

Section 4

FISCAL SECTOR

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Table (10): Summary of Government Fiscal Operations

(LE Millions)

	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23 ^{10/}
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Budget
	Budget Sector	Budget Sector	Budget Sector	Budget Sector	Budget Sector
Total Revenues	941,910	975,429	1,108,625	1,325,571	1,517,854
Tax Revenues	736,121	739,632	833,993	990,138	1,168,795
Grants	2,609	5,263	2,955	2,889	912
Other Revenues	203,181	230,534	271,678	332,544	348,147
Total Expenditures	1,369,870	1,434,723	1,578,774	1,812,074	2,070,872
W ages and Salaries	266,091	288,773	318,806	358,184	400,000
Purchases of Goods and Services	62,365	69,871	81,462	95,578	125,600
Interest Payments	533,045	568,421	565,497	584,819	690,150
Subsidies, Grants and Social benefits	287,461	229,214	263,886	341,854	355,994
Other Expenditures	77,565	86,803	99,751	113,417	122,700
Purchases of N on-Financial assets	143,342	191,642	249,372	318,223	376,429
Cash Balance ^{3/}	-427,960	-459,294	-470,149	-486,503	-553,018
Net Acquisition of Financial assets	1,991	3,481	2,196	-1,705	5,133
Overall Fiscal Balance	-429,951	-462,775	-472,345	-484,798	-558,150
Memorandum items:					
Overall Balance/ GDP (%) ^{4/}	-7.5	-7.4	-6.8	-6.1	-6.1
Primary Balance/ GDP (%) ^{4/}	1.8	1.7	1.3	1.3	1.5
Revenues/ GDP (%) ^{4/}	16.5	15.5	16.0	16.7	16.7
Expenditure/ GDP (%) ^{4/}	23.9	22.8	22.8	22.8	22.8

FISCAL SECTOR

Source: Ministry of Finance.

1/ Covers Central Administration and Local Governments, and Public Services Authorities.

2/ Includes consolidated operations for the Budget sector, National Investment Bank (NIB), and Social Insurance Funds (SIF). Data prepared on consolidated basis; excluding financial interrelations between the three bodies.

3/ It is noteworthy that an additional appropriation worth LE 2 billion to meet higher than anticipated interest payment in FY 2009/10 is currently in process of being approved.

4/ FY 2006/07 was marked by exceptional expenses worth LE 5.7 billion on settlement of public non-performing loans with Banque Du Caire and LE 1 billion spent on additional investments in water and sewage and LE 4 billion on refurbishment and restructuring of railways. FY 2007/08 includes additional expenses on additional food subsidies.

3/ Overall deficit excluding net acquisition of financial assets.

4/ GDP was revised.

5/ Ministry of finance has published for the first time the general government’s performance data for the fiscal year14/15, and that is after auditing the data with the concerned entities that are included within the general government scope.

6/ The increase in grants is mainly due to Capital Grants received from United Arab Emirates (UAE) to finance investments during FY16/17.

7/ Data reflects budget figures in light of Decree Number 85 for the year 2020.

8/ The increase in grants reflects mainly increased grants from other general government units to finance investments.

9/ The increase in other revenues is mainly due to increased receipts from miscellaneous current, and capital revenues, part of it is related to revenues from previous year, and others are from revenues to finance investments.

10/ Data reflects budget figures in light of Decree Number 85 for the year 2022.

Table (11) Budget Sector : Summary of Main Budget Operations^{1/ 2/}

(LE Millions)

	Budget		Actuals					
	2022/23 ^{3/}		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2021/22
								2022/23
							Jul- Dec	Jul- Dec
Total Revenues	1,517,854		821,134	941,910	975,429	1,108,625	1,325,571	499,639
Tax Revenues	1,168,795		629,302	736,121	739,632	833,993	990,138	386,851
Income Tax	428,789		207,230	250,080	286,907	321,246	385,499	119,882
Property Taxes	114,459		51,410	58,907	59,596	72,404	89,777	50,637
Value added Taxes	540,983		294,257	350,576	329,979	384,913	453,944	195,763
Taxes on International Trade	46,014		37,908	42,020	32,572	36,130	43,297	20,569
Other Taxes	38,550		38,497	34,538	30,579	19,300	17,621	--
Non-Tax Revenue	349,059		191,833	205,790	235,796	274,633	335,433	112,788
Grants	911.9		3,194	2,609	5,263	2,955	2,889	58.0
From Foreign Governments	432.8		1,006	1,100	1,007	819	180	20.8
From International Organizations	449.8		908	747	798	824	1,688	28.9
Other	29.3		1,280	761	3,457	1,313	1,021	8.3
Other Revenues	348,147		188,639	203,181	230,534	271,678	332,544	112,730
Property Income	105,674		69,116	70,354	65,519	79,669	91,434	38,871
Proceeds from Sales of Goods and Services	78,968		51,433	53,565	58,809	57,730	75,291	33,465
Fines, Penalties and Forfeits	2,021		1,012	1,527	2,081	1,701	1,868	676
Voluntary Transfers	1,469		2,143	2,316	2,262	5,958	1,312	456
Miscellaneous Revenues	160,015		64,935	75,419	101,863	126,619	162,640	39,262
Total Expenditures	2,070,872		1,244,408	1,369,870	1,434,723	1,578,774	1,812,074	785,783
Compensation of Employees	400,000		240,054	266,091	288,773	318,806	358,184	176,735
Purchases of Goods and Services	125,600		53,088	62,365	69,871	81,462	95,578	39,951
Interest Payments	690,150		437,448	533,045	568,421	565,497	584,819	288,361
Subsidies, Grants and Social benefits	355,994		329,379	287,461	229,214	263,886	341,854	135,607
Other Expenditures	122,700		74,758	77,565	86,803	99,751	113,417	52,164
Purchases of Non-Financial assets	376,429		109,680	143,342	191,642	249,372	318,223	92,965
Total Cash Balance ^{5/}	-553,018		-423,274	-427,960	-459,294	-470,149	-486,503	-286,144
Net Acquisition of Financial assets	5,133		9,306	1,991	3,481	2,196	-1,705	-1,015
Overall Fiscal Balance	-558,150		-432,580	-429,951	-462,775	-472,345	-484,798	-285,130
Memorandum items:								
Overall Balance GDP (%) ^{6/}	6.1		-9.1	-7.5	-7.4	-6.8	-6.1	-3.6
Primary Balance / GDP (%) ^{6/}	1.5		0.1	1.8	1.7	1.3	1.3	0.04
Revenues/ GDP (%) ^{6/}	16.7		17.2	16.5	15.5	16.0	16.7	6.3
Expenditure/ GDP (%) ^{6/}	22.8		26.1	23.9	22.8	22.8	22.8	9.9

Source: Ministry of Finance.

1/ Includes Central Administration and Local Governments, and Public Services Authorities.

2/ Based on IMF GFS 2001 (modified to cash basis).

3/ Data reflects budget figures in light of Decree Number 85 for the year 2022.

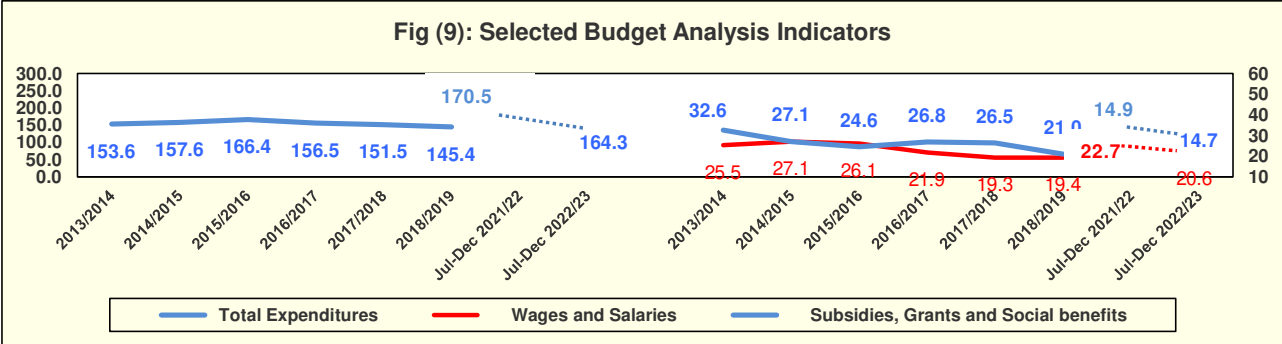
4/ The decrease in non-tax revenues, came on the back of the decline in the exceptional resources from grants during the year of comparison to reach LE 25.4 billion during FY14/15, compared to LE 95.9 billion during FY13/14.

5/ Overall deficit excluding net acquisition of financial assets.

6/ GDP was revised.

7/ The increase in grants is mainly due to Capital Grants received from United Arab Emirates (UAE) to finance investments during FY16/17.

8/ Data reflects budget figures in light of Decree Number 74 for the year 2021.



Source: Ministry of Finance.

* Preliminary, figures were revised.

1/ Includes Interest and Principal Payments (excluding arrears).

**Table (12-a) : Revenues Breakdown
(Main Tax Revenues)**

(LE Millions)

	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23 ^{1/}	2021/22 Jul- Dec	2022/23 Jul- Dec
	Actuals					Budget		
Total Revenues	821,134	941,910	975,429	1,108,625	1,325,571	1,517,854	499,639	572,553
Tax Revenues	629,302	736,121	739,632	833,993	990,138	1,168,795	386,851	461,764
Taxes on Income, Capital Gains and Profits, of which	207,230	250,080	286,907	321,246	385,499	428,789	119,882	144,163
Taxes on income from employment	45,660	59,181	65,508	78,073	91,925	110,890	35,232	42,044
Taxes on income from activity other than employment	18,469	27,201	31,470	44,440	58,048	68,771	16,876	20,068
Capital Gains Tax	450	924	1,054	1,198	1,945	2,310	287	308
Taxes on Corporate Profits, of which	142,652	162,775	188,875	197,535	233,581	246,819	67,487	81,743
From EGPC	51,976	42,532	26,337	39,817	29,658	41,063	--	--
From CBE	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
From Suez Canal	29,900	34,480	42,913	32,450	38,952	39,640	14,400	23,975
From other companies	60,776	85,763	119,625	125,268	164,971	166,116	49,087	57,768
Taxes on Property	51,410	58,907	59,596	72,404	89,777	114,459	50,637	65,917
Recurrent Tax on Immovable Property of which	2,976	4,871	3,393	5,159	4,356	7,668	2694	2,512
Lands	149	73	93	140	30	143	12	16
Buildings	2,827	4,784	3,299	5,019	4,326	7,525	2682	2496
Taxes on Financial and Capital transactions, of which	44,957	48,335	50,415	58,931	76,781	95,912	44,045	59,492
Tax on T-bills and bonds' payable interest	43722	46928	48972	57161	75081	93,400	43,302	58,661
Taxes and Fees on Cars	3,477	5,702	5,789	8,314	8,640	10,879	3,898	3,913
Value added Taxes, of which	294,257	350,576	329,979	384,913	453,944	540,983	195,763	228,019
General Sales Tax on Goods	127,038	155,351	148,266	180,393	197,060	258,238	92,423	109,795
Domestic	43,100	50,351	53,017	67,544	74,408	97,369	33,101	43,509
Imported	83,939	105,000	95,249	112,849	122,652	160,869	59,322	66,285
General Sales Tax on Services	29,238	42,328	45,464	53,310	57,716	77,437	25,106	28,796
Excises on Domestic Commodities (Table 1)	103,623	110,910	100,274	106,007	142,680	141,611	55,692	61,211
Excises on Imports (Table 1)	1,611	381	9	--	--	306	--	--
Taxes on Specific Services	2,314	2,598	1,948	1,602	2,607	2,465	794	1,366
Stamp tax (excludes stamp tax on salaries)	13,459	17,634	15,019	19,647	24,558	26,526	9,081	10,701
Taxes on International Trade	37,908	42,020	32,572	36,130	43,297	46,014	20,569	23,596
Tax on Valued Customs	36,246	40,344	31,106	35,039	42,362	44,872	20,127	22,898
Other Taxes	38,497	34,538	30,579	19,300	17,621	38,550	--	--

Source: Ministry of Finance

* Preliminary-Actual.

* Data reflects budget figures in light of Presidential Decree Number 8 for the year 2016.

-- Data are preliminary & under preparation until being finalized.

1/ Data reflects budget figures in light of Decree Number 85 for the year 2022.

2/ The decline in Taxes on Corporate Profits from CBE is mainly due to the accommodative monetary policy adopted by the CBE to curb inflation since FY16/17, where the increase in interest rates has imposed burdens on CBE profits, as it is expected that no tax receipts would be collected from CBE till end of FY19/20.

3/ The noticeable increase in Tax on T-bills and bonds' payable interest is mainly due to the adoption of new law number 3 for the year 2021, which included the removal of tax exemptions implied to T-bills and bonds' payable interest in March 2021.



Source: Ministry of Finance

Table (12-b) : Revenues Breakdown
(Non-Tax Revenues)

(LE Millions)									
	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23 ^{19/}	2021/22	2022/23
	Actuals							Jul- Dec	Jul- Dec
	Budget								
Total Non-Tax revenues	197,177	191,833	205,790	235,796	274,633	335,433	349,059	112,788	110,789
Grants	17,683 ^{13/}	3,194	2,609	5,263	2,955	2,889	912	58.0	2,131
From Foreign Governments	17,040	1,006	1,100	1,007	819	180	433	20.8	34.1
From International Organizations	354	908	747	798	824	1,688	450	28.9	86.6
Other ^{2/}	289	1,280	761	3,457 ^{17/}	1,313	1,021	29	8.3	2,010 ^{/20}
Other Revenues	179,494	188,639	203,181	230,534	271,678	332,544	348,147	112,730	108,659
Property Income	91,141	69,116	70,354	65,519	79,669	91,434	105,674	38,871	32,934
Interest Income, of which	4,263	3,342	5,981	9,808	7,817	8,110	9,677	3,549	4,364
On lent Loans (included interests on foreign loans re-lent by the treasury)	4,202	3,186	5,341	8,636	4,886	6,591	5,669	2,675	4,238
Dividends, of which	71,122	52,530	48,258 ^{7/}	41,632	54,954	63,967	81,256	32,306	27,711
EGPC	5,944	8,144	1,278	2,093	3,596	11,606	12,295	--	--
CBE	19,427	5,233	--	--	--	--	--	---	--
Suez Canal	29,381	23,718	30,308	18,354	28,082	27,734	40,690	14,616	17,326
Economic Authorities	10,989	8,297	10,817	12,045	11,861	11,095	11,642	4,299	6,053
Public Enterprise Sector Companies	2,722	4,443	3,000	3,973	4,841	6,198	6,036	142	253
Rent, of which	8,570	13,120	15,839	12,943	15,982	19,357	14,740	3,017	859
Royalties on Petroleum	7,372 ^{12/}	11,610	14,148	11,178	14,680	17,806	12,620	--	--
Other Property Income	7,187	125	276	1,136	917	--	--	--	--
Sales of Goods and Services	38,058	51,433	53,565	58,809	57,730	75,291	78,968	33,465	42,427
Service fees, of which	38,031	51,397	53,514	58,767	57,656	75,224	78,897	33,438	42,387
Current revenue from special accounts and funds ^{3/4/}	30,591	40,412	41,307	50,101	46,738	59,447	59,700	27,040	34,903
Sales of Goods, of which	28	35	51	42	74	67	70	26.3	39.4
Revenue from natural gas price reform	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--	--
Fines, Penalties and Forfeits	1,968	1,012	1,527	2,081	1,701	1,868	2,021	676	907
Voluntary Transfers other than grants	2,956	2,143	2,316	2,262	5,958	1,312	1,469	456	361
Current	2,090	1,398	1,322	1,257	4,103	965	664	418	329
Capital	866	745	994	1,005	1,855	347	805	39	32
Miscellaneous Revenues	45,371	64,935	75,419	101,863	126,619	162,640	160,015	39,262	32,030
Current	18,080	27,720	33,857	53,599 ^{/15}	43,422	42,157	39,081	27,875	17,452 ^{/16}
Capital, of which	27,291	37,215	41,562	48,264 ^{/16}	83,198	120,483	120,934	11,388	14,578
Decrease in Advanced payments ^{5/}	8,487 ^{6/}	8,939 ^{6/}	8,417	14,137 ^{/18}	4,885	10,006	0	266	214
Other capital revenue to finance investments	17,929	26,136	32,339	33,598	32,197	23,442	74,745	10,234	14,046

Source: Ministry of Finance

Data are preliminary & under preparation until being finalized.

1/ Data reflects budget figures in light of Decree Number 85 for the year 2020.

2/ Includes grants from Public Entities .

3/ Revenues from special accounts and funds belonging to budget sector entities like public universities, medical centers and research institutes. Such revenues are met by equivalent amounts on the expenditures side.

4/ Includes additional 10 percent of the monthly receipts of the Special Accounts and Funds, in addition to 25 percent of the outstanding balances of those funds were transferred to the Ministry of Finance applied only during 2013/2014 according to law Number 19 for the year 2013.

5/ Reflects allocations to finance investment projects in previous year, which were not used during that year. Such allocations are thus carried forward to the current fiscal year and recorded as self-financing sources of investment under miscellaneous revenues.

6/ The increase in "Other capital revenue to finance investments" represents expected increases in self finances for the social housing program. This increase has similarly corresponding increases on the expenditure side.

7/ The decline in dividnes from EGPC is mainly in light of the decline in international petroleum prices.

8/ The decline in dividends receipts from Suez canal is partially due to the slowdown in international trade, and China slowed economic growth. In addition, the decline in international oil prices have affected the number of vessels passing through Suez Canal.

9/ The increase in receipts from Miscellaneous revenues is mainly due to the acquirance of 25 percent of the delayed profits with a total amount of LE 1.5 billion, and the increase in resettlements revenues from Lands by LE 4 billion, in addition to the repayment of other tax dues by LE 3.5 billion during the year of study.

10/ The decline in Dividends collected from EGPC is due to the increase in cost budens on EGPC due to the effect of deppreciated Egyptian Pound Exchange rate against US Dollars.

11/ The decline in Dividends collected from CBE is mainly due to the accomodative monetary policy adopted by the CBE to curb inflation since FY16/17, where the increase in interest rates has imposed burdens on CBE profits.

12/ The increase in Other Property Income is due to the additional LE 6.6 billion from the sale of 4G liscence.

13/ The increase in grants is mainly due to Capital Grants received from United Arab Emirates (UAE) to finance investments during FY16/17.

14/ Reflects the indirect cost effect of economic reform program, as it is expected that no dividends would be collected from CBE till end of FY19/20.

15/ The increase in current miscellaneous revenues represents mainly increased receipts related to previous year revenues, and other current revenues.

16/ The increase in capital revenues represent increased receipts from other capital revenues to finance investments.

17/ The increase in grants reflects mainly increased grants from other general government units to finance investments.

18/ Reflects increase in allocations to finance investment projects in previous year, which were not used during that year, recorded as self-financing under miscellaneous revenues.

19/ Data reflects budget figures in light of Decree Number 85 for the year 2022.

20/ The rise in grants is mainly due to increased grants from other general government units related to preparations for COP27.

FISCAL SECTOR

Table (13): Receipts by Customs Authority ^{1/}
(Based on U.N. Broad Economic Category Classification)

(LE Million)

Code	Imports					Customs Revenue 2/				
	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20*	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20*
Total	541,763	852,543	1,137,581	1,261,853	1,005,355	18,636	21,241	24,752	27,095	25,208
	(5.0)	(57.4)	(33.4)	(10.9)	-(20.3)	-(14.1)	(14.0)	(16.5)	(9.5)	-(7.0)
111 Primary Foodstuffs (for Industry)	30,192	51,378	77,005	88,161	83,142	39	57	94	85	85
112 Primary Foodstuffs (for consumption)	14,445	18,678	21,206	29,861	24,572	380	258	253	318	461
121 Manufactured Foodstuffs (for Industry)	18,400	35,706	42,446	31,792	32,347	104	56	72	94	163
122 Manufactured Foodstuffs (for consumption)	32,511	45,913	64,572	72,765	62,112	708	814	571	472	827
21 Primary Industrial Inputs	29,696	58,743	87,616	94,534	79,905	280	347	361	435	285
22 Primary Manufactured Inputs	195,393	313,646	442,062	471,106	345,297	4,130	6,080	7,357	7,502	7,583
31 Fuel and oil (crude)	464	2,357	6,968	4,494	2,196	0.4	0.4	0.4	1.0	0.5
322 Manufactured Fuels, Oil (Other) ^{4/}	14,364	23,185	33,373	27,895	16,221	28	41	75	81	58
41 equipment	60,832	99,029.790	122,599	147,023	129,723	1,299	2,085	2,189	2,695	2,684
42 goods	28,548	52,924.890	66,252	88,038	49,594	674	1,197	1,311	1,676	1,333
51 Passenger motor cars	25,602	29,872.440	37,477	47,012	42,781	4,501	3,734	4,466	4,933	2,508
52 Motor cars (other)	16,935	21,049	13,335	18,450	19,619	857	511	752	942	1,477
53 Spare parts and accessories for	23,275	33,422	37,406	41,921	35,777	1,212	1,603	1,964	2,199	1,906
61 Durable consumption goods	7,869	10,178	13,477	15,606	13,016	970	1,392	1,542	1,691	1,555
62 Semi-durable consumption goods	16,227	16,174	25,220	28,896	19,299	2,264	2,224	2,865	2,873	2,950
63 Non-Durable consumption goods	26,253	39,771	45,683	53,648	48,600	1,094	799	837	1,054	1,222
7 Other Commodities	757	516	884	650	1,154	96	43	43	44	110
Memorandum Items										
Total Imports (US\$ Millions)	66,574	57,879	64,320	71,881	62,720					
Customs / GDP ^{2/}						0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4
Customs / Total Revenues and grants						3.8	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.2
Customs / Total Taxes ^{3/}						5.3	4.6	3.9	3.7	2.9

Sources: Ministry of Trade and Industry.

* Preliminary- Actual.

() Percent change over same period in previous year.

1/ Aggregate receipts in this table may differ from those presented in the Budget due to different distribution of Customs Authority proceeds among various budget lines, such as taxes on international trade, taxes on goods and services, and other taxes.

2/ Includes sovereign as well as current revenues.

3/ Total taxes as collected by tax authorities (Income, Sales ,Customs and Property taxes).

4/ The Item coded 32 is added to the presented figure.

Table (14): Expenditures Breakdown ^{2/}

(LE Millions)

	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23 ^{4/}	2021/22	2022/23
	Actuals							Budget	
								Jul- Dec	Jul- Dec
Total Expenditures	1,031,941	1,244,408	1,369,870	1,434,723	1,578,774	1,812,074	2,070,872	785,783	940,808
Compensation of Employees, of which	225,513	240,054	266,091	288,773	318,806	358,184	400,000	176,735	193,974
Salaries and wages in cash and in-kind	181,245	195,360	217,592	236,561	261,244	293,833	313,091	143,446	157,638
Permanent staff	56,929	65,661	77,904	82,205	85,794	92,864	93,736	46,102	49,006
Temporary staff	4332	4872	5432	6165	6727	8049	8198	3,701	4,889
Rewards	75622	80284	85435	99842	117845	139552	153622	67,823	74,483
Specific Allowances	27174	27283	29780	28480	31123	32974	34551	15,098	16,024
Cash Benefit/Allowance	12816	11454	12106	12094	12183	12308	13316	6,326	8,446
In-kind Benefit/Allowance	4373	5805	6936	7775	7572	8087	9668	4,396	4,790
Insurance Benefits	23,184	26,742	30,520	32,981	35,530	40,333	43,618	20,183	22,261
Government share in government insurance fund	19,719	21,613	24,587	26,126	27,496	31,010	33,400	15,507	17,046
Other Insurance benefits	3,465	5,129	5,934	6,855	8,035	9,324	10,219	4,676	5,215
Purchases of Goods and Services, of which	42,450	53,088	62,365	69,871	81,462	95,578	125,600	39,951	52,442
Goods, of which	21,678	28,396	34,050	38,594	45,490	57,727	67,605	23,716	27,655
Raw materials	12,623	15,875	19,857	22,134	25,113	33,410	40,712	15,865	16,083
Operating Fuels, oil, and moving parts	1,512	2,593	2,461	3,279	4,419	6,998	6,009	2,470	3,678
Water and Lighting	4,502	5,215	6,164	7,616	10,250	12,133	13,544	3,215	5,029
Services, of which	16,719	22,624	26,893	30,519	34,546	36,957	48,268	15,858	24,306
Maintenance	5,785	7,426	8,045	9,807	10,629	10,243	15,111	4,357	5,861
Copy expenditures, periodicals, and writing rights	1,578	2,976	3,097	3,592	3,525	4,070	4,297	2,333	4,793
Public transportation	3,026	3,183	3,701	4,143	4,191	4,452	4,898	2,041	2,079
Various Services ^{3/}	4,396	7,081	9,524	10,398	12,503	14,319	18,080	5,947	7,291
Other	4,054	2,069	1,422	758	1,426	3,873	9,727	377	481

Sources: Ministry of Finance, Egyptian Tax Authority

1/ Data reflects budget figures in light of Decree Number 85 for the year 2020.

2/ Based on IMF GFS 2001 (modified to cash basis).

3/ Accounts for other various types of expenditures on services, of which judicial judgement execution expenses is most significant.

4/ Data reflects budget figures in light of Decree Number 85 for the year 2022.

Table (14): Expenditures Breakdown (Continued)

	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23 ^{10/}	(LE Millions)	
	Actuals						Budget	Jul- Dec	Jul- Dec
Interest, of which	316,602	437,448	533,045	568,421	565,497	584,819	690,149	288,361	392,847
Foreign	9,599	22,199	35,209	42,749	47,585	56,449	64,458	23,976	41,900
Domestic (to Non-Government Individuals)	275,988	391,671	455,190	490,775	516,222	528,370	621,588	263,840	349,927
Domestic (to Government units)	30,805	23,579	42,645	34,897	1,691	--	4,104	545	1,020
Other	210	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Subsidies, Grants and Social Benefits, of which	276,719	329,379	287,461	229,214	263,886	341,854	355,994	135,607	138,223
Subsidies	202,559	243,587	203,657	132,677	121,531	181,296	148,756	41,931	40,716
To Non-financial public corporations, of which	201,491	242,462	202,178	130,051	118,166	174,457	143,010	40,606	38,610
GASC	47,535	80,500	87,000	80,427	83,018	96,805	90,000	26,887	31,598
EGPC	115,000 ^{8/}	120,803 ^{8/}	84,732	18,677	18,913	59,601	28,095	--	--
To Financial public corporations	1,068	1,125	1,479	2,626	3,365	6,838	5,746	1,324	2,107
Grants	8,919	6,723	6,738	10,266	11,391	9,004	11,422	4,071	6,183
To foreign governments	279	280	199	215	138	245	274	108	113
To international organizations	0.2	28.2	4.6	4.3	44.2	7.4	0	0.2	0.2
To general government units	8,640	6,415	6,534	10,047	11,209	8,751	11,148	3,962	6,070
Social Benefits, of which	64,194	77,997	76,002	85,189	129,889	150,473	159,775	89,025	90,744
Social security benefits	13,092	17,622	17,887	18,860	19,198	19,221	22,218	9,531	10,699
Social assistance benefits ^{2/}	45,236	52,553	48,578	55,121	99,274	120,295	127,009	73,953	73,683
Voluntary Transfers ^{7/}	5,687	7,602	9,334	11,002	11,146	10,692	10,262	5,391	6,236
Social benefits for employees	180	220	203	206	272	265	286	149	126
Other Expenditures, of which	61,517	74,758	77,565	86,803	99,751	113,417	122,700	52,164	58,867
Current Miscellaneous Expenditures	8,484	15,699	12,411	15,934	15,724	18,870	20,375	6,721	5,804
Taxes and fees	136	725	884	3,631	4,098	1,241	4,191	267	674
Contributions	692	802	1,527	1,190	1,043	750	1,211	22	7
Other	7,657	14,173	10,000	11,112	10,584	16,880	14,973	6,432	5,124
Contingency Reserves ^{3/}	53,033	59,059	65,155	70,869	84,027	94,547	102,325	45,443	53,063
Purchases of Non-Financial Assets (Investments), of which	109,141	109,680	143,342	191,642	249,372	318,223	376,429	92,965	104,455
Fixed Assets	88,327	90,082	115,373	157,823	195,057	217,170	340,099	84,051	93,213
Direct investment (including customs fees) ^{4/}	87,912	89,791	114,976	157,534	194,745	216,847	339,315	83,888	93,035
Postponed (operational) expenses	415	291	398	289	312	323	783	163	178
Non-Productive Assets	1,152	1,847	1,327	3,096	6,504	8,811	2,696	3,693	5,435
Other non-financial assets	19,662	17,751	26,642	30,723	47,811	92,241	23,634	5,221	5,806

Source: Ministry of Finance.

-- Data are preliminary & under preparation until being finalized.

1/ Data reflects budget figures in light of Decree Number 85 for the year 2020.

2/ Reflects Treasury contributions towards Pension Funds.

3/ Includes expenditures on defense.

4/ The increase in "Direct investment (including customs fees)" represents expected increases in self finances for the social housing program. This increase has similarly corresponding increases on the revenues side.

5/ The decline in subsidies from EGPC is mainly in light of the decline in international petroleum prices.

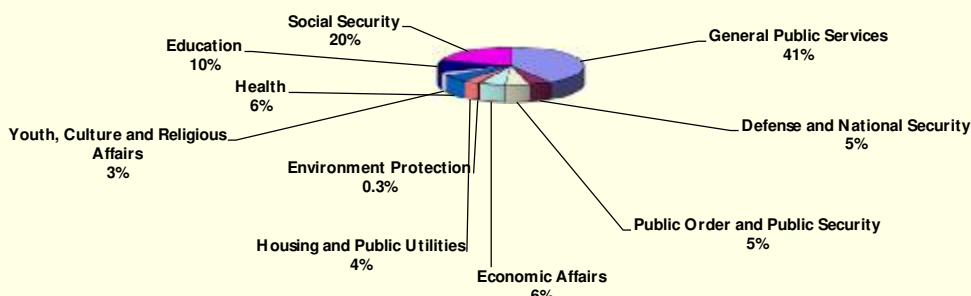
6/ The increase in spending on Direct investment (including customs fees) is mainly due to the increase in infrastructure spending , more specifically spending on roads, transportation, buildings, hospitals and schools. To that extent, total spending on construction amounted to LE 29.2 billion during FY15/16, increasing by 44 percent compared to the previous year, and spending on Non-residential buildings amounted to LE 10 billion, increasing by 17.7 percent compared to the previous year.

7/ The increase in Service expenditures for non employees reflects the increase in spending on health treatments financed by state budget.

8/ The notable increase in subsidies to EGPC is mainly due to the Exchange rate depreciation effects which has increased EGPC cost burdens substituted through increasing the allocated subsidies to EGPC.

9/ It is noteworthy that "of which" refers that not all subcomponents are presented in the table, thereby the grand total might not add up. For instance, contingency reserves are not presented in this chapter.

10/ Data reflects budget figures in light of Decree Number 85 for the year 2022.

Fig (13) : Functional Classification of Public Expenditures
(5 Years Average : 2015/16 - 2020/21)

Source: Ministry of Finance.