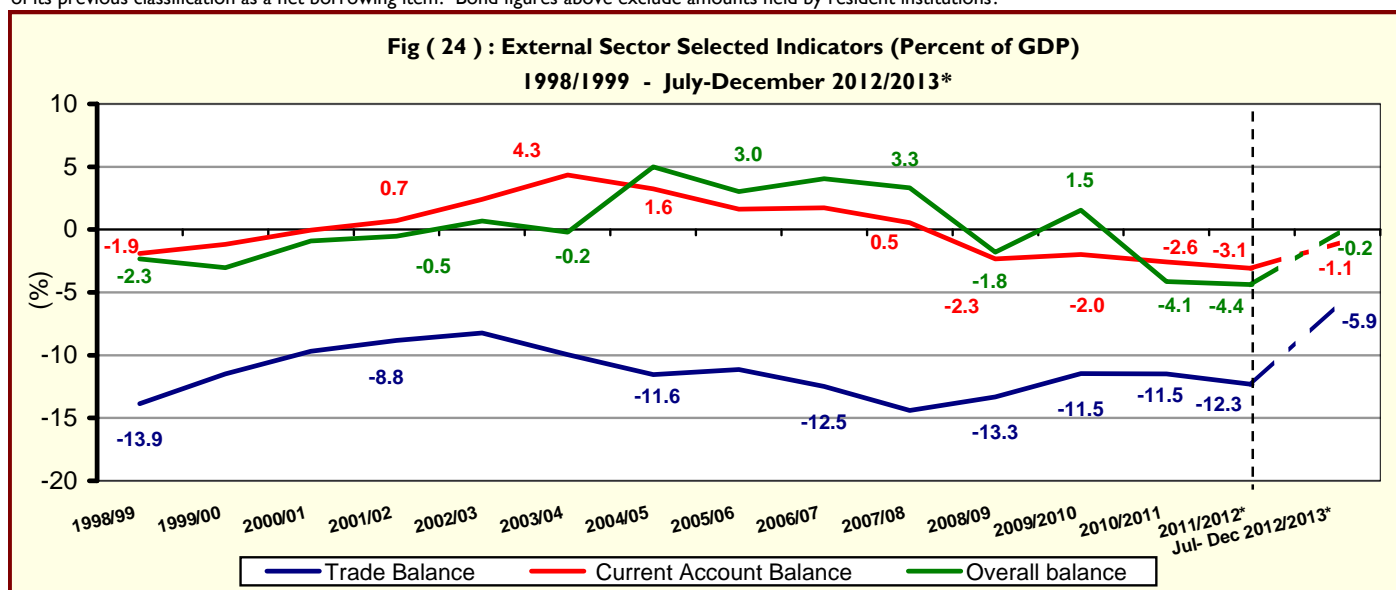
Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

* Preliminary.

1. Data includes FDI in the petroleum sector starting from the first quarter of 2004/05.

2. Fiscal year 2007/08 includes Egyptian pound denominated bonds (inflows), net foreign transactions on Egyptian T-bills (inflows), and net foreign transactions in CDs (outflow).

3. Beginning November 2003, CBE reclassified Eurobond item (issued July 2001, worth US\$1.5 billion) to become a component of net portfolio investment in Egypt instead of its previous classification as a net borrowing item. Bond figures above exclude amounts held by resident institutions.



Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

* Preliminary.

Table (40): Balance of Payments - Current Account

Quarterly Profile

(US \$ Million)

	2010/2011				2011/2012*				2012/2013*	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Trade Balance ^{1/}	-7,134	-7,349	-6,191	-6,429	-7,823	-7,775	-7,929	-8,171	-6,880	-9,910
Export Proceeds	6,102	6,566	6,243	8,081	6,765	6,824	6,480	6,907	6,948	6,499
Petroleum	2,794	2,636	2,832	3,874	3,234	3,506	3,060	3,330	3,373	3,060
Non Oil Exports	3,308	3,930	3,412	4,207	3,531	3,318	3,420	3,578	3,575	3,440
Import Payments	-13,236	-13,915	-12,434	-14,511	-14,588	-14,599	-14,409	-15,078	-13,828	-16,409
Petroleum	-2,096	-1,998	-2,301	-2,867	-2,873	-2,512	-2,877	-3,513	-2,915	-3,788
Non Oil Imports	-11,140	-11,917	-10,134	-11,644	-11,715	-12,086	-11,533	-11,565	-10,913	-12,621
Services (net)	2,623	2,961	1,265	1,030	1,622	1,501	675	1,564	1,697	2,243
Receipts	6,695	6,352	4,212	4,613	5,411	5,221	4,975	5,265	5,647	6,112
Transportation	2,015	2,155	1,848	2,051	2,076	2,224	2,144	2,141	2,237	2,345
of which :Suez Canal	1,254	1,254	1,230	1,316	1,360	1,323	1,246	1,279	1,288	1,343
Travel	3,653	3,290	1,792	1,854	2,702	2,360	2,023	2,335	2,640	2,942
Investment Income	82	129	85	122	56	54	55	81	57	39
Government Services	15	54	20	28	19	42	135	81	81	134
Other Receipts	931	724	466	558	558	541	618	628	632	650
Payments	4,073	3,391	2,948	3,583	3,790	3,720	4,300	3,701	3,950	3,869
Transportation	380	459	224	323	312	286	357	420	435	444
Travel	632	596	392	493	627	691	594	586	724	715
Investment Income	1,904	1,134	1,574	1,856	1,785	1,419	2,114	1,630	1,625	1,374
of which :Interest Paid	184	95	183	91	187	82	177	99	176	85
Government Expenditures	504	292	165	145	321	310	285	236	216	157
Other Payments	652	910	593	767	744	1,014	950	829	951	1,180
Goods & Services (Net)	-4,511	-4,388	-4,927	-5,400	-6,202	-6,274	-7,253	-6,607	-5,182	-7,667
Transfers (Net)	3,205	3,132	2,829	3,971	4,026	4,395	4,915	5,071	4,903	4,902
Official (net)	148	19	54	532	16	507	44	66	40	589
Private (net)	3,057	3,113	2,775	3,439	4,011	3,889	4,871	5,006	4,863	4,313
Current Account	-1,306	-1,255	-2,098	-1,429	-2,175	-1,879	-2,339	-1,536	-279	-2,765

Source: Central Bank of Egypt

* Preliminary.

1/ Includes exports and imports of Free Zones.

Note: Trade data in this table are derived from the banking sector data; based on cash transactions. They may differ from data compiled by CAPMAS which is based on the flow of commodities as reported by the Customs Authority.

Table (41): Balance of Payments (continued) - Capital Account

Quarterly Profile

(US \$ Million)

	2010/2011				2011/2012*				2012/2013*	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Capital & Financial Account	1,192	2,067	-4,497	-2,961	502	-2,914	-1,257	2,265	444	3,802
Capital Account	-7.9	-11.5	-4.8	-8.1	-20.5	-11.8	-46.5	-17.2	-38.6	-16.8
Financial Account	1,200	2,079	-4,492	-2,952	523	-2,902	-1,210	2,282	483	3,819
Direct Investment Abroad	-284	-150	-295	-229	-79	-23	-76	-72	-25	-38
Direct Investment in Egypt (net) 1/	1,597	656	-164	99	440	-858	636	1,861	108	193
Portfolio Investments Abroad	-58	5	-60	-5	-63	-93	-6	13	-1	17
Portfolio Investments In Egypt (net)	5,900	-1,329	-5,540	-1,582	-1,730	-1,579	-1,260	-456	-327	67
of which: Bonds 2/	723	-100	-279	-133	-325	-51	-21	476	-276	39
Other Investments (net)	-5,956	2,897	1,566	-1,236	1,955	-349	-505	937	728	3,580
Net borrowing	-4	923	38	544	287	283	-294	-377	-435	1,615
Medium and long-term loans	-471	150	-534	26	-459	313	-478	-59	-508	723
Drawings	266	443	187	252	313	518	300	159	272	917
Repayments	-737	-294	-721	-226	-772	-205	-779	-217	-780	-195
Medium Term Suppliers' Credits	-11	4	-34	-21	4	0	17	-2	-1	198
Drawings	14	30	21	7	24	25	32	24	9	226
Repayments	-25	-27	-55	-29	-21	-25	-15	-26	-10	-28
Short Term Suppliers' Credits (net)	478	770	606	539	742	-30	168	-316	74	695
Other assets	-6,558	1,762	2,281	-912	1,912	-405	6	-350	1,008	-1,256
CBE	-21.7	0.1	-6	-37	16	8	-3	8	-10	-2
Banks	-6,324	2,513	2,658	-456	2,421	376	251	1,317	723	19
Other	-212	-752	-371	-419	-525	-789	-242	-1,674	295	-1,273
Other liabilities	606	213	-753	-867	-244	-227	-217	1,664	155	3,221
CBE	0	6	-16	-34	-4	-2	2	998	503	3,497
Banks	606	206	-737	-833	-240	-225	-219	666	-348	-276
Net errors & omissions	129	-255	524	135	-683	-857	430	-836	-684	-1,070
Overall balance	15	557	-6,071	-4,255	-2,356	-5,649	-3,165	-108	-519	-33

Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

* Preliminary

1/ Includes FDI in Petroleum Sector since the first quarter in 2004/05.

2/ Beginning November 2003, CBE reclassified Eurobond item (issued July 2001 , worth US\$1.5 billion) to become a component of net portfolio investment in Egypt instead of its previous classification as a net borrowing item. Bond figures above exclude amounts held by resident institutions.

Table (42): External Sector Indicators

	2007/08	2008/09	2009/2010	2010/2011	2011/2012*	Jul- Dec 2011/2012*	Jul- Dec 2012/2013*
(In US \$ Millions)							
Current Account Receipts (including official transfers)	65,904	57,217	57,899	62,002	66,256	32,643	35,011
	(33.0)	-(13.2)	(1.2)	(7.1)	(6.9)	(1.8)	(7.3)
Current Account Receipts (excluding official transfers)	64,944	56,603	56,945	61,250	65,624	32,120	34,382
	(33.3)	-(12.8)	(0.6)	(7.6)	(7.1)	(0.7)	(7.0)
Current Payments	65,016	61,641	62,217	68,090	74,184	36,697	38,055
	(37.6)	-(5.2)	(0.9)	(9.4)	(9.0)	(6.0)	(3.7)
(In percent, unless otherwise indicated)							
Current Receipts/ Current Payments:							
Excluding Official Transfers	99.9	91.8	91.5	90.0	88.5	87.5	90.3
Including Official Transfers	101.4	92.8	93.1	91.1	89.3	89.0	92.0
Commodity Exports / Commodity Imports	55.6	50.0	48.7	49.9	46.0	46.6	44.5
Commodity Exports / Current Receipts (excluding official transfers)	45.2	44.5	41.9	44.1	41.1	42.3	39.1
Non-Oil Exports / Current Receipts (excluding official transfers)	22.9	25.0	23.9	24.3	21.1	21.3	20.4
Commodity Imports / Current Payments	81.2	81.7	78.7	79.4	79.1	79.5	79.5
NIR as Months of Imports	7.9	7.5	8.6	5.9	3.2	3.7	3.0
Services Receipts / Services Payments	222.2	210.7	178.2	156.3	134.6	141.6	150.4
Tourism Receipts / Current Receipts (excluding official transfers)	16.7	18.5	20.4	17.3	14.4	15.8	16.2
Tourism Receipts / Services Receipts	39.8	44.1	49.2	48.4	45.1	47.6	47.5
Debt Service / Current Account Receipts (including official transfers) 1/	3.8	5.2	4.1	4.3	3.9	4.0	3.6
Non-Oil Exports (percent of GDP) 2/	9.1	7.5	6.2	6.3	5.4	2.6	2.5
Services Receipts (percent of GDP) 2/	16.7	12.6	10.8	9.3	8.1	4.1	4.1
of which : Tourism (percent of GDP) 2/	6.7	5.5	5.3	4.5	3.7	2.0	2.0
Current Account Balance (percent of GDP) 2/	0.5	-2.3	-2.0	-2.6	-3.1	-1.6	-1.1
Balance of Payments (percent of GDP) 2/	3.3	-1.8	1.5	-4.1	-4.4	-3.1	-0.2
Gross Foreign Debt / Current account receipts (including official transfers)	51.4	55.1	58.2	56.3	51.9	103.2	110.9
External Interest Payment / Current account receipts (including official transfers)	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Liquidity Ratio (%) 3/	848.5	640.4	694.9	602.2	410.9	586.6	510.5

Source : Central Bank of Egypt and Ministry of Finance calculations.

* Preliminary.

() Percent change over same period in previous year.

1/ Debt Service value based upon Balance of Payment flows.

2/ According to the Ministry of Planning, GDP (at market prices) for 2012/2013 is projected to reach LE 1735 billion compared to a revised figure of LE 1542.3 billion in 2011/2012.

3/ (Official reserves including gold plus banks foreign assets) / (debt service plus liquid external liabilities) .

Table (43): International Trade Data: Trade Balance
(Based on United Nations Broad Economic Category Classification)

(LE Millions)

Code		2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12*	July-March 2011/2012*	July-March 2012/2013*
Overall Balance		-172,477	-187,286	-169,282	-183,937	-202,950	-145,379	-166,420
		(28.1)	(8.6)	-(9.6)	(8.7)	(10.3)		(14.5)
111	Primary Foodstuffs (for Industry)	-17,189	-15,879	-17,777	-23,878	-28,618	-22,535	-25,013
112	Primary Foodstuffs (for consumption)	1,949	228	-1,040	843	-1,299	-1,967	-812
121	Manufactured Foodstuffs (for Industry)	-7,985	-8,416	-7,053	-11,049	-24,745	-19,683	-9,678
122	Manufactured Foodstuffs (for consumption)	-4,232	-3,931	-4,855	-8,891	-11,549	-8,840	-9,646
21	Primary Industrial Inputs	-15,551	-14,114	-15,727	-21,980	-28,363	-21,791	-20,068
22	Primary Manufactured Inputs	-67,600	-62,457	-65,193	-53,921	-63,569	-40,380	-53,778
31	Fuel and oil (crude)	-1,133	-5,548	-3,757	16,511	21,396	15,618	26,911
32	Manufactured Fuels, Oil (Other)	-4,613	-2,060	6,665	4,172	-453	-1,408	-2,940
41	Capital goods, except transport equipment	-22,893	-32,135	-16,352	-37,515	-25,432	-16,568	-27,776
42	Spare parts and accessories for capital goods	-9,000	-11,393	-11,292	-16,262	-15,246	-10,770	-12,717
51	Passenger motor cars	-7,870	-7,543	-7,468	-7,323	-6,900	-5,037	-7,139
52	Motor cars (other)	-6,101	-5,227	-6,235	-7,555	-6,072	-4,393	-5,911
53	Spare parts and accessories for transportation	-7,619	-6,546	-7,206	-12,526	-11,553	-8,501	-11,225
61	Durable consumption goods	-50	-9,666	-4,781	-1,084	718	1,055	-1,718
62	Semi-durable consumption goods	327	2,969	-910	1,031	2,550	1,930	1,255
63	Non-Durable consumption goods	-3,746	-5,748	-6,268	-4,438	-3,726	-2,032	-6,352
7	Other Commodities	828	182	-34	-74	-90	-79	186

Source: Ministry of Finance, Egyptian Customs Authority.

() Percent change over same period in previous year.

* Preliminary.

Table (44): International Trade Data: Exports
(Based on United Nations Broad Economic Category Classification)

(LE Millions)

Code		2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12*	July-March 2011/2012*	July-March 2012/2013*
Total Exports		56,630	60,418	69,648	143,089	159,939	121,542	124,746
		(7.2)	(6.7)	(15.3)	(105.4)	(11.8)		(2.6)
111	Primary Foodstuffs (for Industry)	251	214	275	750	668	516	410
112	Primary Foodstuffs (for consumption)	5,379	2,409	1,730	7,444	7,712	4,896	6,022
121	Manufactured Foodstuffs (for Industry)	230	235	422	1,550	1,680	1,164	1,147
122	Manufactured Foodstuffs (for consumption)	2,911	4,000	2,970	6,419	7,874	5,754	4,975
21	Primary Industrial Inputs	1,602	3,402	1,790	7,013	5,520	4,032	4,824
22	Primary Manufactured Inputs	22,167	26,848	26,314	53,550	61,687	47,952	46,657
31	Fuel and oil (crude)	6,598	279	6,699	20,181	28,601	21,804	30,812
32	Manufactured Fuels, Oil (Other)	7,439	10,211	9,555	20,450	18,668	14,976	13,450
41	Capital goods, except transport equipment	1,387	2,458	13,273	2,650	1,619	1,146	946
42	Spare parts and accessories for capital goods	454	194	453	825	963	690	628
51	Passenger motor cars	26	36	188	250	415	132	310
52	Motor cars (other)	227	1,328	152	1,500	975	750	469
53	Spare parts and accessories for transportation	104	157	533	1,119	1,770	1,278	662
61	Durable consumption goods	2,366	522	269	3,538	4,720	3,762	2,504
62	Semi-durable consumption goods	3,272	5,912	2,517	8,125	8,494	6,210	6,600
63	Non-Durable consumption goods	1,331	2,020	2,497	7,619	8,530	6,444	4,087
7	Other Commodities	885.7	193.0	11	108	42	36	243

EXTERNAL SECTOR

Source: Ministry of Finance, Egyptian Customs Authority
() Percent change over same period in previous year.

* Preliminary.

Table (45): International Trade Data: Imports
(Based on United Nations Broad Economic Category Classification)

(LE Millions)

Code		2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12*	July-March 2011/2012*	July-March 2012/2013*
	Total Imports	229,107	247,704	238,930	327,026	362,889	266,921	291,166
		(22.2)	(8.1)	-(3.5)	(36.9)	(11.0)		(9.1)
111	Primary Foodstuffs (for Industry)	17,440	16,093	18,052	24,628	29,286	23,051	25,424
112	Primary Foodstuffs (for consumption)	3,431	2,181	2,770	6,600	9,010	6,863	6,833
121	Manufactured Foodstuffs (for Industry)	8,215	8,651	7,475	12,599	26,425	20,847	10,825
122	Manufactured Foodstuffs (for consumption)	7,143	7,931	7,825	15,310	19,423	14,594	14,620
21	Primary Industrial Inputs	17,152	17,516	17,517	28,992	33,883	25,823	24,892
22	Primary Manufactured Inputs	89,767	89,304	91,507	107,471	125,256	88,332	100,435
31	Fuel and oil (crude)	7,731	5,828	10,456	3,670	7,205	6,186	3,900
32	Manufactured Fuels, Oil (Other)	12,051	12,271	2,890	16,278	19,121	16,384	16,390
41	Capital goods, except transport equipment	24,280	34,594	29,625	40,165	27,051	17,714	28,722
42	Spare parts and accessories for capital goods	9,454	11,588	11,745	17,087	16,209	11,460	13,346
51	Passenger motor cars	7,896	7,580	7,656	7,573	7,316	5,169	7,449
52	Motor cars (other)	6,328	6,555	6,387	9,055	7,047	5,143	6,380
53	Spare parts and accessories for transportation	7,723	6,703	7,739	13,645	13,323	9,779	11,887
61	Durable consumption goods	2,416	10,188	5,050	4,621	4,001	2,707	4,222
62	Semi-durable consumption goods	2,945	2,943	3,427	7,094	5,944	4,280	5,345
63	Non-Durable consumption goods	5,076	7,768	8,765	12,057	12,256	8,476	10,439
7	Other Commodities	58	11	45	182	133	115	57

Source: Ministry of Finance, Egyptian Customs Authority

() Percent change over same period in previous year.

* Preliminary.

Table (46): Oil Exports Breakdown

(US \$ Millions)

	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12*	July-December 2012/13*
Total Oil Exports	14,473	11,005	10,259	12,136	13,129	6,433
Crude Petroleum	4,911	4,004	4,475	5,662	7,115	3,494
Petroleum Products	9,562	7,000	5,784	6,474	6,014	2,939

Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

* Preliminary.

Table (47): Tourism Indicators

	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12*	July-January 2012/13*
Total Arrivals (in Thousands)	12,294	12,293	13,758	11,931	10,952	7,193
Total Number of Tourist Nights (in Thousands)	127,371	123,383	136,370	124,571	131,768	91,151
Average Number of Nights (per Tourist)	10.4	10.0	9.9	10.4	12.0	12.7
Tourism Income (US \$ Millions)	10,827	10,488	11,591	10,589	9,419	5,583 ^{1/}
Tourism Income over Tourist Nights (Dollar per night)	85	85	85	85	71	--

Source: Ministry of Tourism.

* Preliminary.

-- Data unavailable.

1/ Tourism income reflects the period July - December 2012/2013.

Table (48): Suez Canal Indicators

	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12 *	July-March 2012/13 *
Total Number of Vessels ^{1/}	21,080	19,354	17,504	18,050	17,664	12,581
Net Tonnage (Million Tons)	891	811	787	897	939	685
Receipts (US\$ Millions)	5,155	4,721	4,517	5,053	5,208	2,631 ^{2/}

Source: Central Bank of Egypt and Suez Canal Authority.

* Preliminary.

1/ Includes oil tankers and other vessels.

2/ Reflects the period July -December 2012/2013.

Table (49): Exports by Geographical Distribution

(US \$ Million)

	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12*	July-December 2012/13*
Total Exports	29,356	25,169	23,873	26,993	26,976	13,447
European Union	9,808	8,544	8,480	11,437	10,975	5,012
Other European Countries	1,343	899	1,073	1,705	1,419	959
United States	9,279	6,422	4,409	3,600	3,431	2,348
Arab Countries	3,156	3,852	4,761	4,865	5,324	2,555
Asian Countries (Excluding Arab Counties)	4,364	3,144	3,400	4,026	4,620	2,097
African Countries (Excluding Arab Counties)	786	640	381	543	499	225
Australia	21	14	18	15	22	8
Other Countries and Regions	597	1,654	1,351	802	685	243

Source: Central Bank of Egypt.

* Preliminary.

EXTERNAL SECTOR

Section 9

COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS

Table (50) Comparative Analysis with Peer Country Groups-----77 -78

Table (51) Comparative Performance of the EGYPTIAN Stock Market-----79

Table (50):Comparative Analysis with Peer Country Groups *

	Real GDP (% Change)	Real GDP Per Capita (% change)	Overall Budget Balance (% of GDP)	Annual Inflation Rate (%)	Current Account (% of GDP)	Exports of Goods and Services (% of GDP)	Foreign Debt (% of GDP)	Foreign Debt Service (% of Current Account Receipts) ^{1/}
I- World Bank: (Lower Middle Income Group) ^{2/}								
Egypt ^{3/}								
2008	7.2	5.0	-6.8	11.7	0.5	34.8	20.1	3.9
2009	4.7	2.4	-6.9	16.2	-2.3	25.9	16.9	5.2
2010	5.1	2.8	-8.1	11.7	-2.0	21.7	15.9	4.5
2011	1.8	-0.6	-9.8	11.1	-2.6	20.7	15.2	4.5
2012	2.2	-0.01	-10.8	8.6	-3.1	18.6	13.5	4.4
Group Average								
2007	11.0	9.7	--	9.5	--	36.2	17.0	--
2008	7.5	6.3	--	6.7	--	35.3	--	--
2009	6.6	5.6	--	6.9	--	29.1	--	--
Philippines								
2008	4.2	2.4	-1.5	9.3	2.1	36.9	34.5	9.7
2009	1.1	-0.5	-4.1	3.2	5.6	32.2	32.1	10.3
2010	7.6	5.8	-3.7	3.8	4.5	34.8	--	--
2011	3.9	2.2	--	--	3.1	31.0	--	--
India								
2008	3.9	2.4	-3.3	8.3	-2.5	23.6	19.2	--
2009	8.2	6.7	-7.5	9.5	-1.9	20.1	19.5	--
2010	9.6	8.0	--	--	-3.1	22.8	--	--
2011	6.9	5.4	--	--	--	24.6	--	--
Morocco								
2008	5.6	4.5	0.4	3.9	-5.1	37.5	20.6	--
2009	4.8	3.7	-2.2	0.8	-5.5	28.7	23.20	--
2010	3.7	2.6	-4.2	--	-4.3	33.0	24.80	--
2011	4.5	3.5	--	--	-8.0	34.6	--	--
II- IMF Classification: (Middle East and North Africa) ^{4/}								
Egypt ^{3/}								
2008	7.2	5.0	-6.8	11.7	0.5	34.8	20.1	3.9
2009	4.7	2.4	-6.9	16.2	-2.3	25.9	16.9	5.2
2010	5.1	2.8	-8.1	11.7	-2.0	21.7	15.9	4.5
2011	1.8	-0.6	-9.8	11.1	-2.6	20.7	15.2	4.5
2012	2.2	-0.01	-10.8	8.6	-3.1	18.6	13.5	4.4
Group Average								
2008	4.5	2.2	14.9	12.1	15.3	--	29.5	14.1
2009	2.6	-0.5	--	5.4	2.6	--	34.07	19.54
2010	5.0	--	--	8.9	7.7	--	31.20	17.20
2011	3.3	--	--	10.1	14.2	--	27.90	15.31
2012	5.3	--	--	9.2	12.2	--	27.04	--
Iran								
2008	0.6	5.0	-2.8	17.8	6.5	35.5	6.2	4.3
2009	4.0	--	--	10.4	2.6	--	6.0	--
2010	5.9	--	--	19.9	6.0	--	5.3	--
2011	2.0	--	--	21.8	12.5	--	--	--
2012	-0.9	--	--	22.0	3.4	--	--	--
Jordan								
2008	7.2	2.9	-5.4	9.1	-9.3	68.5	25.8	--
2009	5.5	--	-8.5	2.7	-4.9	--	21.7	--
2010	2.3	--	-5.4	6.1	-7.1	--	21.6	--
2011	2.6	--	--	3.3	-12.0	--	--	--
2012	3.0	--	--	4.4	-14.1	--	--	--

-- Data unavailable.

* Preliminary, subject to revision.

^{1/} Excludes official transfers.^{2/} Peer Countries data derived from World Bank: " Country at A Glance " statistical tables and MENA Economic Developments and Prospects Report.^{3/} Egypt's data derived from domestic sources, and on fiscal year basis . Overall budget balance reflects data on budget sector level .^{4/} Data derived from World Economic Outlook database and various IMF Article IV Consultation staff reports for selected countries .

Table (50):Comparative Analysis with Peer Country Groups (Continued)*

	Real GDP (% Change)	Real GDP Per Capita (% change)	Overall Budget Balance (% of GDP)	Annual Inflation Rate (%)	Current Account (% of GDP)	Exports of Goods and Services (% of GDP)	Foreign Debt (% of GDP)	Foreign Debt Service (% of Current Account Receipts) ^{1/}
III- Standard & Poor's Classification : (BB Rating) ^{2/}								
Egypt (B+) ^{3/ 4/}								
2007	7.1	5.1	-7.3	11.0	1.7	32.6	22.8	5.9
2008	7.2	5.0	-6.8	11.7	0.5	34.8	20.1	3.9
2009	4.7	2.4	-6.9	16.2	-2.3	25.9	16.9	5.2
2010	5.1	2.8	-8.1	11.7	-2.0	21.7	15.9	4.5
2011	1.8	-0.6	-9.8	11.1	-2.6	20.7	15.2	4.5
Group Average (BB)								
2006	5.6	4.3	--	6.2	-0.6	--	--	--
2007	6.2	5.8	--	6.2	-0.6	--	--	--
2008*	--	-0.2	-1.2	--	--	--	--	--
India (BBB-)								
2007	9.4	7.8	-3.4	6.4	-1.0	22.3	18.7	5.1
2008	7.3	5.8	-3.3	8.3	-2.2	21.2	19.2	--
2009 ^{/5}	7.4	7.5	-7.5	9.5	-2.9	--	19.5	--
Tunisia (BBB+)								
2006	5.4	4.3	-2.9	4.5	-2.0	49.4	58.3	26.4
2007	6.3	5.3	-3.0	3.1	-2.5	53.8	54.9	31.1
2008	4.6	3.6	-3.0	5.0	-4.2	62.2	51.8	--
Philippines (BB-)								
2007	7.1	5.0	-1.6	2.8	4.9	--	43.3	18.3
2008	3.8	1.8	--	9.3	2.5	--	--	--
2009 ^{/5}	1.1	-0.5	-4.1	3.2	5.6	32.2	32.1	10.3
2010 ^{/5}	7.6	5.8	-3.7	3.8	4.5	34.8	--	--

-- Data not available.

* Preliminary, subject to revision.

1/ Excludes official transfers.

2/ Data derived from Standard and Poor's Database, unless otherwise indicated .

3/ Egypt's data derived from domestic sources, and on fiscal year basis .

4/ Reflects the Local Currency Long Term Rating for 2011. However, ratings for peer countries refer to latest available data (2008, 2009 and 2010)

5/ Data derived on fiscal year basis from IMF Article IV consultation reports and World Economic Outlook database.

Table (51): Comparative Performance of the Egyptian Stock Market ^{1/}

Market	Sep-11		Jul-12		Sep-12	
	Price-Earnings ratio	Dividend Yield (%)	Price-Earnings ratio	Dividend Yield (%)	Price-Earnings ratio	Dividend Yield (%)
Mideast / Africa						
Egypt ^{2/}	11.24	9.56	10.95	9.83	12.80	8.34
Morocco	17.11	3.55	14.89	3.17	13.28	3.61
South Africa	15.30	3.60	15.11	3.41	14.30	3.17
Latin America ^{3/}						
Brazil	5.79	4.51	11.29	4.45	11.49	3.53
Chile	14.39	3.56	21.13	2.54	20.90	2.42
Mexico	17.40	1.58	23.03	1.38	22.90	1.37
Peru	13.63	3.74	15.85	3.09	17.17	2.35
Asia						
China	3.82	2.82	9.68	2.90	9.88	2.66
India	14.36	1.49	15.61	1.61	16.56	1.33
Indonesia	19.41	2.37	16.43	2.36	16.81	2.31
Korea	7.54	1.50	13.27	1.15	13.70	1.12
Malaysia	14.04	3.56	16.77	3.21	17.41	3.11
Philippines	12.60	2.75	18.74	2.08	19.11	1.81
Taiwan	12.75	4.82	19.49	3.69	19.71	3.55
Thailand	12.18	4.09	15.69	3.11	17.22	2.73
Europe						
Czech Republic	8.88	8.09	12.76	6.79	13.01	5.19
Hungary	9.17	2.74	13.73	3.08	14.42	3.24
Poland	10.72	6.09	8.24	6.71	8.60	6.28
Russia	4.78	2.65	4.25	3.41	4.94	3.59
Turkey	10.22	3.07	11.81	2.42	11.88	2.34

Source: The Egyptian Stock Exchange Monthly Bulletin.

1/ It is worth noting that the Egyptian Exchange was closed from 28/1/2011 to 22/3/2011 due to the uprisings in Egypt.

2/ Egypt's ratios are based on the performance of the 50 most active companies.

3/ Venezuela has been removed from the S&P/ IFCG indices for Emerging Markets on April 11, 2007.